

Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



LEVEL 2 CERTIFICATE

9542/01

LATIN LITERATURE

LEVEL 2

UNIT 9542 (Narratives)

P.M. FRIDAY, 14 June 2013

1 hour

For Examiner's use only	
Section A or B	Total Mark
	50

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ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

Text and vocabulary booklet.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **either** Section A (*Tacitus, Nero et Agrippina*) or Section B (*Virgil, Aeneid 2*).

Make sure that you have the text and vocabulary booklet provided for use in this examination.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. If you need more space for any answer, you can continue on pages 15 and 16. Remember to include the question number(s).

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark available for this paper is 50.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answers that involve extended writing, i.e. questions 4(b) and 6 in both Section A and Section B.

SECTION AExaminer
only**Tacitus: Nero et Agrippina**

Answer **all** the following questions, referring to the text and the vocabulary provided.

You should answer in English unless you are asked to quote the Latin.

- 1.** Refer to **Section 1, lines 9-20** (*quonam pietati*).

- (a) *quonam ... reperiebat* (**lines 9-10**):

- (i) what method of killing Agrippina did Nero reject at this point? [1]

-
(ii) what was the problem with this method? [1]

- (b) *et metuebat ... sperneret* (**lines 10-11**): what fear did Nero have? [2]

-
(c) *obtulit ... invisus* (**lines 12-14**): give **two** details about Anicetus which made him a suitable person to carry out the murder of Agrippina. [2]

- (i)

- (ii)

- (d) *nihil ... deliquerint* (**lines 16-18**): how did Anicetus think he could carry out his plan without anyone suspecting it was murder? [2]

- (e) *additum ... pietati* (**lines 18-20**):

- (i) what did Anicetus suggest Nero should do after Agrippina's death? [1]

- (ii) why did he think Nero should do this? [1]

2. Refer to Section II, lines 14-19 (*Nero ... retinebat*).

Give **three** details of Nero's behaviour here which seem suspicious, and say how you would explain each. [6]

(i)

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(ii)

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3. Refer to Section III, lines 8-21 (*Agrippina et Acerronia ... ducitur*).

(a) *oneri* (line 9): to what ‘weight’ does this refer? [1]

.....
 (b) *Agrippina ... impediabant* (lines 8-12): what went wrong with the plan? Make **two** points. [2]

(i)

.....
 (ii)

(c) *deinde ... iactus* (lines 12-15):

(i) *remigibus, qui consciit erant*: what did these men now try to do? [2]

.....

(ii) give the **two** reasons why this idea did not work. [2]

Reason 1:

.....
 Reason 2:

(d) *sed ... ducitur* (lines 13-21): how did Agrippina take advantage of the situation in which she found herself? Make **three** points. [3]

(i)

.....
 (ii)

.....
 (iii)

4. Refer to Section V, lines 1-8 (*at Neroni ... silentium*).

(a) *ictu levi* (line 2): what ‘slight wound’ had Agrippina suffered? [1]

(b) How does Tacitus, in these lines, emphasise Nero’s feelings?
You should refer **both** to the content **and** to the style of the Latin. [10]

11

5. Refer to Section VII, lines 5-8 (*hunc ... imperet*).
What is surprising about the story Tacitus tells here?

[3]

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6. ‘Nero always seems more cunning than Agrippina.’ How true do you think this statement is? Support your answer by referring (in English) to any parts of the text. [10]

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[Total mark: 50]

If you need more space for your answer, you can continue on pages 15 and 16.

SECTION BExaminer
only**Virgil: *Aeneid 2*, lines 13-62 and 195-267**

Answer **all** the following questions, referring to the text and the vocabulary provided.

You should answer in English unless you are asked to quote the Latin.

- 1.** Refer to **lines 13-20** (*fracti ... complent*).

(a) *fracti bello fatisque repulsi* (**line 13**):

- (i) what do these words tell us about the feelings of the Greek leaders? [1]

.....
.....

- (ii) what is striking about the sound or position of these words? Make **one** point. [1]

.....
.....

- (b) *tot iam labentibus annis* (**line 14**): what do these words tell us about the war? [1]

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.....

- (c) *divina Palladis arte* (**line 15**): suggest **one** reason why this goddess helped the Greeks to build the horse. [1]

.....
.....

- (d) *ea fama* (**line 17**): according to this rumour, what was the purpose of the horse? [2]

.....
.....

- (e) In **lines 18-19** (*huc ... lateri*), how had the Greeks decided which of them would go inside the horse? [1]

.....

(f) Explain what makes each of the following an effective choice of words. [3]

(i) *intexunt* (line 16)

.....
.....

(ii) *caeco* (line 19)

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.....

(iii) *uterum* (line 20)

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2. Refer to lines 32-38 (*primusque ... latebras*).

(a) What exactly does Thymoetes propose the Trojans should do with the horse? [2]

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.....

(b) The narrator suggests **two** different reasons why Thymoetes makes this proposal. What are these reasons? [2]

(i)

(ii)

(c) *melior sententia* (line 35): why do you think that the narrator describes the alternative proposals in this way? [2]

.....
.....

(d) From lines 36-38 (*aut pelago ... latebras*), write down a **two-word Latin** phrase which refers to the horse. [1]

.....

7

3. Refer to lines 195-198 (*talibus ... carinae*).

How does Virgil's style of writing emphasise the terrible mistake that the Trojans make by believing Sinon? Give **two** examples, and explain your choices. [4]

(i)

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4. Refer to lines 212-222 (*diffugimus ... tollit*).

(a) What had Laocoon done to cause him to be attacked by the snakes? Make **two** points. [2]

(i)

(ii)

(b) How does Virgil, by his style of writing, bring out the horror of this scene? You should refer **both** to the content **and** to features such as the choice, arrangement, sound and rhythm of the **Latin** words. [10]

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If you need more space for your answer, you can continue on pages 15 and 16.

5. Refer to lines **241-249** (*o patria ... urbem*).

(a) Describe **three** mistakes which the Trojans make here, and say why each was a mistake. [6]

(i)

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.....

(ii)

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(b) *o patria ... Dardanidum* (**lines 241-242**): why do you think Virgil interrupts the story with these words? [1]

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6. Many readers, both ancient and modern, would already know the story of the end of Troy. How might Virgil's version of the story hold their interest? Support your answer by referring (in English) to any parts of the text. [10]

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[Total mark: 50]

If you need more space for your answer, you can continue on pages 15 and 16.

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only

9542/01-A

Level 2 Certificate in Latin Literature

P.M. FRIDAY, 14 June 2013

**Prescribed text and vocabulary for Unit 9542
Latin Literature Narratives**

9542
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Contents			Pages
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Section A	(<i>Nero et Agrippina</i>)	vocabulary	6-9
Section B	(<i>Aeneid 2</i>)	text	12-14
Section B	(<i>Aeneid 2</i>)	vocabulary	15-18

This is the official examination text for the
WJEC Level 2 Certificate in Latin Literature 2013

Tacitus, *Annales XIV.3-9*
Nero and Agrippina

I

igitur Nero vitare secretos matris congressus; abscedentem eam in hortos aut in agrum laudare quod otium caperet. postremo praegravem eam esse ratus interficere constituit, hactenus consultans utrum veneno an ferro vel qua alia vi. placuit primo venenum. sed inter epulas principis si daretur, referri ad casum non poterat tali iam Britannici exitio. et ministros temptare arduum videbatur mulieris usu scelerum adversus insidias intentae; atque ipsa praesumendo remedia munierat corpus. quoniam modo ferrum et caedes occultaretur nemo reperiebat; et metuebat Nero ne quis tanto facinori delectus iussa sperneret.

5

obtulit ingenium Anicetus libertus, classi apud Misenum praefectus et pueritiae Neronis educator ac mutuis odiis Agrippinae inquisitus. ergo navem posse componi docet, cuius pars ipso in mari per artem soluta Agrippinam effunderet ignaram; nihil tam capax fortuitorum quam mare; et si naufragio Agrippina intercepta sit quem adeo iniquum esse ut scelus credat quod venti et fluctus deliquerint? additum principem matri defunctae templum et aras et cetera ostentandae pietati.

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II

placuit sollertia, tempore ipso iuvante quando festos dies apud Baias frequentabat. illuc matrem elicit, ferendas esse parentium iracundias et placandum animum dictitans, ut rumorem reconciliationis efficeret et Agrippina acciperet facilis feminarum credulitate ad gaudia. quam in litus venientem (nam Antio adventabat) exceptit manu et complexu duxitque Baulos. id villae nomen est quae inter promunturium Misenum et Baianum lacum mari adluitur. stabat inter alias navis ornatior, tamquam id quoque honori matris daretur. ac tum invitata ad epulas erat ut occultando facinori nox adhiberetur. satis constitit exstitisse proditorem, et Agrippinam, auditis insidiis, ambiguam an crederet sella Baias pervectam esse. ibi blandimentum sublevavit metum: comiter excepta est superque ipsum collocata. Nero modo familiaritate iuvenili se gerebat, modo adductus erat, quasi seria consociaret. iam pluribus sermonibus tracto in longum convictu prosequitur Agrippinam abeuntem, artius oculis et pectori haerens, vel ut simulationem expleret vel quod periturae matris supremus aspectus ferum animum retinebat.

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III

noctem sideribus inlustrem et placido mari quietam quasi ad convincendum scelus dii praebuere. nec multum erat progressa navis, duobus familiaribus Agrippinam comitantibus ex quibus Crepereius Gallus haud procul gubernaculis adstabat, Acerronia super pedes cubitantis dominae reclinis paenitentiam filii per gaudium memorabat, cum dato signo ruere tectum multo plumbo grave. pressus Crepereius et statim examinatus est. Agrippina et Acerronia eminentibus lecti parietibus ac forte validioribus quam ut oneri cederent protectae sunt. nec dissolutio navis sequebatur, turbatis omnibus et quod plerique ignari etiam conscos impiedebant. deinde visum remigibus, qui consci i erant, unum in latus inclinare atque ita navem submergere; sed neque ipsis erat promptus in rem subitam consensus, et alii contra nitentes dedere facultatem lenioris in mare iactus. verum Acerronia, dum se Agrippinam esse imprudenter clamitat utque subveniretur matri principis, contis et remis et, quae fors obtulerat, navalibus telis conficitur. Agrippina silens eoque minus agnita (unum tamen vulnus umero exceptit) nando, deinde occursu lenunculorum in Lucrinum lacum vecta, ad villam suam ducitur.

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IV

illic reputabat ideo se fallacibus litteris invitatam et honore praecipuo habitam; navem prope litus non ventis actam, non saxis impulsam, summa sui parte velut terrestre machinamentum concidisse. observans etiam Acerroniae necem, simul suum vulnus adspiciens, solum insidiarum remedium esse putavit, si non intellegere videretur. igitur misit libertum Agerinum qui nuntiaret filio se benignitate deum et fortuna eius evasisse gravem casum; orare ut quamvis periculo matris exterritus visendi curam differret; sibi ad praesens quiete opus esse. atque interim securitate simulata medicamina vulneri et fomenta corpori adhibet; iubet testamentum Acerroniae requiri bonaque obsignari – id tantum non per simulationem.

5

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V

at Neroni nuntios patrati facinoris opparenti adfertur Agrippinam evasisse ictu levi sauciam. tum ille pavore examinis et adfirmans iam iamque adfore matrem ultionis properam, sive servos armaret vel militem accenderet, sive ad senatum et populum pervaderet, naufragium et vulnus et imperfectos amicos obiciens. quod contra subsidium sibi, nisi quid Burrus et Seneca expromerent? quos statim accivit. longum utriusque silentium; timebant ne inriti dissuaderent, an eo descensum esse credebant ut nisi paeveniretur Agrippina pereundum Neroni esset. post Seneca respexit Burrum ac sciscitatus est num militi caedes imperanda esset. ille respondit praetorianos toti Caesarum domui obstrictos memoresque Germanici nihil atrox adversus progeniem eius ausuros. perpetraret Anicetus promissa. qui nihil cunctatus poscit summam sceleris. ad eam vocem Nero profitetur illo die sibi dari imperium auctoremque tanti muneris esse libertum; iret propere duceretque homines promptissimos ad iussa. ipse, ubi audivit nuntium Agerinum venisse, scaenam criminis ultiro parat. gladium, dum Agerinus mandata perfert, abicit inter pedes eius; tum quasi deprehensum in vincla inici iubet, ut confingeret matrem exitium principis molitam et pudore deprehensi sceleris sua sponte mortem sumpsisse.

VI

interim vulgato Agrippinae periculo, omnes, ut quisque acceperat, decurrere ad litus. hi moles, hi proximas scaphas scandere; alii quantum corpus sinebat vadere in mare; alii manus pretendere; questibus, votis, clamore hominum diversa rogitantium aut incerta respondentium omnis ora compleri; adfluere ingens multitudo cum luminibus, atque ubi incolumem esse Agrippinam pervulgatum est, ad gratandum sese expedire, donec aspectu armati et minitantis agminis disiecti sunt. Anicetus villam statione circumdat, refractaque ianua obvios servorum abripit, donec ad fores cubiculi veniret; ibi pauci adstabant, ceteris terrore inrupientium exterritis. cubiculo modicum lumen inerat et ancillarum una, magis ac magis anxia Agrippina quod nemo a filio venisset ac ne Agerinus quidem. abeunte dehinc ancilla Agrippina 'tu quoque

me deseris' prolocuta est. tum respicit Anicetum trierarcho 15
 Herculeio et Obarito centurione classiario comitatum.
 circumsistunt lectum percussores et prior trierarchus fusti
 caput eius adflicxit. iam Agrippina centurioni ferrum
 destringenti pretendens uterum, 'ventrem feri' exclamavit
 multisque vulneribus confecta est. 20

VII

cremata est eadem nocte conviali lecto et exequiis vilibus;
 neque dum Nero rerum potiebatur congesta aut clausa est
 humus. accenso rogo libertus eius cognomento Mnester se
 ferro transegit, incertum caritate in patronam an metu exitii.
 hunc fore sui finem multos ante annos crediderat Agrippina
 contempseratque. nam ei consulenti super Nerone
 responderunt Chaldaeii illum imperaturum matremque
 occisurum; atque illa 'occidat' inquit, 'dum imperet'. 5

A

ā + abl. - from
 abeō, abīre, abī - leave, go away
 abiciō, abicere, abiēcī, abiectus - throw
 abripiō, abripere, abripūt, abreptus - drag away, remove by force
 abscedō, abscedere, abscessī - go away, depart
 ac - and
 accendō, accendere, accendī, accēnsus - summon, stir up; light, set on fire
 acciō, accīre, accīvī, accītus - summon, send for
 accipiō, accipere, accēpī, acceptus - accept, receive; hear
 Acerriōnia, Acerriōniae - Acerronia, servant of Agrippina
 ad + acc. - for; to, at
 addō, addere, addidī, additus - give
 adductus, adducta, adductum - withdrawn, grave
 adeō - so
 adferō, adferre, attulī, adlātus - bring news, report
 adfirmō, adfirmare, adfirmāvī, adfirmātus - assert, declare
 adfligō, adfligere, adflīxī, adflīctus - strike
 adfluō, adfluere, adfluūt, adfluxus - flock together
 adhibeō, adhibēre, adhibitū, adhibitus - apply, use
 adluō, adluere, adluūt - lap
 adspiciō, adspicere, adspexī, adspectus - look at
 adstō, adstāre, adstītī - stand
 adsum, adesse, adfūl - arrive
 adventō, adventāre, adventāvī - come
 adversus + acc. - against
 ager, agrī - country, countryside
 Agerīnus, Agerīnī - Agerinus, a freedman of Agrippina
 agmen, agminis - column of soldiers
 agnōscō, agnōscere, agnōvī, agnitus - recognise, identify
 agō, agere, ēgī, āctus - drive
 Agrippīna, Agrippīnae - Agrippina, mother of Nero
 aliī ... aliī - some ... others
 alius, alia, aliud - some; other
 ambiguus, ambigua, ambiguum - uncertain, undecided
 amīcus, amīcī - friend
 an - or, whether
 ancilla, ancillae - slave-girl, maid
 Anicētus, Anicētī - Anicetus, a freedman of Nero
 animus, animī - spirit, temper
 annus, annī - year
 ante - before, earlier
 Antium, Antī - Antium, port and resort on the west coast of Italy
 anxius, anxia, anxiū - worried, anxious
 apud + acc. - at
 āra, ārae - altar
 arduus, ardua, arduum - difficult
 armātus, armāta, armātum - armed
 armō, armāre, armāvī, armātus - arm
 ars, artis - design
 artius - rather tightly, rather closely
 aspectus, aspectūs - sight, appearance
 at - but, yet
 atque - and
 ātrōx, gen. ātrōcis - violent
 auctor, auctōris - person responsible
 audeō, audēre, ausus sum - dare
 audiō, audīre, audīvī, audītus - hear
 aut - or

B

Bāiae, Bāiārum - Baiae, seaside resort near Naples
 Bāiānus, Bāiāna, Bāiānum - of Baiae
 Baulī, Baulōrum - Bauli, district of Baiae where Agrippina had a villa
 benignitās, benignitātis - kindness, good-heartedness
 blandīmentum, blandīmentī - compliment, flattery
 bona, bonōrum - goods, possessions, property
 Britannicus, Britannīcī - Britannicus, son of Claudius and Messalina
 Burrus, Burrī - Sextus Afranius Burrus, prefect of the praetorian guard and advisor to Nero

C

caedēs, caedis - slaughter, murder, killing, execution

Caesarēs, Caesarū - the Caesars, family of the first Roman

Emperors

capāx, capācīs - full
 capiō, capere, cēpī, captus - seek; take, choose
 caput, capitīs - head
 cāritās, cāritātis - love, affection, esteem
 cāsūs, cāsūs - accident, misfortune, chance
 cēdō, cēdere, cessī - give way
 centuriō, centuriōnis - centurion
 cēterī, cēterae, cētera - other, the rest, the others
 Chaldaeī, Chaldaeōrum - the Chaldaeans, famous as astrologers
 circumdō, circumdare, circumdedī, circumdatus - surround
 circumsistō, circumsistere, circumstetī - stand around
 clāmitō, clāmitāre, clāmitāvī - keep shouting
 clāmor, clāmōris - noise, shout, uproar
 classiārius, classiāria, classiārium - naval, of the fleet
 classis, classis - fleet
 claudō, claudere, clausī, clausus - close over
 cognōmentum, cognōmentī - name, surname, cognomen
 collocō, collocāre, collocāvī, collocātus - place at table
 cōmitēr - politely
 comitō, comitāre, comitāvī, comitātus - accompany, follow
 comitor, comitārī, comitātus sum - accompany
 compleō, complērē, complēvī, complētus - fill
 complexus, complexūs - embrace
 compōnō, compōnere, compōsuī, compōsitus - build, construct
 concidō, concidere, concidī - collapse
 cōnficiō, cōnficere, cōnfēcī, cōnfictus - kill, murder
 cōnfingō, cōnfingere, cōnfīnxī, cōnfictus - pretend, feign
 congerō, congerere, congestī, congestus - pile up, heap
 congressus, congressūs - meeting
 cōnscius, cōnsīcī - accomplice
 cōnsēnsus, cōnsēnsūs - agreement
 cōnsociō, cōnsociāre, cōnsociāvī - be involved, join in
 cōnstat, cōnstantē, cōnstitūtē - it is agreed
 cōnstitūtō, cōnstitūtēre, cōnstitūtī, cōnstitūtus - decide
 cōnsulō, cōnsulēre, cōnsulūtī, cōnsultus - consult
 cōnsultō, cōnsultārē, cōnsultāvī, cōnsultātus - deliberate, plan
 contemnō, contemnēre, contempstī, contemptus - make light of; reject, despise
 contrā - the opposite way, on the other hand
 contus, contī - pole
 convīctus, convīctūs - entertainment
 convincō, convincere, convīctī, convictus - expose
 convīvālis, convīvālis, convīvāle - dining
 corpus, corporis - body; height
 crēdō, crēdere, crēdītī - believe, trust
 crēdūlītās, crēdūlītās - trustfulness, credulity
 cremō, cremāre, cremāvī, cremātus - cremate
 Creperēiū, Creperēiī - Crepereius Gallus, a companion of Agrippina
 crīmen, crīminis - accusation
 cubiculum, cubiculū - bedroom
 cubitō, cubitāre, cubitāvī - rest
 cum (1) - when
 cum (2) + abl. - with
 cūnctor, cūnctaīrī, cūnctaītus sum - delay, hesitate
 cūra, cūrae - trouble

D

dēcurrō, dēcurrere, dēcurrī - run down, make straight for
 dēfunctus, dēfuncta, dēfunctum - dead, deceased
 dehinc - then
 deinde - then
 dēlīgō, dēlīgere, dēlēgī, dēlēctus - choose, select
 dēlinquō, dēlinquere, dēlīquī, dēlictus - commit
 dēprehendō, dēprehendere, dēprehēndī, dēprehēnsus - catch in the act, detect, discover
 dēscendō, dēscendere, dēscendī, dēscēnsus - deteriorate, fall
 dēserō, dēserere, dēserūt, dēsērtus - desert
 dēstringō, dēstringere, dēstrīnī, dēstrictus - draw, unsheathe
 deus, deī - god
 dictītō, dictītāre, dictītāvī - repeatedly say, say over and over again
 diēs, diētī - day, period
 differō, differre, distulī, dīlātus - delay, postpone

disicō, disicere, disicēt̄, disiectus - scatter
 dissolutiō, dissolutiōnis - destruction, breaking up
 dissuādeō, dissuādere, dissuāst̄ - remonstrate
 dīversus, dīversa, dīversum - different
 dō, dare, dedī, datus - give, provide, administer
 doceō, docēre, docū, doctus - explain
 domina, dominae - mistress
 domus, domūs - family, household, house
 dōnec - until
 dūcō, dūcere, dūxī, ductus - lead, take
 dum - while, as long as, provided that
 duo, duae, duo - two

E

ēducātor, ēducātōris - tutor
 efficiō, efficere, effēcī, effectus - spread; achieve, accomplish
 effundō, effundere, effūdī, effusus - throw out
 ego, mēl - I, me
 ēlicō, elicere, ēlicūl, ēlicitus - lure, entice
 ēminēns, ēminentis - projecting; lofty
 eō - therefore, so far, to such an extent
 eō, īre, īl - go
 epulæ, epulārum - feast, dinner
 ergō - so, therefore
 et - and, also
 etiam - also, even
 ēvādō, ēvādere, ēvāst̄ - avoid, escape from, escape, survive
 ex + abl. - of, from, out of
 exanimis, exanime - out of one's mind, paralysed
 exanimō, exanimāre, exanimāvī, exanimātus - kill
 excipiō, excipere, excēpī, exceptus - welcome, receive
 exclāmō, exclāmāre, exclāmāvī - shout, exclaim
 exequiae, exequiārum - funeral rites
 exitium, exitī - death, killing, fate, ruin, destruction
 expediō, expedīre, expedīvī, expedītus - ready, prepare
 expleō, explēre, explēvī, explētus - complete, put the final touch to
 exprōmō, exprōmēre, exprōmpsī, exprōmptus - suggest, devise
 extō, extāre, extītī - emerge, exist
 exterreō, exterrēre, exterrū, exterritus - frighten off
 exterritus, exterrita, exterritum - terrified

F

facilis, facile - easy
 facinus, facinoris - crime
 facultās, facultatis - opportunity, chance
 fallāx, gen. fallācis - treacherous
 familiāris, familiāris - member of the household, attendant, friend
 familiāritās, familiāritatis - familiarity
 fēmina, fēminae - woman
 ferīō, ferīre - strike
 ferō, ferre, tulī, lātus - endure, bear
 ferrum, ferrī - sword, weapon
 ferus, fera, ferum - wild, cruel
 fēstus, fēsta, fēstum - festive
 filius, filīl - son
 finis, finis - death, end
 flūctus, flūctūs - wave
 fōmentum, fōmentī - dressing
 forēs, forium - entrance, door
 fors, fortis - chance, luck
 forte - by chance
 fortuitum, fortuitī - accident
 fortūna, fortūnae - good fortune, good luck
 frequentō, frequentāre, frequentāvī - celebrate, attend
 fūstis, fūstis - club, stick

G

Gallus, Gallī - *Crepereius Gallus, a companion of Agrippina*
 gaudium, gaudī - happy thing; joy, delight
 Germānicus, Germānicī - Germanicus
 gerō, gerere, gessī, gestus - behave
 gladius, gladiī - sword
 grātor, grātarī, grātātus sum - congratulate, offer one's congratulations
 gravis, grave - weighted, heavy, serious, severe
 gubernāculum, gubernāculī - helm, rudder, tiller

H

habeō, habēre, habuī, habitus - treat
 hāctenus - only, to the extent of, up to the point of
 haereō, haerēre, haesī - hang, cling
 haud - not
 Herculeius, Herculeī - Herculeius, naval captain
 hī ... hī - some ... others
 hic, haec, hoc - this
 homō, hominis - person, man
 honor, honōris - honour
 hortus, hortī - garden
 humus, humī - earth, ground

I

iactus, iactūs - drop
 iam - recently, presently, now
 iam iamque - at any moment
 iānua, iānuae - door
 ibi - there
 ictus, ictūs - blow, wound
 Idem, eadem, idem - the same
 ideō - for that reason
 igitur - therefore, and so
 ignārus, ignāra, ignārum - ignorant, unaware, unsuspecting
 ille, illa, illud - he, she, it, that
 illūc - there
 illūc - there, to that place
 impediō, impedīre, impedītvī, impedītus - get in the way, hinder
 impellō, impellere, impulī, impulsus - thrust against, carry, force
 imperiū, imperī - supreme control, Empire, power
 imperō, imperāre, imperāvī + dat. - order, command; be emperor, rule
 imprūdenter - foolishly
 in (1) + acc. - to, into, onto; for, towards; concerning
 in (2) + abl. - in
 incertus, incerta, incertum - not clear, uncertain
 inclīnō, inclīnāre, inclīnāvī, inclīnātus - lean
 incolumis, incolumis, incolume - safe
 ingenium, ingenī - clever plan, ingenious suggestion, clever idea
 ingēns, gen. ingentis - huge
 inicīō, inicere, inīcī, iniectus - throw
 inīquus, inīqua, inīquum - unfair
 inlūstris, inlūstris, inlūstre - bright
 inquit - says, said
 inritus, inrita, inritum - unsuccessful, in vain, useless
 inrupō, inrupere, inrūpī, inruptus - burst in
 īnsidiae, īnsidiārum - plot, intrigue
 īsum, īsesse, īfuī - be in, be inside
 intellegō, intellegere, intellēxī, intellēctus - be aware, recognise, understand
 intentus, intenta, intentum - watchful, alert
 inter + acc. - among, between, during
 intercipiō, intercipere, intercēpī, interceptus - kill
 interficiō, interficere, interfēcī, interfectus - kill, murder
 interim - meanwhile
 invīsus, invīsa, invīsum - hateful
 invītō, invītare, invītāvī, invitātus - invite
 ipse, ipsa, ipsum - himself, herself, itself
 Trācundia, Trācundiae - ill temper, anger
 is, ea, id - that; he, she, it
 ita - so, in this way
 iubeō, iubēre, iussī, iussus - order
 iussum, iussī - order, instruction
 iuvenīlis, iuvenīlis, iuvenīle - youthful
 iuvō, iuvāre, iūvī, iūtus - help out, assist

L

lacus, lacūs - lake
 latus, lateris - side
 laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātus - praise
 lectus, lectī - couch, bed
 lēnis, lēne - gentle
 lēnunculus, lēnunculī - little boat
 levis, leve - light, slight, trivial
 libertus, libertī - freedman
 litterae, litterārum - letter
 litus, litoris - shore

longus, longa, longum - *long (of time)*
Lucrīnus, Lucrīna, Lucrīnum - Lucrine, of the lagoon near Baiae
lūmen, lūminis - torch, light, lamp

M
māchināmentum, māchināmentī - machine, contraption, siege-engine
magis - more
mandātum, mandātī - order, instruction
manus, manūs - hand
mare, maris - sea
māter, mātris - mother
medicāmen, medicāminis - medication, remedy
memor, gen. memoris + gen. - mindful, remembering
memorō, memorāvī, memorātus - recall
metuō, metuere, metuī - be afraid, fear
metus, metūs - fear
mīles, mīlitis - soldier, soldiery
minister, ministri - servant
minitor, minitārī, minitātus sum - threaten
minus - less
Mīsēnum, Mīsēnī - Misenum, town at the northern end of the Bay of Naples
mittō, mittere, mīsī, missus - send
Mnēster, Mnēstēris - Mnester, a freedman of Agrippina
modicus, modica, modicum - dim, small, little
modo ... modo - sometimes ... sometimes, at one time ... at another time, now ... now
modus, modī - way, manner
mōlēs, mōlis - embankment, sea-wall
mōlior, mōlīrī, mōlītus sum - plot, work towards
mors, mortis - death
mulier, mulieris - woman
multitūdō, multitūdinis - crowd
multum - far
multus, multa, multum - much, a lot
multī, multae, multa - many
mūniō, mūnīre, mūnīvī, mūnītus - fortify, protect, immunise
mūnus, mūneris - gift
mūtuus, mūtua, mūtuum - mutual

N
nam - for
naufragium, naufragī - shipwreck
nāvālis, nāvālis, nāvāle - naval
nāvis, nāvis - ship
nē - in case, lest
nē ... quidem - not ... even
nec - and not, nor
nēmō, nēminis - no one, nobody
neque - not; and not, nor
Nerō, Nerōnis - the Emperor Nero
nex, necis - murder, death
nihil - nothing, not at all
nisi - except, unless
nītor, nītī, nītus sum - lean
nō, nāre, nāvī - swim
nōmen, nōminis - name
nōn - not
nōn ... nōn - neither ... nor
nox, noctis - night, darkness
num - whether
nūntiō, nūntiāre, nūntiāvī, nūntiātus - announce
nūntius, nūntī - messenger

O
Obaritus, Obaritī - Obaritus, a naval centurion
obiciō, obicere, obiēcī, objectus - accuse
observō, observāre, observāvī, observātus - consider, notice
obsignō, obsignāre, obsignāvī, obsignātus - seal up
obstringō, obstringere, obstrīnxī, obstrictus - bind by oath
obvius, obvia, obvium - in the way
occīdō, occīdere, occīdī, occīsus - kill
occultō, occultāre, occultāvī, occultātus - conceal, keep hidden
occursus, occursūs - meeting
oculus, oculī - eye, gaze
odium, odī - hatred
offerō, offerre, obtulī, oblātus - offer, put at hand

omnis, omne - *the whole; every, all*
onus, oneris - weight
opperior, opperīrī, opportus sum - wait for
opus, operis - need
ōra, ōrae - shore, coast
ōrnātus, ūrnāta, ūrnātum - decorated
ōrō, ūrāre, ūrāvī - ask, beg
ostentō, ostentāre, ostentāvī, ostentātus - demonstrate
ōtium, ūti - peace

P
paenitentia, paenitentiae - repentance; change of heart
parēns, parentis - parent
pariēs, parietis - side; wall
parō, parāre, parāvī, parātus - prepare
pars, partis - part
patrō, patrāre, patrāvī, patrātus - accomplish, perpetrate, commit
patrōna, patrōnae - patroness
paucī, paucae, pauca - few
pavor, pavōris - fear, panic
pectus, pectoris - breast
per + acc. - by, through, on account of; with; in
percussor, percussōris - assassin, executioner
pereō, perīre, periī, peritus - die, perish
perferō, perferre, pertulī, perlātus - carry out
perīculum, perīculī - danger
perpetrō, perpetrāre, perpetrāvī, perpetrātus - carry out, fulfil
pervādō, pervādere, pervāsī, pervāsus - go; spread among, penetrate
pervehō, pervehere, pervēxī, pervectus - carry, convey
pervulgō, pervulgāre, pervulgāvī, pervulgātus - make known, make public
pēs, pedis - foot
pietās, pietatis - piety, family feeling
placeō, placēre, placū + dat. - seem good, please, be pleasing
placidus, placida, placidum - calm
plācō, plācāre, plācāvī, plācātus - calm, soothe
plērīque, plēraequē, plēraque - the majority, most, very many
plumbum, plumbī - lead
plūs, gen. plūris - further, more
populus, populi - people
poscō, poscere, pososcī - demand, ask for
possum, posse, potuī - can
post - then, afterwards
postrēmō - finally, at last
potior, potīrī, potītus sum - be in charge
praebēō, praebēre, praebūī, praebītus - provide
praecipiuus, praecipua, praecipuum - special, outstanding, unusual
praefectus, praefectī - prefect, commander
praegravīs, praeggrave - intolerable, wearisome
praeſēns, gen. praeſentis - present
praeſūmō, praeſūmēre, praeſūmpī, praeſūmptus - take in advance, consume beforehand
praetōriānus, praetōriānī - praetorian guard
praevenīō, praevenīre, praevēnī - anticipate, forestall
premō, premere, pressī, pressus - crush
prīmō - at first
prīnceps, prīncipis - Emperor
prior, prius - first
procūl - far
prōdītor, prōdītōris - traitor, betrayer
profiteō, profitērī, professus sum - declare
prōgeniēs, prōgeniēt - daughter, child
prōgredīor, prōgredī, prōgressus sum - advance
prōloquōr, prōloquī, prōlocūtus sum - declare
prōmissum, prōmissī - promise
prōmptus, prōpta, prōmptum - quick, ready, keen
prōmunturium, prōmunturī - promontory, headland
prope + acc - near
properē - quickly
properus, propera, properum - eager for, ready, quick
prōsequor, prōsequī, prōsecūtus sum - escort, accompany
prōtegō, prōtegere, prōtēxī, prōtēctus - cover, protect
prōtendō, prōtendere, prōtēndī, prōtentus - stretch out, offer
proximus, proxima, proximum - nearest
pudor, pudōris - shame

pueritia, pueritiae - boyhood
puto, putare, putavi - think, suppose, consider

Q

quam - as, than
quamvis - although
quandō - since
quantum - as far as, as much as
quasi - as if
-que - and
questus, questus - lament, complaint
quī, quae, quod - what; who, which; anyone; some; to
quiēs, quiētis - rest
quiētus, quiēta, quiētum - still
quīnam, quenaam, quodnam - what, which
quis, quid - anyone, anything
quisque, quaeque, quodque - each one, every one
quod - because
quoque - too, also

R

reclīnis, reclīne - reclining
reconciliatiō, reconciliatiōnis - reconciliation
referō, referre, retulī, relātus - attribute; bring back
refringō, refringere, refrēgī, refrāctus - break in, break down
remedium, remediī - safeguard, remedy, antidote
rēmex, rēmigis - oarsman, rower
rēmus, rēmī - oar
reor, rērī, ratus sum - think
reperiō, reperīre, repertī, repertus - work out; find
reputo, reputāre, reputāvī - reflect, consider
requirō, requirēre, requisīvī, requisītus - search for, look for
rēs, rēt - thing, affair; government, empire
rēs subita, rēi subitae - emergency, crisis
respiciō, respicere, respexī - notice, look at, look round at, look back at
respondeō, respondēre, respondī, respōnsus - give response, reply, respond
retineō, retinēre, retinūt, retentus - hold back, restrain
rogitō, rogitāre, rogitāvī, rogitātus - continually ask
rogus, rogl - pyre
rūmor, rūmōris - rumour
ruō, ruere, ruī - collapse, fall in

S

satis - generally; enough
sauciō, saucia, saucium - injured, wounded
saxum, saxī - rock
scaena, scaenae - stage, scene
scandō, scandere, scandī - climb onto
scapha, scaphae - boat
scelus, sceleris - crime, evil deed
scīscitor, scīscitārī, scīscitātus sum - inquire, ask
sē - himself, herself, itself
sēcrētus, sēcrēta, sēcrētum - secret
sēcūritās, sēcūritātis - carefree attitude, safety
sed - but
sellā, sellae - chair, litter
senātus, senātūs - senate
Seneca, Senecae - Lucius Annaeus Seneca, dramatist, philosopher and advisor to Nero
sequor, sequī, secūtus sum - follow
sērius, sēria, sērium - serious, weighty, important
sermō, sermōnis - conversation
servus, servī - slave
sī - if
sīdus, sīderis - star
signum, signī - signal, sign
silentium, silentī - silence
sileō, silēre, siluī - be silent
simul - at the same time
simulātiō, simulātiōnis - deception, pretence, simulation
simulō, simulāre, simulāvī, simulātus - simulate, pretend
sinō, sinere, sīvī, situs - allow
sīve ... sīve - whether ... or
sollertia, sollertiae - scheme; cleverness, resourcefulness
sōlus, sōla, sōlum - only
solvō, solvere, solvī, solūtus - loosen

spērnō, spernere, sprēvī, sprētus - reject, disregard, disobey
sponte - of one's own accord
statim - at once, instantly
statiō, statiōnis - guard
stō, stāre, stetī - stand
sublevō, sublevāre, sublevāvī, sublevātus - relieve, lighten
submergō, submergere, submersī, submersus - sink, cause to sink
subsidiū, subsidiī - help
subveniō, subvenīre, subvenī + dat. - help
sum, esse, fuī - be
summa, summae - control, whole exercise, full responsibility
summus, summa, summum - highest
sūmō, sūmēre, sūmpsi, sūmptus - choose, resort to, take
super (1) + acc. - above, at
super (2) + abl. - about, concerning
suprēmus, suprēma, suprēnum - last, final
suus, sua, suum - his, her, its own

T

tālis, tāle - similar, of such a kind
tam - so
tamen - although, however
tamquam - as if, like
tantum - alone, only, so much
tantus, tanta, tantum - so great, such a great
tēctum, tēctī - roof, ceiling
tēlum, tēlī - weapon, spear
templum, templī - temple
temptō, temptāre, temptāvī, temptātus - corrupt; try
tempus, temporis - time
terrestris, terrestre - on land
terror, terrōris - fear, terror
testāmentum, testāmentī - will
timeō, timēre, timuī - be afraid, fear
tōtus, tōta, tōtum - whole
trahō, trahere, trāxī, tractus - drag out
trānsigō, trānsigere, trānsēgī, trānsāctus - stab
triērarchus, triērarchī - naval captain
tū, tuī - you (singular)
tum - then
turbō, turbāre, turbāvī, turbātus - confuse, disturb, alarm

U

ubi - when
ultiō, ultiōnis - revenge
ultrō - unprompted, of one's own accord
umerus, umerī - shoulder
ūnus, ūna, ūnum - one, a single
ūsus, ūsus - experience, practice
ut - that, in order that, to, so that; as soon as, when
uterque, utraque, utrumque - both (of two), each (of two)
uterus, uterī - womb, belly
utrum - whether

V

vādō, vādere - go, advance, proceed
validus, validā, validum - strong
vehor, vehī, vectus sum - be carried
vel - or
vel ... vel - either ... or
velut - just like
venēnum, venēvī - poison
veniō, venīre, vēnī - come
venter, ventris - belly, womb
ventus, ventī - wind
vērum - but
videō, vidērī, vīsus sum - seem (good)
vīlis, vīle - scant
vīlla, vīllae - villa, house
vinclū, vinclī - chain
vīs - force, violence
vīsō, vīsere, vīsī, vīsus - visit, call on
vītō, vītāre, vītāvī, vītātus - avoid
vōtum, vōtī - prayer
vōx, vōcis - word, voice
vulgō, vulgāre, vulgāvī, vulgātus - make known, make public
vulnus, vulneris - wound

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Level 2 Certificate in Latin Literature
For Summer 2013

Prescribed text and vocabulary for Unit 9542
Latin Literature Narratives

Section B
Virgil, *Aeneid 2, lines 13-62 and 195-267*

This is the official examination text for the
WJEC Level 2 Certificate in Latin Literature 2013

Aeneid 2.13-62 and 195-267

fracti bello fatisque repulsi
 ductores Danaum tot iam labentibus annis
 instar montis equum divina Palladis arte 15
 aedificant, sectaque intexunt abiete costas;
 votum pro reditu simulant; ea fama vagatur.
 huc delecta virum sortiti corpora furtim
 includunt caeco lateri penitusque cavernas
 ingentes uterumque armato milite complent.
 est in conspectu Tenedos, notissima fama 20
 insula, dives opum Priami dum regna manebant,
 nunc tantum sinus et statio male fida carinis:
 huc se provecti deserto in litore condunt;
 nos abiisse rati et vento petiisse Mycenas. 25
 ergo omnis longo solvit se Teucria luctu;
 panduntur portae, iuvat ire et Dorica castra
 desertosque videre locos litusque relictum:
 hic Dolopum manus, hic saevus tendebat Achilles;
 classibus hic locus, hic acie certare solebant. 30
 pars stupet innuptae donum exitiale Minervae
 et molem mirantur equi; primusque Thymoetes
 duci intra muros hortatur et arce locari,
 sive dolo seu iam Troiae sic fata ferebant.
 at Capys, et quorum melior sententia menti, 35
 aut pelago Danaum insidias suspectaque dona
 praecipitare iubent subiectisque urere flammis,
 aut terebrare cavas uteri et temptare latebras.
 scinditur incertum studia in contraria vulgus.
 primus ibi ante omnes magna comitante caterva 40
 Laocoön ardens summa decurrit ab arce,
 et procul 'o miseri, quae tanta insania, cives?
 creditis avectos hostes? aut ulla putatis
 dona carere dolis Danaum? sic notus Ulixes?
 aut hoc inclusi ligno occultantur Achivi, 45
 aut haec in nostros fabricata est machina muros,
 inspectura domos venturaque desuper urbi,
 aut aliquis latet error; equo ne credite, Teucri.
 quidquid id est, timeo Danaos et dona ferentes.'
 sic fatus validis ingentem viribus hastam 50
 in latus inque feri curvam compagibus alvum
 contorsit. stetit illa tremens, uteroque recusso
 insonuere cavae gemitumque dedere cavernae.
 et, si fata deum, si mens non laeva fuisse,
 impulerat ferro Argolicas foedare latebras, 55
 Troiaque nunc stare, Priamique arx alta maneres.

ecce, manus iuvenem interea post terga revinctum
 pastores magno ad regem clamore trahebant
 Dardanidae, qui se ignotum venientibus ultro,
 hoc ipsum ut strueret Troiamque aperiret Achivis, 60
 obtulerat, fidens animi atque in utrumque paratus,
 seu versare dolos seu certae occumbere morti.

The prisoner, giving his name as Sinon, claims that he ran away from the Greeks because they had picked him to be a human sacrifice to the gods in order to obtain a safe voyage home. He acts his part so well that Priam immediately orders him to be set free. In return, Sinon answers the Trojans' questions about the horse with false information, saying that it is a sacred offering to the goddess Minerva: if they harm it, Troy will be doomed; but if they take it safely into the city, they will be able to invade and conquer Greece.

<i>talibus insidiis periurique arte Sinonis</i> <i>credita res, captique dolis lacrimisque coactis</i> <i>quos neque Tydides nec Larisaeus Achilles,</i> <i>non anni domuere decem, non mille carinae.</i> <i>hic aliud maius miseris multoque tremendum</i> <i>obicitur magis atque improvida pectora turbat.</i> 195 <i>Laocoön, ductus Neptuno sorte sacerdos,</i> <i>sollemnes taurum ingentem mactabat ad aras.</i> <i>ecce autem gemini a Tenedo tranquilla per alta</i> <i>(horresco referens) immensis orbibus angues</i> <i>incumbunt pelago pariterque ad litora tendunt;</i> 200 <i>pectorum quorum inter fluctus arrecta iubaeque</i> <i>sanguineae superant undas, pars cetera pontum</i> <i>pone legit sinuatque immensa volumine terga.</i> <i>fit sonitus spumante salo; iamque arva tenebant</i> <i>ardentesque oculos suffecti sanguine et igni</i> 205 <i>sibila lambebant linguis vibrantibus ora.</i> <i>diffugimus visu exsangues. illi agmine certo</i> <i>Laocoonta petunt; et primum parva duorum</i> <i>corpora natorum serpens amplexus uterque</i> <i>implicat et miseros morsu depascitur artus;</i> 210 <i>post ipsum auxilio subeuntem ac tela ferentem</i> <i>corripiunt spirisque ligant ingentibus; et iam</i> <i>bis medium amplexi, bis collo squamea circum</i> <i>terga dati superant capite et cervicibus altis.</i> <i>ille simul manibus tendit divellere nodos</i> 215 <i>perfusus sanie vittas atroque veneno,</i> <i>clamores simul horrendos ad sidera tollit:</i>	<i>195</i> <i>200</i> <i>205</i> <i>210</i> <i>215</i> <i>220</i>
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qualis mugitus, fugit cum saucius aram
 taurus et incertam excussit cervice securim.
 at gemini lapsu delubra ad summa dracones 225
 effugiunt saevaeque petunt Tritonidis arcem,
 sub pedibusque deae clipeique sub orbe teguntur.
 tum vero tremefacta novus per pectora cunctis
 insinuat pavor, et scelus expendisse merentem
 Laocoonta ferunt, sacrum qui cuspidi robur 230
 laeserit et tergo sceleratam intorserit hastam.
 ducendum ad sedes simulacrum orandaque divae
 numina conclamat.
 dividimus muros et moenia pandimus urbis.
 accingunt omnes operi pedibusque rotarum 235
 subiciunt lapsus, et stuppea vincula collo
 intendunt; scandit fatalis machina muros
 feta armis. pueri circum innuptaeque puellae
 sacra canunt funemque manu contingere gaudent;
 illa subit mediaeque minans inlabitur urbi.
 o patria, o divum domus Ilium et incluta bello 240
 moenia Dardanidum! quater ipso in limine portae
 substitit atque utero sonitum quater arma dedere;
 instamus tamen immemores caecique furore
 et monstrum infelix sacrata sistimus arce.
 tunc etiam fatis aperit Cassandra futuris 245
 ora dei iussu non umquam credita Teucris.
 nos delubra deum miseri, quibus ultimus esset
 ille dies, festa velamus fronde per urbem.
 vertitur interea caelum et ruit Oceano nox 250
 involvens umbra magna terramque polumque
 Myrmidonumque dolos; fusi per moenia Teucri
 conticuere; sopor fessos complectitur artus.
 et iam Argiva phalanx instructis navibus ibat
 a Tenedo tacitae per amica silentia lunae 255
 litora nota petens, flammas cum regia puppis
 extulerat, fatisque deum defensus inquis
 inclusos utero Danaos et pinea furtim
 laxat claustra Sinon. illos patefactus ad auras
 reddit equus laetique cavo se robore promunt 260
 Thessandrus Sthenelusque duces et dirus Ulixes,
 demissum lapsi per funem, Acamasque Thoasque
 Pelidesque Neoptolemus primusque Machaon
 et Menelaus et ipse doli fabricator Epeos.
 invadunt urbem somno vinoque sepultam; 265
 caeduntur vigiles, portisque patentibus omnes
 accipiunt socios atque agmina conscientia iungunt.

A

ā, ab + abl. - from
 abeō, abīre, abiī - leave, go away
 abiēs, abiētis - silver fir wood
 ac - and
 Acamās, Acamantis - Acamas, a son of Theseus and Phaedra
 accingō, accingere, accīnxī - get ready
 accipiō, accipere, accēptī, acceptus - welcome, take in
 Achillēs, Achillī - Achilles
 Achīvī, Achīvōrum - the Greeks
 aciēs, aciētī - battle
 ad + acc. - towards, to, at
 aedificō, aedificāre, aedificāvī, aedificātus - build, make, create
 agmen, agminis - path, line, advance, motion, movement, army, rank
 aliquis, aliquid - some; someone, something
 alius, alia, aliud - another, else
 altum, altī - water, sea
 altus, alta, altum - tall, high
 alvus, alvī - belly
 amīcus, amīca, amīcum - friendly
 amplector, amplectī, amplexus sum - wind oneself around
 anguis, anguis - snake
 animus, animī - spirit, resolve
 annus, annī - year
 ante + acc. - in front of, before
 aperiō, aperīre, aperūtī, apertus - open, open up
 āra, ārae - altar
 ardeō, ardēre, arstī - burn, be on fire, rage
 Argīvus, Argīva, Argīvum - Argive (Greek)
 Argolicus, Argolica, Argolicum - Argive (Greek)
 arma, armōrum - arms, weapons
 armātus, armāta, armātum - armed
 arrigō, arrigere, arrēxī, arrēctus - hold high, raise up
 ars, artis - skill, art, fraud
 artus, artūs - limb
 arvum, arvī - land, dry land, field
 arx, arcis - citadel, stronghold
 at - but, yet
 āter, ātra, ātrum - black
 atque - and
 aura, aurae - breeze
 aut - or
 aut ... aut - either ... or
 autem - but, however
 auxilium, auxiliī - help
 āvehō, āvehere, āvēxī - sail away, go away

B

bellum, bellī - war
 bis - twice

C

caecus, caeca, caecum - blind, dark
 caedō, caedere, cecīdī, caesus - kill
 caelum, caelī - sky, heaven
 canō, canere, cecinī - sing
 capiō, capere, cēptī, captus - conquer, capture
 caput, capitīs - head
 Capys, Capyos - Capys, companion of Aeneas
 careō, carēre, carūtī + abl. - be free from
 carīna, carīnae - ship, keel
 Cassandra, Cassandras - Cassandra, daughter of Priam and Hecuba
 castra, castrōrum - camp
 caterva, catervae - crowd
 caverna, cavernae - cavity, hollow, vault, cavern
 cavus, cava, cavum - hollow, hollowed out
 certō, certāre, certāvī, certātus - fight
 certus, certa, certum - unerring, certain, straight, unswerving

cervīx, cervīcis - back, neck
 cēterus, cētera, cēterum - the other, the remaining, the rest
 circum - around
 circumdō, circumdare, circumdedī, circumdatus - encircle, wrap
 cīvis, cīvis - citizen
 clāmor, clāmōris - uproar, shout
 classis, classis - fleet
 claustra, claustrōrum - bolts, bars
 clipeus, clipeī - shield
 cōgō, cōgēre, coēgī, coāctus - fake; force
 collum, collī - neck
 comitor, comitātī, comitātus sum - accompany
 compāgēs, compāgīs - framework
 complector, complectī, complexus sum - embrace
 compleō, complērē, complēvī, complētus - fill
 conclāmō, conclāmāre, conclāmāvī - shout out, shout together
 condō, condere, condidī, conditus - conceal, hide
 cōnscius, cōnscia, cōnsciūm + gen. - of conspirators, confederate
 cōnspectus, cōspectūs - sight, view
 conticēscō, conticēscere, conticūtī - fall quiet
 contingō, contingere, contigī, contāctus - take, touch
 contorqueō, contorquēre, contortī, contortus - hurl, fling
 contrārius, contrāria, contrārium - opposing, contrary
 corpus, corporis - body
 corripō, corripere, corripūtī, correptus - seize, snatch, take hold of
 costa, costae - rib
 crēdō, crēdere, crēdītī + dat. - trust, have faith in, believe
 cum - when
 cūnctus, cūncta, cūnctum - every, all
 curvus, curva, curvum - curved, curving
 cuspis, cuspidis - spear

D

Danaī, Danaōrum - the Greeks
 Dardanidae, Dardanidārum - the Trojans
 Dardanidēs, Dardanidum - the Trojans
 dea, deae - goddess
 decem - ten
 dēcurrō, dēcurrere, dēcurrī - run down, rush down
 dēfendō, dēfendere, dēfendītī, dēfēnsus - preserve, defend
 dēlīgō, dēlīgere, dēlēgītī, dēlēctus - choose, select
 dēlūbrum, dēlūbrī - shrine, sanctuary
 dēmittō, dēmittere, dēmītī, dēmissus - lower, let down
 dēpāscōr, dēpāscītī, dēpāstus sum - feed on, eat, consume
 dēsertus, dēserta, dēsertum - deserted, lonely
 dēsuper - from above
 deus, deī - god
 diēs, diētī - day
 diffugīō, diffugere, diffūgītī - flee, disperse
 dīrus, dīra, dīrum - terrible, dreadful
 dīva, dīvae - goddess
 dīvellō, dīvellere, dīvellī, dīvulsus - tear away, tear apart
 dīves, gen. dīvitīs - rich
 dīvidō, dīvidere, dīvītī, dīvīsus - breach; divide
 dīvīnus, dīvīna, dīvīnum - divine
 dīvīs, dīvītī - god
 dō, dare, dedī, datus - give
 Dolopes, Dolopum - the Dolopes, a warlike people in Thessaly

dolus, dolī - trick, treachery, deceit, plot
 domō, domāre, domūtī, domitus - subdue, tame
 domus, domūs - home, house
 dōnum, dōnī - gift, present
 Dōricus, Dōrica, Dōricum - Dorian (Greek)
 dracō, dracōnis - serpent
 dūcō, dūcere, dūxītī, ductus - choose; lead, take
 ductor, ductōris - leader
 dum - while, as long as
 duo, duae, duo - two

dux, ducis - *leader*

F

ecce! - *look! see!*
 efferō, efferre, extulī, ēlātus - *raise*
 effugiō, effugere, effūgī - *flee*
 eō, īrē, īī - *travel, come, go*
Epēos, Epēī - Epeos, builder of the Trojan horse
equus, equī - horse
ergō - therefore
error, errōris - deception
et - and, especially, even
etiam - even
excutiō, excutere, excussī, excussus - shake off
exitīalis, exitīalis, exitīale - deadly, destructive
expendō, expendere, expendī, expēnsum - pay for
exsanguis, exsangue - pale

fabricātor, fabricātōris - *builder, maker*
 fabricō, fabricāre, fabricāvī, fabricātūs - *construct, build, devise*
fāma, fāmæ - rumour, report, reputation
fātālis, fātāle - fatal, deadly, dangerous; fateful
fātūm, fātī - decree, fate, death, fortune
ferō, ferre, tulī, lātus - tend; bring, carry, bear, say
ferrum, ferrī - iron, sword, weapon
ferus, ferī - beast
fessus, fessa, fessum - tired
fēstus, fēsta, fēstum - festive
fētus, fēta, fētum - pregnant with, full of
fidēns, gen. fidēntis - bold, courageous, confident
fīdūs, fīda, fidūm - safe, reliable
fīō, fierī, factus sum - rise up, be made
flamma, flammæ - flame, fire signal
flūctus, flūctūs - wave
foedō, foedāre, foedāvī, foedātūs - pierce; discredit
for, fātī, fatus sum - speak
frangō, frangere, frēgī, frāctus - break
frōns, frōndis - flower, foliage
fugiō, fugere, fūgī - run away, flee
fundō, fundere, fūdī, fūsus - sprawl; pour
fūnis, fūnis - rope, cable
furor, furōris - madness
fūrtim - secretly
futūrus, futūra, futūrum - future, destined

G

gaudeō, gaudēre, gāvīsus sum - *be pleased, rejoice*
geminus, gemina, geminum - twin, two
gemitus, gemitūs - groaning

H

hasta, hastae - *spear*
hīc - here, now
hic, haec, hoc - this
horrendus, horrēndus, horrēndum - dreadful, horrific
horrēscō, horrēscere, horruī - shudder, tremble
hortor, hortārī, hortātūs sum - recommend, urge
hostis, hostis - enemy
hūc - here, to this place

I

iam - *now, already*
ibi - then, there
ignis, ignis - fire
ignōtus, ignōta, ignōtum - unknown, unfamiliar
Tīlium, Tīrī - Troy
ille, illa, illud - that, he, she, it
immēmor, gen. immēmoris - mindless, unmindful
immēnsus, immēnsa, immēnsūm - huge, immense
impellō, impellere, impulī, impulsus - force
implicō, implicāre, implicāvī, implicātūs - enfold, entwine

imprōvidus, imprōvida, imprōvidum - *unforeseeing, unsuspecting, unwary*
in (1) + acc. - into, against, for
in (2) + abl. - in, on, within, at
incertus, incerta, incertum - uncertain, unsteady, faltering, badly-aimed
includō, includere, inclūsī, inclūsus - hide, shut in, enclose
inclusus, inclusa, inclusum - glorious, celebrated
incumbō, incumbere, incubuī - press oneself, lean (over), breast
Tīfēlīx, gen. Tīfēlīcīs - dreadful, unlucky
ingēns, gen. ingentis - huge
iniquus, inīqua, inīquum - hostile, unfair
inlābor, inlābtī, inlāpsus sum - roll into
innūptus, innūpta, innūptum - virgin, unmarried
Tīnsānia, Tīnsāniae - insanity, madness
Tīnsidiae, Tīnsidārūm - trap, ambush, snare
Tīnsinō, Tīnsinuārē, Tīnsinuāvī - creep into, steal into, worm one's way into
Tīsonō, Tīsonārē, Tīsonuī - resound, make a loud noise
Tīspicō, Tīspicere, Tīspexī, Tīspectus - spy on
Tīstar + gen. - the size
Tīstō, Tīstārē, Tīstītī - press on, keep going
Tīstrū, Tīstruere, Tīstrūxī, Tīstrūctus - fully equip; draw up
Tīnsula, Tīnsulae - island
intendō, intendere, intendī, intentus - stretch
inter + acc. - amidst, among
interēā - meanwhile
intexō, intexere, intexuī, intextus - weave
intorqueō, intorqueōre, intorsi, intortus - hurl
intrā + acc. - inside, within
invādō, invādere, invāstī, invāsus - attack, invade
involvō, involvere, involvī, involūtus - envelop, wrap
ipse, ipsa, ipsum - very; himself, herself, itself
is, ea, id - that; he, she, it
iuba, iubae - crest
iubēō, iubēre, iussī, iussus - order
iungō, iungere, iūnxī, iūncutus - unite, join
iussus, iussūs - order, command
iuvat - it is pleasing
iuvenis, iuvenis - young man

L

lābor, lābī, lāpsus sum - *slide, slip by*
lacrima, lacrimae - tear
laedō, laedere, laesī, laesus - harm, damage
laetus, laeta, laetum - happy
laevus, laeva, laevum - unfavourable, harmful
lambō, lambere, lambī - lick
Lāocoōn, Lāocoontis - Laocoön, Trojan priest of Apollo
lāpus, lāpsūs - slithering, sliding, gliding, rolling
Lārisaeus, Lārisaea, Lārisaeum - from Larisa, a city in Thessaly
latebra, latebrae - hiding-place
lateō, latēre, latuī - lurk, lie hidden
latus, lateris - flank
laxō, laxāre, laxāvī, laxātūs - relax, loosen
legō, legere, lēgī, lēctus - skim; read, choose
lignum, lignī - wooden object, wood
ligō, ligāre, ligāvī, ligātūs - entwine
līmen, līminis - threshold
lingua, linguae - tongue
lītus, lītoris - shore
locō, locāre, locāvī, locātūs - place
locus, locī - place
longus, longa, longum - lengthy, long
lūctus, lūctūs - sorrow, grief
lūna, lūnae - moon

M

Machāōn, Machāonis - *Machaon, surgeon to the Greeks, son of Aesculapius*
māchīna, māchīnae - contraption, machine
mactō, mactāre, mactāvī, mactātūs - sacrifice

magis - more
 magnus, magna, magnum - big, large, great
 maior, maius - greater
 male - not
 maneō, manēre, mānsī - stand, remain (firm)
 manus, manūs - hand; band, contingent
 medius, media, medium - middle, middle of, centre; middle (of his body), torso
 melior, melius - better
 Menelāus, Menelāt̄ - Menelaus, Greek king, husband of Helen
 mēns, mentis - mind, will, intention
 mereor, merēr̄, meritus sum - deserve
 mīles, mīlit̄s - militia, soldiery
 mīlle - a thousand
 Minerva, Minervae - Minerva, goddess, daughter of Jupiter
 minor, minār̄, minātus sum - threaten, project
 mīrror, mīrār̄, mīrātus sum - admire, be surprised
 miser, misera, miserum - miserable, wretched
 moenia, moenium - walls, fortifications, defences, city, houses
 mōlēs, mōlis - massive structure, massive size
 mōns, montis - mountain
 mōnstrum, mōnstrī - monster, monstrosity
 mors, mortis - death
 morsus, morsūs - teeth, biting
 mūgitūs, mūgitūs - bellowing
 multō - much
 mūrus, mūrī - wall
 Mycēnae, Mycēnārum - Mycenae, Greek city whose king was Agamemnon
 Myrmidones, Myrmidonum - the Myrmidons, people from Thessaly, led by Achilles

N

nāt̄i, nātōrum - children
 nāvis, nāvis - ship
 nē - not
 Neoptolemus, Neoptolem̄ - Neoptolemus, son of Achilles, grandson of Achilles
 Neptūnus, Neptūnī - Neptune
 neque ... nec - neither ... nor
 nōdus, nōdī - knot
 nōn - not
 nōn ... nōn - neither ... nor; not
 nōs - we, us
 noster, nostra, nostrum - our
 nōtus, nōta, nōtūm - known, well-known, famous
 novus, nova, novum - new
 nox, noctis - night, darkness
 nūmen, nūminis - divine power, divine favour
 nunc - now

O

ō - oh
 obiciō, obicere, obiēct̄, objectus - befall
 occultō, occultāre, occultāv̄i, occultātus - conceal
 occumbō, occumbere, occubuī, occubitus + dat. - meet with (death)
 Ōceanus, Ōceanī - ocean
 oculus, oculī - eye
 offerō, offerre, obtulī, oblātus - present, offer
 omnis, omne - every, all
 opēs, opum - resources, wealth
 opus, operis - task, job
 orbis, orbis - circle, revolution, coil, world
 ōrō, ōrāre, ōrāv̄i - beg, entreat
 ōs, ōris - mouth, lips

P

Pallas, Palladis - Pallas Athene, a goddess
 pandō, pandere, pandī, passus - throw open, open, open up
 parātus, parāta, parātum - ready, prepared

pariter - side by side, together
 pars, partis - some; part
 parvus, parva, parvum - small
 pāstor, pāstōris - shepherd
 patefaciō, patefacere, patefēct̄, patefactus - open (up)
 pateō, patēre, patuī - be open, lie open
 patria, patriae - country, fatherland
 pavor, pavōris - terror, panic
 pectus, pectoris - neck, chest, breast, mind, heart
 pelagus, pelaḡt - sea, the deep
 Pēlīdēs, Pēlīdae - grandson of Peleus
 penitus - deep inside, deep within
 per + acc. - through, into, throughout, in, down, along
 perfundō, perfundere, perfūdī, perfūsus - drench, soak
 periūrus, periūra, periūrum - lying, devious
 pēs, pedis - foot
 petō, petere, petīv̄i, petītus - make for, seek
 phalānx, phalangis - army
 pīneus, pīnea, pīneum - made of pine
 polus, polī - heaven, sky
 pōne - behind, in the rear
 pontus, pontī - sea
 porta, portae - gate
 post (1) + acc. - behind
 post (2) - then, afterwards
 praecipitō, praecipitare, praecipitāv̄i, praecipitātus - throw
 Priamus, Priam̄ - Priam, king of Troy
 pīnum - first, first of all
 pīmus, pīma, pīnum - first, most eminent
 prō + abl. - for
 procul - from afar, from far away
 prōmō, prōmēre, prōmpsī, prōmptus - bring out of concealment
 prōvehō, prōvehere, prōvēxī, prōvectus - sail
 puella, puellae - girl
 puer, puerī - boy
 puppis, puppis - ship
 putō, putāre, putāv̄i - think, suppose, consider

Q

quālis, quāle - like, such as
 quater - four times
 -que - and
 quī, quae, quod - who, which
 quisquis, quidquid - whoever, whatever

R

recutiō, recutere, recussī, recussus - strike, make vibrate
 reddō, reddere, reddidī, redditus - restore
 reditus, redditūs - return
 referō, referre, rettulī, relātus - tell, report
 rēgius, rēgia, rēgium - of the king, royal
 rēgnūm, rēgnī - kingdom, realm
 relinquō, relinquere, relīquī, relictus - abandon, leave behind
 reor, rēr̄, ratus sum - think
 repellō, repellere, repulī, repulsus - drive back, repel
 rēs, reī - thing, matter; story
 revinciō, revincīre, revinxī, revinctus - bind around
 rēx, rēgis - king
 rōbur, rōboris - oak, wood
 rota, rotae - wheel
 ruō, ruere, ruī - rush

S

sacer, sacra, sacram - sacred (songs), holy
 sacerdōs, sacerdōtis - priest
 sacrātus, sacrāta, sacrātum - sacred
 saevus, saeva, saevum - savage, cruel
 salum, salī - sea, swell
 sanguineus, sanguinea, sanguineum - bloody, blood-red
 sanguis, sanguinis - blood
 saniēs, saniēt̄ - slime, gore, blood
 saucius, saucia, saucium - wounded

scandō, scandere, scandī - *surmount, climb*
 scelerātus, scelerāta, scelerātum - *profane, impious, wicked*
 scelus, sceleris - *crime*
 scindō, scindere, scidī, scissus - *split*
 sē - *himself, herself, itself*
 secō, secāre, secūtī, sectus - *cut down*
 secūris, secūris - *axe*
 sēdēs, sēdis - *dwelling place, home*
 sententia, sententiae - *view, judgement, opinion*
 sepeliō, sepelīre, sepelīvī, sepultus - *bury*
 serpēns, serpentis - *snake, serpent*
 seu ... seu - *either ... or*
 sī - *if*
 sībilus, sībila, sībilum - *hissing*
 sīc - *thus, in this way, in that way*
 sīdus, sīderis - *star*
 silentium, silentī - *silence*
 simul - *at the same time*
 simulācrum, simulācrī - *figure, image*
 simulō, simulāre, simulāvī, simulātus - *pretend, feign*
 Sinōn, Sinōnis - *Sinon*
 sinuō, sinuāre, sinuāvī - *arch, curve, bend*
 sinus, sinūs - *bay*
 sistō, sistere, stītī, status - *set up, position*
 sīve ... seu - *whether ... or*
 socius, sociī - *comrade, ally*
 soleō, solēre, solitus sum - *be accustomed*
 sollemnīs, sollemnīs, sollemne - *appointed, solemn, ceremonial*
 solvō, solvere, solvī, solutus - *free*
 somnus, somnī - *sleep*
 sonitus, sonitūs - *noise, sound*
 sopor, sopōris - *sleep*
 sors, sortis - *lot*
 sortior, sortīri, sortītus sum - *draw lots, select by lot, choose*
 spīra, spīrae - *coil*
 spūmō, spūmāre, spūmāvī - *foam*
 squāmeus, squāmea, squāmeum - *scaly*
 statiō, statiōnis - *anchorage*
 Sthenelus, Sthenelī - *Sthenelus*
 stō, stāre, stetī - *stand*
 struō, struere, struxī, structus - *accomplish, devise, contrive*
 studiū, studiī - *party, faction, side*
 stupeō, stupēre, stupuī - *be amazed, be astonished*
 stuppeus, stuppea, stuppeum - *flaxen*
 sub + abl. - *under, beneath*
 subeō, subrē, subī - *approach, come, continue on one's way, advance*
 sūbiciō, sūbicere, subiēctī, subiectus - *put under, place underneath*
 subsistō, subsistere, substītī - *stick, stop*
 sufficiō, sufficere, suffēctī, suffectus - *fleck, steep*
 sum, esse, fuī - *be*
 summus, summa, summum - *highest, top (of), heights of*
 superō, superāre, superāvī, superātus - *tower over, overcome*
 suspectus, suspecta, suspectum - *suspicious*

T

tacitus, tacita, tacitum - *silent, quiet*
 tālis, tāle - *such*
 tamen - *however*
 tantum - *only*
 tantus, tanta, tantum - *so great*
 taurus, taurī - *ox, bull*
 tegō, tegere, tēxī, tēctus - *cover, hide*
 tēlūm, tēlī - *arms, weapon*

temptō, temptāre, temptāvī, temptātus - *test, probe*
 tendō, tendere, tetendī, tentus - *stretch out (towards), make for, exert oneself, strive, try, struggle; pitch a tent, camp*
 Tenedos, Tenedī - *Tenedos, an island off the Trojan coast*
 teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentus - *reach; hold*
 terebrō, terebrāre, terebrāvī, terebrātus - *drill*
 tergum, tergī - *back*
 terra, terrae - *land*
 Teucrī, Teucrum - *the Trojans*
 Teucria, Teucriae - *Troy*
 Thessandrus, Thessandrī - *Thessandrus*
 Thoās, Thoantis - *Thoas*
 Thymoetēs, Thymoetae - *Thymoetes, Trojan, brother of Priam*
 timeō, timēre, timuī - *fear, be afraid*
 tollō, tollere, sustulī, sublātus - *raise, send up*
 tot - *so many*
 trahō, trahere, trāxī, tractus - *drag*
 tranquillus, tranquilla, tranquillum - *calm, still*
 tremefaciō, tremefacere, tremefēctī, tremefactus - *cause to tremble, terrify*
 tremendus, tremenda, tremendum - *terrible, terrifying*
 tremō, tremere, tremuī - *vibrate*
 Tritōnis, Tritōnidis - *daughter of Triton, Pallas Athena*
 Troia, Troiae - *Troy*
 tum - *then*
 tunc - *then*
 turbō, turbāre, turbāvī, turbātus - *agitate, disturb, alarm*
 Tydīdēs, Tydīdae - *Diomedes, son of Tydeus*

U

Ulixēs, Ulyxis - *Ulysses, king of Ithaca*
 ūllus, ūlla, ūllum - *any*
 ultimus, ultima, ultimum - *last*
 ultrō - *of one's own accord*
 umbra, umbrae - *shadow*
 umquam - *ever*
 unda, undae - *wave, water*
 urbs, urbīs - *city*
 ūrō, ūrere, ūssī, ustus - *burn*
 ut - *in order to, so that*
 uterque, utraque, utrumque - *either, each (of two), both (of two)*
 uterus, uterī - *belly*

V

vagor, vagātī, vagātus sum - *spread around*
 validus, valida, validum - *mighty, strong*
 vēlō, vēlāre, vēlāvī, vēlātus - *wreathe, deck, cover*
 venēnum, venēnī - *venom*
 venīō, venīre, vēnī - *approach, come, go*
 ventus, ventī - *wind*
 vērō - *indeed*
 versō, versāre, versāvī, versātus - *perpetrate; turn*
 vertō, vertere, vertī, versus - *turn*
 vertor, vertī, versus sum - *turn*
 vibrō, vibrāre, vibrāvī - *flicker*
 videō, vidēre, vīdī, vīsus - *see*
 vigil, vigilis - *guard, sentinel*
 vinculum, vinculī - *rope*
 vīnum, vīnī - *wine*
 vir, virī - *man*
 vīrēs, vīrium - *strength, force*
 vīsus, vīsūs - *sight*
 vitta, vittae - *headband*
 volūmen, volūminis - *coil*
 vōtum, vōtī - *offering*
 vulgus, vulgī - *people, crowd*