

# Pure Core 1 Past Paper Questions Pack B

## Taken from MAP2

### June 2001

- 3 (a) Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = x + 1,$$

$$x^2 - 8x + y^2 - 2y + 9 = 0. \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Hence describe the geometrical relationship between the straight line with equation  $y = x + 1$ , and the circle with equation  $x^2 - 8x + y^2 - 2y + 9 = 0$ , giving a reason for your answer. (2 marks)

- 4 (a) Prove that, if the polynomial  $f(x)$  has a factor  $(x - a)$ , then  $f(a) = 0$ . (2 marks)

- (b) The polynomial  $f(x) = x^3 + px^2 + qx + 6$  has a factor  $(x - 1)$ .  
When  $f(x)$  is divided by  $x + 1$ , there is a remainder of 8.  
Find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ . (4 marks)

- 5 (a) Sketch the graph of  $y = \frac{2x-1}{x+1}$  where  $x \neq -1$ . Indicate the asymptotes and the coordinates of the points of intersection of the curve with the axes. (4 marks)

- (b) Solve the inequality

$$\frac{2x-1}{x+1} < 5. \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

### January 2002

- 6 The line joining the points  $A(0, 5)$  and  $B(4, 1)$  is a tangent to a circle whose centre,  $C$ , is at the point  $(5, 4)$ .

- (a) Find the equation of the line  $AB$ . (2 marks)

- (b) Find the equation of the line through  $C$  which is perpendicular to  $AB$ . (2 marks)

- (c) Find the coordinates of the point of contact of the line  $AB$  with the circle. (2 marks)

- (d) Find the equation of the circle. (2 marks)

### June 2002

- 1 Divide  $x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6$  by  $x + 1$ . (3 marks)

- 6 A circle has equation  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 6y = 0$ .

- (a) Find the radius of the circle, and the coordinates of its centre. (4 marks)

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent to the circle at the point  $(2, 4)$ . (5 marks)

## January 2003

- 1 The polynomial  $f(x)$  is given by

$$f(x) = x^3 + px^2 + x + 54,$$

where  $p$  is a real number. When  $f(x)$  is divided by  $x + 3$ , the remainder is  $-3$ .

Use the Remainder Theorem to find the value of  $p$ .

(3 marks)

- 3 A circle has the equation

$$(x - 3)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 16.$$

The point  $A$  has coordinates  $\left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$ .

- (a) Show that  $A$  lies on the circle.

(1 mark)

- (b) Sketch the circle.

(2 marks)

- (c) Show that the normal to the circle at  $A$  passes through the origin.

(3 marks)

- (d) Find the equation of the tangent to the circle at  $A$ , giving your answer in the form

$$ax + by = c,$$

where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are integers.

(4 marks)

## June 2003

- 6 A circle has the equation

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 14y + 4 = 0.$$

- (a) Find the radius of the circle and the coordinates of its centre.

(5 marks)

- (b) Sketch the circle.

(2 marks)

- (c) Find the length of a tangent from the point  $P(6, 8)$  to the circle.

(4 marks)

## January 2004

- 2 A circle has equation

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y - 12 = 0.$$

- (a) Find:

(i) the coordinates of the centre of the circle;

(ii) the radius of the circle.

(5 marks)

- (b) Find the coordinates of the **two** points where the circle crosses the  $x$ -axis.

(3 marks)

- (c) Find the equation of the tangent to the circle at the point  $(4, 2)$ .

(4 marks)

## June 2004

- 6 (a) The circle  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 4$  has centre  $C$  and radius  $r$ .

Write down:

(i) the coordinates of  $C$ ;

(ii) the value of  $r$ .

*(2 marks)*

- (b) The line  $y = x + 1$  intersects this circle at two points  $A$  and  $B$ .

(i) Find the coordinates of  $A$  and  $B$ .

*(5 marks)*