

2. A particle A of mass $4m$ is moving with speed $3u$ in a straight line on a smooth horizontal table. The particle A collides directly with a particle B of mass $3m$ moving with speed $2u$ in the same direction as A . The coefficient of restitution between A and B is e . Immediately after the collision the speed of B is $4eu$.

(a) Show that $e = \frac{3}{4}$. (5)

(b) Find the total kinetic energy lost in the collision. (4)

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Question 2 continued

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(Total 9 marks)

Q2



3.

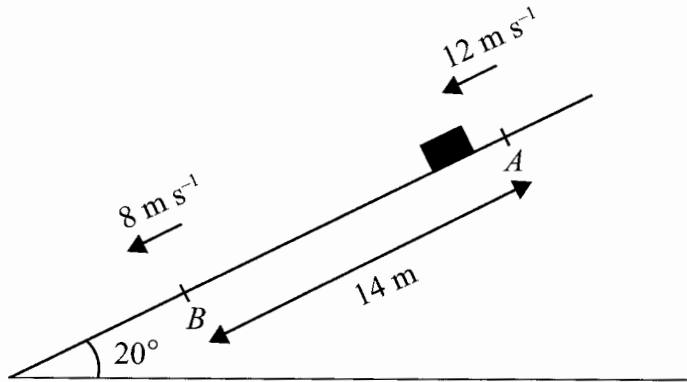


Figure 1

A package of mass 3.5 kg is sliding down a ramp. The package is modelled as a particle and the ramp as a rough plane inclined at an angle of 20° to the horizontal. The package slides down a line of greatest slope of the plane from a point A to a point B , where $AB = 14$ m. At A the package has speed 12 m s⁻¹ and at B the package has speed 8 m s⁻¹, as shown in Figure 1. Find

(a) the total energy lost by the package in travelling from A to B ,

(5)

(b) the coefficient of friction between the package and the ramp.

(5)



Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

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(Total 12 marks)

Q4

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5.

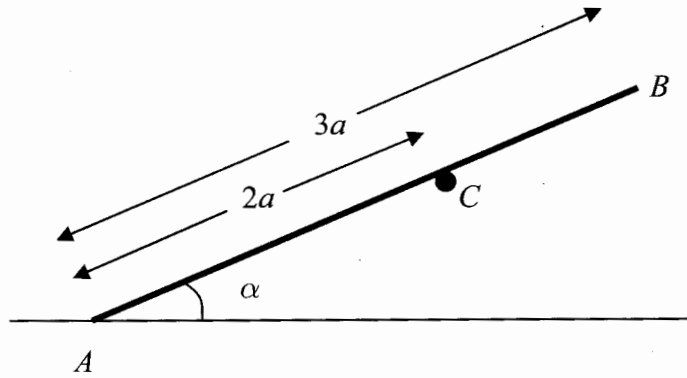


Figure 2

A plank rests in equilibrium against a fixed horizontal pole. The plank is modelled as a uniform rod AB and the pole as a smooth horizontal peg perpendicular to the vertical plane containing AB . The rod has length $3a$ and weight W and rests on the peg at C , where $AC = 2a$. The end A of the rod rests on rough horizontal ground and AB makes an angle α with the ground, as shown in Figure 2.

(a) Show that the normal reaction on the rod at A is $\frac{1}{4}(4 - 3 \cos^2 \alpha) W$. (6)

Given that the rod is in limiting equilibrium and that $\cos \alpha = \frac{2}{3}$,

(b) find the coefficient of friction between the rod and the ground. (5)



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Question 5 continued

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(Total 11 marks)

Q5

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6.

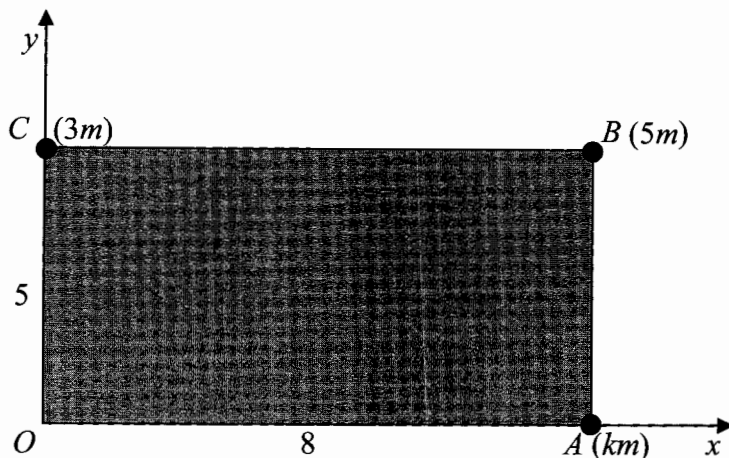


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a rectangular lamina $OABC$. The coordinates of O , A , B and C are $(0, 0)$, $(8, 0)$, $(8, 5)$ and $(0, 5)$ respectively. Particles of mass km , $5m$ and $3m$ are attached to the lamina at A , B and C respectively.

The x -coordinate of the centre of mass of the three particles *without the lamina* is 6.4 .

- (a) Show that $k = 7$. (4)

The lamina $OABC$ is uniform and has mass $12m$.

- (b) Find the coordinates of the centre of mass of the combined system consisting of the three particles and the lamina. (6)

The combined system is freely suspended from O and hangs at rest.

- (c) Find the angle between OC and the horizontal. (3)



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