







**Question 1 continued**

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Lined area for writing the answer to Question 1.

**(Total 5 marks)**

**Q1**

3



**Turn over**



N 2 6 1 1 0 A 0 3 2 4

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2. Use the substitution  $u = 2^x$  to find the exact value of

$$\int_0^1 \frac{2^x}{(2^x + 1)^2} dx.$$

(6)

Lined area for writing the solution to the integral problem.









**Question 3 continued**

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Lined area for writing answers to Question 3.

(Total 7 marks)

Q3



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7

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5.

The line  $l_1$  has equation  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ .

The line  $l_2$  has equation  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

(a) Show that  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  do not meet.

(4)

The point  $A$  is on  $l_1$  where  $\lambda = 1$ , and the point  $B$  is on  $l_2$  where  $\mu = 2$ .

(b) Find the cosine of the acute angle between  $AB$  and  $l_1$ .

(6)

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Question 5 continued

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Q5

Grading boxes for Question 5.



6. A curve has parametric equations

$$x = \tan^2 t, \quad y = \sin t, \quad 0 < t < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

- (a) Find an expression for  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of  $t$ . You need not simplify your answer. **(3)**
  
- (b) Find an equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where  $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .  
 Give your answer in the form  $y = ax + b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants to be determined. **(5)**
  
- (c) Find a cartesian equation of the curve in the form  $y^2 = f(x)$ . **(4)**

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7.

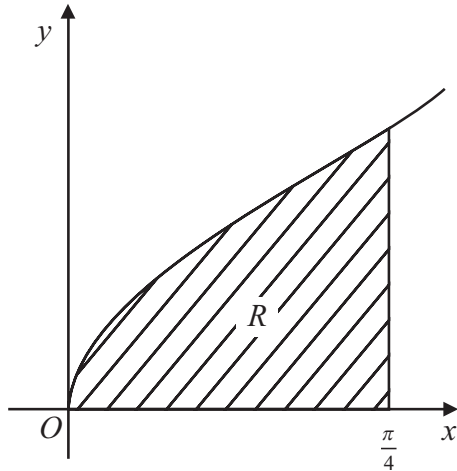


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows part of the curve with equation  $y = \sqrt{(\tan x)}$ . The finite region  $R$ , which is bounded by the curve, the  $x$ -axis and the line  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ , is shown shaded in Figure 1.

- (a) Given that  $y = \sqrt{(\tan x)}$ , complete the table with the values of  $y$  corresponding to  $x = \frac{\pi}{16}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{8}$  and  $\frac{3\pi}{16}$ , giving your answers to 5 decimal places.

$x$	0	$\frac{\pi}{16}$	$\frac{\pi}{8}$	$\frac{3\pi}{16}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$
$y$	0				1

(3)

- (b) Use the trapezium rule with all the values of  $y$  in the completed table to obtain an estimate for the area of the shaded region  $R$ , giving your answer to 4 decimal places.

(4)

The region  $R$  is rotated through  $2\pi$  radians around the  $x$ -axis to generate a solid of revolution.

- (c) Use integration to find an exact value for the volume of the solid generated.

(4)

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8. A population growth is modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = kP,$$

where  $P$  is the population,  $t$  is the time measured in days and  $k$  is a positive constant.

Given that the initial population is  $P_0$ ,

- (a) solve the differential equation, giving  $P$  in terms of  $P_0$ ,  $k$  and  $t$ . (4)

Given also that  $k = 2.5$ ,

- (b) find the time taken, to the nearest minute, for the population to reach  $2P_0$ . (3)

In an improved model the differential equation is given as

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \lambda P \cos \lambda t,$$

where  $P$  is the population,  $t$  is the time measured in days and  $\lambda$  is a positive constant.

Given, again, that the initial population is  $P_0$  and that time is measured in days,

- (c) solve the second differential equation, giving  $P$  in terms of  $P_0$ ,  $\lambda$  and  $t$ . (4)

Given also that  $\lambda = 2.5$ ,

- (d) find the time taken, to the nearest minute, for the population to reach  $2P_0$  for the first time, using the improved model. (3)

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**Question 8 continued**

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**Q8**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS**

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