Centre No.				Paper Reference					Surname	Initial(s)	
Candidate No.			6	6	7	1	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6671/01 Edexcel GCE

Pure Mathematics P1

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 23 May 2005 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

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Mathematical Formulae (Lilac)

Items included with question papers

Nil

Candidates may only use one of the basic scientific calculators approved by the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature.

Check that you have the correct question paper.

You must write your answer for each question in the space following the question.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

working may gain no credit.

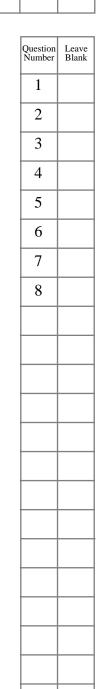
You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner. Answers without

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Turn over



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1.	Given that $y = 6x - \frac{4}{x^2}$,	$x \neq 0$
	(\cdot) dy	

(a)	IIIIu	$\overline{\mathrm{d} x}$,

(2)

(b)	find.	∫ y	$\mathrm{d}x$
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(3)

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Question 1 continued		Lea blar
		Q1
	(Total 5 marks)	

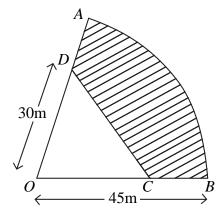
$x^2 - 8x - 29 \equiv (x+a)^2 + b ,$	
where a and b are constants.	
(a) Find the value of mand the value of t	
(a) Find the value of a and the value of b .	(3)
(b) Hanne on otherwise, show that the nexts of	
(b) Hence, or otherwise, show that the roots of	
$x^2 - 8x - 29 = 0$	
are $c \pm d\sqrt{5}$, where c and d are integers to be found.	
	(3)

Question 2 continued	Lea bla
	Q2 Fotal 6 marks)

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3.

Figure 1



A fence from a point A to a point B is in the shape of an arc AB of a circle with centre O and radius 45 m, as shown in Figure 1. The length of the fence is 63 m.

(a) Show that the size of $\angle AOB$ is exactly 1.4 radians.

(2)

The points C and D are on the lines OB and OA respectively, with OC = OD = 30 m.

A plot of land *ABCD*, shown shaded in Figure 1, is enclosed by the arc *AB* and the straight lines *BC*, *CD* and *DA*.

(b) Calculate, to the nearest m^2 , the area of this plot of land.

(5)

Question 3 continued	Lea bla
	Q3
	(Total 7 marks)

		Lea blar
4.	The line l_1 passes through the point $(9, -4)$ and has gradient $\frac{1}{3}$.	
	(a) Find an equation for l_1 in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers. (3)	
	The line l_2 passes through the origin O and has gradient -2 . The lines l_1 and l_2 intersect at the point P .	
	(b) Calculate the coordinates of P . (4)	
	Given that l_1 crosses the y-axis at the point C ,	
	(c) calculate the exact area of $\triangle OCP$. (3)	
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Question 4 continued	

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Question 4 continued	
	Q4
(Total 10 marks)	

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blank	

(a) $\tan(3x+20^\circ) = \frac{3}{2}$,	(6)
(b) $2\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = \frac{10}{9}$.	(4)

Question 5 continued		Leav blanl
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(Total 10 mark	ks)	Ť

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6.	An arithmetic	cariac hac	first tarm	a and comm	on difference d .
o.	An arithmetic	series nas	nrst term	a and comin	ion airrerence a.

(a) Prove that the sum of the first n terms of the series is

$$\frac{1}{2}n\Big[2a+(n-1)d\Big].$$

(4)

The rth term of a sequence is (5r-2).

(b) Write down the first, second and third terms of this sequence.

(1)

(c) Show that $\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} ($

$$\sum_{r=1}^{n} (5r - 2) = \frac{1}{2}n(5n + 1).$$

(3)

(d) Hence, or otherwise, find the value of $\sum_{r=5}^{200} (5r-2)$.

(4)

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Question 6 continued	



Question 6 continued	Leave blank
	Q6
(Total 12 marks)	

7.



Figure 2

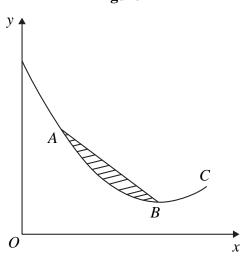


Figure 2 shows part of the curve C with equation

$$y = 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6x + 10, \ x \geqslant 0.$$

The curve C passes through the point A (1, 6) and has a minimum turning point at B.

(a) Show that the x-coordinate of B is 4.

(4)

The finite region R, shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by C and the straight line AB.

(b) Find the exact area of R.

(8)

Question 7 continued	I l



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Question 7 continued	
	Q'

8.



Figure 3

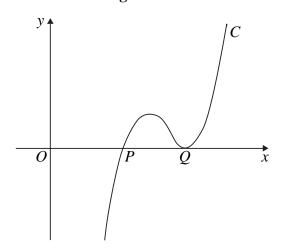


Figure 3 shows part of the curve C with equation y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = x^3 - 13x^2 + 55x - 75.$$

The curve crosses the x-axis at the point P and touches the x-axis at the point Q.

(a) Show, by using the factor theorem, that (x - 3) is a factor of f(x).

(2)

(b) Factorise f (x) completely.

(3)

(c) Write down the x-coordinate of P and the x-coordinate of Q.

(1)

(d) Find the gradient of the tangent to C at the point P.

(3)

Another point S also lies on C. The tangent to C at S is parallel to the tangent to C at P.

(e) Find the *x*-coordinate of *S*.

(4)

Question 8 continued	



END		
	TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS	
	(Total 13 marks)	
Question 8 continued		