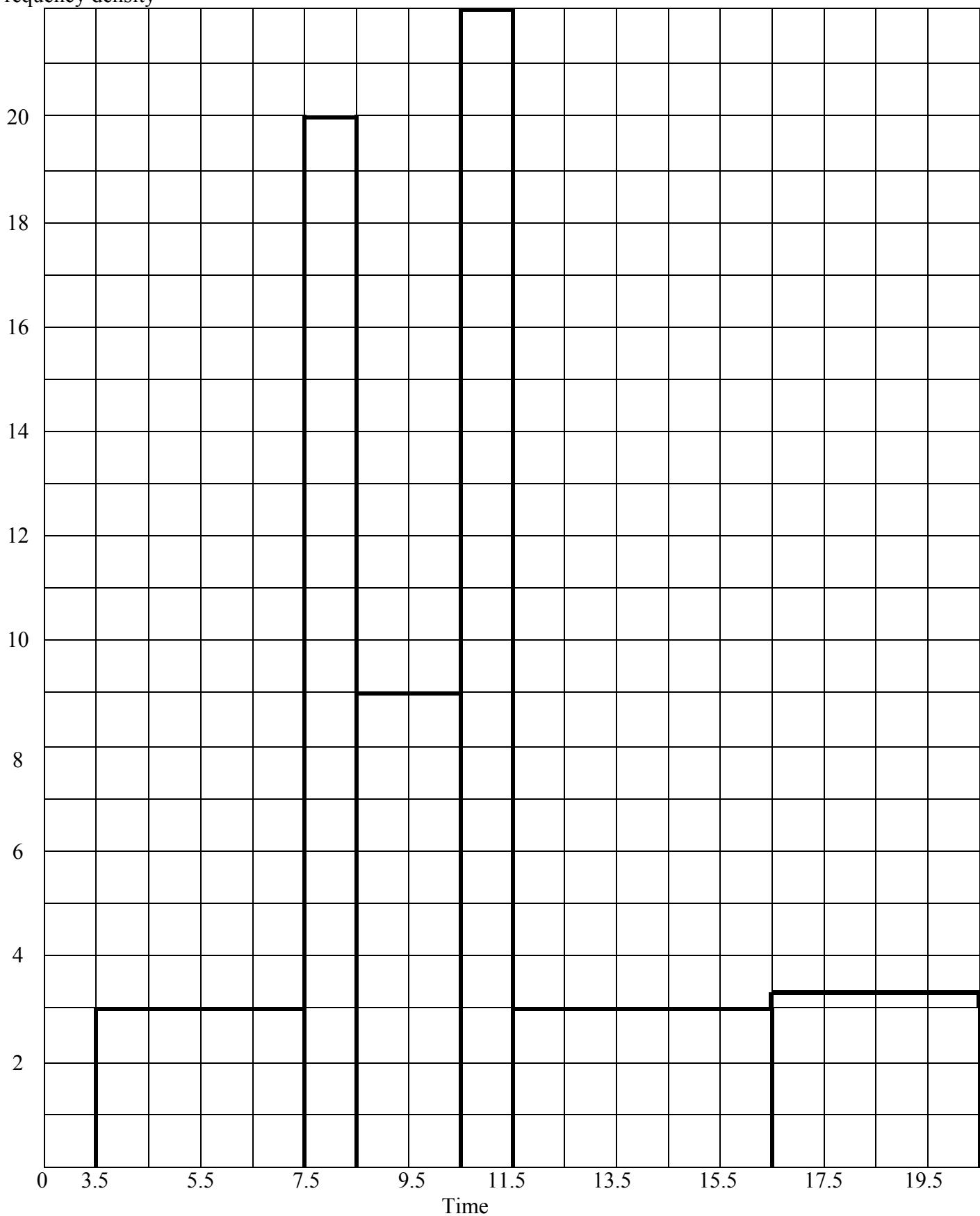
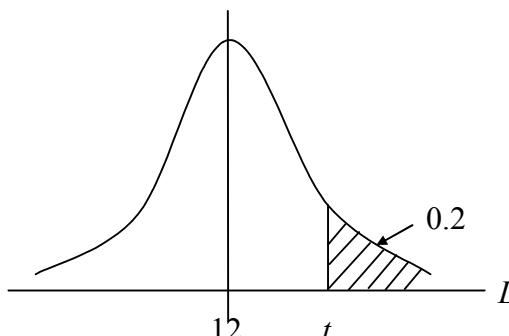


Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1.	Frequency densities: 3.0, 20.0, 9.0, 22.0, 3.0, 3.25 Graph (see page 2)	M1 A1 B1 B1 B1 (5 marks)

1.

Frequency density



Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2.	 <p>Let L represent lifetimes $\therefore L \sim N(12, 3^2)$</p> $P(L > t) = 0.2$ $\therefore \frac{t - 12}{3} = 0.8416$ $\therefore t = 14.5248$	
Alt	$P(L > t) = 0.2$ $\therefore P(L \leq t) = 0.8$ $\therefore \frac{t - 12}{3} = 0.84(16)$ $\therefore t = 14.52(54)$	M1 M1 B1 A1 M1 A1 (6) (6 marks)
3. (a)	$S_{xy} = 204.95 - \frac{48.1 \times 52.8}{7} = -157.86142$ (awrt -157.9) $S_{xx} = 155.92428$ (awrt 155.9) $S_{yy} = 214.95714$ (awrt 215.0)	M1 A1 A1 A1 (4)
(b)	$r = \frac{-157.86142}{\sqrt{155.92428 \times 214.95714}}$ $= -0.862269$ (awrt -0.862)	M1 A1ft A1 (3)
(c)(i)	-0.862	B1
(ii)	As sales at one petrol station increases, the other decreases; limited pool of customers; close one garage	B1 (2) (9 marks)

(ft = follow through mark; awrt = anything which rounds to)

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
4. (a)	$k(16 - 9) + k(25 - 9) + k(36 - 9) = 1$ $\therefore 7k + 16k + 27k = 1 \Rightarrow k = \frac{1}{50}$	M1 A1 A1 (3)
(b)	$\begin{array}{c c c c} x & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ \hline P(X=x) & \frac{7}{50} & \frac{16}{50} & \frac{27}{50} \end{array}$ $E(X) = (4 \times \frac{7}{50}) + (5 \times \frac{16}{50}) + (6 \times \frac{27}{50}) = \frac{270}{50} = 5.4$ $E(X^2) = (4^2 \times \frac{7}{50}) + (5^2 \times \frac{16}{50}) + (6^2 \times \frac{27}{50}) = \frac{1484}{50} = 29.68$ $\therefore \text{Var}(X) = 29.68 - 5.4^2$	M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 (6)
(c)	$\text{Var}(2X - 3) = 2^2 \text{Var}(X)$ $= 4 \times 0.52 = 2.08$	M1 A1 (2)
		(11 marks)
5. (a)	Discrete uniform	B1 (1)
(b)	$P(X=x) = \frac{1}{6}, x = 1, 2, \dots, 6$ $\therefore E(X) = \sum x P(X=x) = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \dots + \frac{6}{6} = \frac{21}{6} = 3.5$	B1
	$\text{Var}(X) = \sum x^2 P(X=x) - \{E(X)\}^2$ $= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{4}{6} + \dots + \frac{36}{6} - (\frac{21}{6})^2 = 2.91666\dots$	M1 A1 (3)
(c)	$P(\text{three } 6\text{s}) = (\frac{1}{6})^3 = \frac{1}{216}$	M1 A1 (2)
(d)	$16 \Rightarrow (6, 5, 5); (5, 6, 5); (5, 5, 6)$ $(6, 6, 4); (6, 4, 6); (4, 6, 6)$	B1 B1 B1 B1 (4)
(e)	$P(16) = \frac{6}{216} = \frac{1}{36}$	M1 A1 (2)
		(12 marks)

Question Number	Scheme	Marks																														
6. (a)	$\bar{x} = \frac{20 + 15 + \dots + 17}{14} = \frac{312}{14} = 22.2857\dots$ (awrt 22.3)	M1 A1 (2)																														
(b)	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th colspan="2">Bags of crisps</th> <th>1</th> <th>0 means 10</th> <th>Totals</th> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0 1 3 5 7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(5)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>0 0 5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0 1 3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>0 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(2)</td> </tr> </table> <p>Label and key 2 correct rows All correct</p>	Bags of crisps		1	0 means 10	Totals	0	5			(1)	1	0 1 3 5 7			(5)	2	0 0 5			(3)	3	0 1 3			(3)	4	0 2			(2)	B1 B1 B1 (3)
Bags of crisps		1	0 means 10	Totals																												
0	5			(1)																												
1	0 1 3 5 7			(5)																												
2	0 0 5			(3)																												
3	0 1 3			(3)																												
4	0 2			(2)																												
(c)	$Q_2 = 20; Q_1 = 13; Q_3 = 31$	B1; B1; B1 (3)																														
(d)	$1.5 \times \text{IQR} = 1.5 \times (31 - 13) = 27$ $31 + 27 = 58; 13 - 27 = -14$	B1 both M1																														
	No outliers	A1 (3)																														
(e)	scale and label $Q_1 = 13, Q_2 = 20, Q_3 = 31$ Whiskers 5, 42;	B1 B1 ft B1																														
(f)	$Q_2 - Q_1 = 7; Q_3 - Q_2 = 11; Q_3 - Q_2 > Q_2 - Q_1$ Positive skew	M1 A1 (2)																														
		(13 marks)																														

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
7. (a)	m is explanatory variable	B1 (1)
(b)	scales and labels	B1
(c)	points (7, 19), (8, 10), (9, 11), (10, 15), (13, 21), (14, 23), (17, 26), (20, 31)	B2 (3)
	$\Sigma m = 98; \Sigma p = 156; \Sigma m^2 = 1348; \Sigma mp = 2119$	
	$S_{mp} = 2119 - \frac{98 \times 156}{8} = 208$	M1 A1
	$S_{mm} = 1348 - \frac{98^2}{8} = 147.5$	A1
	$\therefore b = \frac{S_{mp}}{S_{mm}} = \frac{208}{147.5} = 1.410169$ (awrt 1.41)	M1 A1
	$a = \frac{156}{8} - (1.410169...) \times \frac{98}{8} = 2.225429$ (awrt 2.23)	M1 A1
	$\therefore p = 2.23 + 1.41m$	A1 ft (8)
(d)	Line on graph	M1 A1 (2)
(e)	$p = 2.23 + 1.41 \times 15 = 23.38$	M1 A1 (2)
		(14 marks)

(ft = follow through mark; -1 eeoo = minus one mark for each error or omission)