

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE
F962/02
HISTORY

European and World History Period Studies

Option B: Modern 1795–2003

TUESDAY 17 MAY 2011: Morning

DURATION: 1 hour 30 minutes

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the answer booklet.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

**8 page answer booklet
(sent with general stationery)**

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- **Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.**
- **Use black ink.**
- **Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.**
- **Answer any TWO questions.**

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- **The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.**
- **The total number of marks for this paper is 100.**
- **This paper contains questions on the following ten Study Topics:**
 - **Napoleon, France and Europe 1795–1815**
 - **Monarchy, Republic and Empire: France 1814–1870**
 - **The USA in the 19th Century: Westward Expansion and Civil War 1803–c.1890**
 - **Peace and War: International Relations c.1890–1941**
 - **From Autocracy to Communism: Russia 1894–1941**
 - **Democracy and Dictatorship: Italy 1896–1943**
 - **The Rise of China 1911–1990**
 - **Democracy and Dictatorship in Germany 1919–1963**
 - **The Cold War in Europe from 1945 to the 1990s**
 - **Crisis in the Middle East 1948–2003**
- **There are three questions for each Study Topic. Answer any TWO questions.**
- **You should write in continuous prose and are reminded of the need for clear and accurate writing, including structure of argument, grammar, punctuation and spelling.**

Answer any TWO questions from either ONE or TWO of the Study Topics.

NAPOLEON, FRANCE AND EUROPE 1795–1815

- 1 ‘Napoleon’s military successes were the MAIN reason for his rapid rise to power by 1799.’ How far do you agree? [50]**

- 2 ‘Napoleon was nothing more than a dictator in his rule of France between 1799 and 1815.’ How far do you agree? [50]**

- 3 Assess the reasons for Napoleon’s downfall in 1814. [50]**

MONARCHY, REPUBLIC AND EMPIRE: FRANCE 1814–1870

- 4 Assess the reasons for the 1830 Revolution in France. [50]**

- 5 How successful was Louis Philippe’s domestic policy? [50]**

- 6 How far did Napoleon III’s rule of France become more liberal from 1852 to 1870? [50]**

THE USA IN THE 19TH CENTURY: WESTWARD EXPANSION AND CIVIL WAR 1803–C.1890

- 7 Assess the reasons why the Native Americans lost their lands. [50]**

- 8 Assess the reasons why westward expansion caused friction between North and South in the 1850s. [50]**

- 9 ‘The South never had a chance of winning the Civil War.’ How far do you agree? [50]**

PEACE AND WAR: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS C.1890–1941

- 10 Assess the reasons why troubles in the Balkans led to the outbreak of war across Europe in 1914. [50]**

- 11 ‘As a peacekeeping organisation, the League of Nations was a total failure.’ How far do you agree? [50]**

- 12 Assess the reasons for the outbreak of world war in Asia in 1941. [50]**

FROM AUTOCRACY TO COMMUNISM: RUSSIA 1894–1941

- 13 How far was Tsar Nicholas II able to restore his authority after the 1905 Revolution? [50]**
- 14 ‘Lenin’s leadership was the MAIN reason for the success of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917.’ How far do you agree? [50]**
- 15 ‘Stalin’s economic policies in the 1930s were a disaster for the people of the USSR.’ How far do you agree? [50]**

DEMOCRACY AND DICTATORSHIP: ITALY 1896–1943

- 16 Assess the reasons for Mussolini’s rise to power by 1922. [50]**
- 17 ‘Mussolini was able to consolidate his power after October 1922 only because the opposition was divided and weak.’ How far do you agree? [50]**
- 18 ‘Mussolini’s foreign policy was successful in the 1920s but failed in the 1930s.’ How far do you agree? [50]**

THE RISE OF CHINA 1911–1990

- 19 Assess the reasons why the Nationalists under Jiang Jieshi failed to win popular support in the 1920s and 1930s. [50]**
- 20 To what extent did Mao's policies in the 1950s and early 1960s bring benefits to the Chinese people? [50]**
- 21 Assess the consequences of the Cultural Revolution. [50]**

DEMOCRACY AND DICTATORSHIP IN GERMANY 1919–1963

- 22 How effectively did Weimar governments deal with the problems they faced in the 1920s? [50]**
- 23 To what extent was Hitler's leadership the MAIN reason why the Nazis came to power in 1933? [50]**
- 24 How successful was Hitler's economic policy to 1945? [50]**

THE COLD WAR IN EUROPE FROM 1945 TO THE 1990s

- 25 'American policies were the MAIN reason for the development of a Cold War in Europe in the period to 1949.' How far do you agree? [50]**
- 26 How effectively did the Soviet Union deal with the threats to its authority in Eastern Europe in the 1950s and 1960s? [50]**
- 27 Assess the reasons why the overthrow of communism in Yugoslavia was followed by civil war. [50]**

CRISIS IN THE MIDDLE EAST 1948–2003

- 28 'Nasser's policies were the MAIN reason for the Six Day War in 1967.' How far do you agree? [50]**
- 29 Assess the reasons for the difficulties in solving the Palestinian question since the Yom Kippur War (1973). [50]**
- 30 'Concern over oil supplies was the MAIN reason for Western intervention in Iraq in 1991 and 2003.' How far do you agree? [50]**

Paper Total [100]

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