Candidate Name	Centre Number	Candidate Number

WELSH JOINT EDUCATION COMMITTEE General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced



CYD-BWYLLGOR ADDYSG CYMRU Tystysgrif Addysg Gyffredinol Uwch Gyfrannol/Uwch

531/01

PHYSICAL EDUCATION - PE1

P.M. MONDAY, 22 January 2007

 $(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hours})$

Examiner's Use Only.

Question	Maximum Mark	Mark
1	10	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
Total	50	

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

Diagrams, charts and graphs can be used to support answers when they are appropriate.

Mark allocations are shown in brackets.

Candidates will be assessed on their quality of written communication.

No certificate will be awarded to a candidate detected in any unfair practice during the examination.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

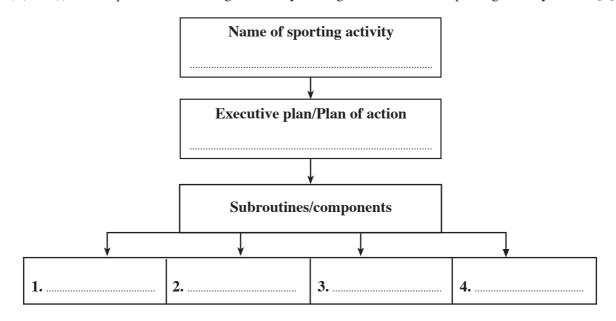
	Speci	fic Sp	orting Action	Ability	Skill	
1.	(a)	(i)		y and one skill that you would ne nple tennis serve rather than Tenni	, <u>,</u> ,	ting [1]

(ii) 	Explain why boy as a self-paced si	vling in cricket or i	rounders can be	classified as a	discrete skill as w
(b) (i)	Explain why lea positive effect or	rning two differer n performance.	nt sporting activ	ities might hav	ve a negative and
(b) (i)	Explain why lea positive effect or	rning two differer n performance.	nt sporting activ	rities might hav	ve a negative and

(ii)	Use one of the sporting activities you have identified in <i>(b)</i> (i) to illustrate how a performer in the autonomous phase of learning might differ from a performer in the cognitive phase. [4]
	Name of sporting activity

Total Mark

2. (a) (i) Complete the following task analysis diagram for a named sporting activity. [1]



(ii) Use the sporting activity in (a)(i) to illustrate the *perception* and *decision-making* phase within information processing. [2]

Perception	Decision-making

(b)	"Feedback plays an important function during information processing."	
	Explain how feedback can improve sporting performance.	[3]

(c) Use the information in the table below, to help you explain different methods of analysing any **two** named sporting activities. [4]

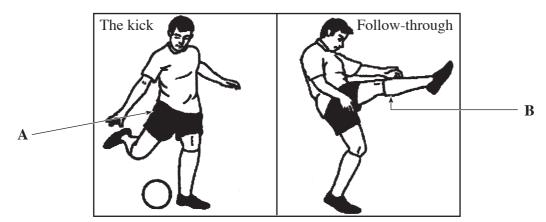
Mathada	Methods Aspects of	Aspects of Performanc	e
Methods	Tactical	Technical	Fitness
Tests			1
Video	1	1	1
Notation	1		
Bio-mechanical		J	

Name of sporting activity 1	
Name of sporting activity 2	

Total Mark

Turn over.

3. (a) The diagrams below illustrate the antagonistic muscle action occurring during a kicking action. Use the information in the diagrams to complete the table. [2]



Action	Movement Pattern	Agonist	Antagonist
A			
В			

(b)	"The relative proportions of different types of fibres within a muscle can help determ athletic success."	ine
	Comment on this statement giving examples from physical activity to support your answer	er. [3]
(c)	(i) What are the long-term effects of training on the breathing mechanism?	[2]
		•••••
		•••••

Total Mark

(ii)	Explain how cardiac output is regulated during exercise.	[3]

(a)	(i)	Explain how the principle of progressive overload could be applied to a training method of your choice. [2]
		Name of training method
	(ii)	Explain why it is important to continue with some form of gentle exercise immediately after strenuous exercise.
		Enumeratory area sacratous exercise.
(b)		ain how knowledge of the anaerobic threshold (OBLA) could help to improve the ing of an endurance athlete.

(c)	Explain with examples, how the principle of specificity might be applied when planning a training programme for the year/season. [3]

Total Mark

	n how you have unance in a named				
Marks	will be awarded for	or specific appli	ed responses.		
Name	of sporting activity	<i>7</i>		 	
			•••••	 	
•••••			•••••	 	•••••
