Candidate surname		belole elite	Other names
Pearson Edexcel nternational Advanced Level	Centre	e Number	Candidate Number
Wednesday 2	23 C	)cto	ber 2019
Afternoon (Time: 2 hours)		Paper Re	eference WHI03/1C
History			
International Advanced Paper 3: Thematic Study wi Option 1C: Germany: Unite			

#### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer Question 1 in Section A and ONE question in Section B.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.

## Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.



Turn over ▶

# **SECTION A**

# Answer Question 1. Write your answer in the space provided.

Study Sources 1 and 2 in the Sources Booklet before you answer this question.

1	1 How far could the historian make use of Sources 1 and 2 together to investigate the extent of the challenges facing the GDR in the late 1980s?	
	Explain your answer using both sources, the information given about them and your own knowledge of the historical context.	
		(25)















(Total for Question 1 = 25 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 25 MARKS



#### **SECTION B**

#### Answer ONE question in Section B.

You must start your answer to your chosen question on the next page.

#### **EITHER**

2 How accurate is it to say that Bismarck's Germany, in the years 1870–79, and Weimar Germany, in the years 1918–24, can both be described as essentially democratic?

(Total for Question 2 = 25 marks)

#### OR

3 How far do you agree that it was the effects of war that had the most significant impact on the economy of Germany in the years 1870–1960?

(Total for Question 3 = 25 marks)


















TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 25 MARKS

**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 50 MARKS** 



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# **Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level**

# **Wednesday 23 October 2019**

Afternoon (Time: 2 hours)

Paper Reference WHI03/1C

# **History**

**International Advanced** 

**Paper 3: Thematic Study with Source Evaluation** 

Option 1C: Germany: United, Divided and Reunited, 1870–1990

## **Sources Booklet**

Do not return this booklet with the question paper.

Turn over ▶





#### Sources for use with Section A.

**Source 1**: From *Initiative 89*, a proclamation founding the New Forum organisation, 9 September 1989. New Forum was a political protest movement, established by a group of intellectuals and writers in East Germany. New Forum was initially banned by the GDR government.

Communication between the state and society has broken down in our country. There is mass emigration and widespread disillusionment with the government. Elsewhere, in the world, refugee movements of this scale and size are caused by poverty, hunger, and violence. None of that exists here.

People in the GDR seem confused about their wishes. Some demand an increase in available consumer products; some denounce the idea of unlimited economic growth. Some want new economic policies but not degeneration into a viciously competitive society. Some want order, but oppose being told what to do. Most want protection from violence without having to put up with a state full of bullies and spies.

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In order to recognise all these contradictions and to listen publicly to arguments, we need a democratic discussion on the responsibilities of the state, the economy, and culture. Therefore, we have come together to create a new political platform for the entire GDR and have chosen the name NEW FORUM.

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New Forum hopes to give a voice to ideas based on a wish for justice, democracy and peace. It is these ideas we would like to see brought to life in the coming reorganisation of all areas of society.

We call on all citizens of the GDR who would like to participate in the reorganisation of our society to become members of the New Forum. The time for change is now.

**Source 2:** From a speech made by Erich Honecker, 6 October 1989. This speech was made to commemorate the 40th anniversary of the founding of the GDR.

Today, the GDR is a symbol of peace and socialism in Europe. We will never forget this fact; this keeps us, and should also keep our enemies, from misjudgement.

The powers with influence over the FRG are plotting to undermine the GDR.

They want to change the regional structure of two separate Germanies, which has existed for forty years. They must realise that reality cannot be changed.

The GDR, on the western boundary of the socialist countries in Europe, remains firm as a dam wall against the spread of neo-Nazism and other prejudices.

Our opponents are directing their false statements against the GDR to a greater extent than ever before. It is forty years since the defeat of German imperialism and militarism, yet some want them back. Socialism on German soil is so intolerable to our foreign opponents because it represents proof that the previously-exploited masses can decide their own future without capitalism.

The relentless, co-ordinated international campaign against the GDR aims to confuse the people and cause doubt about the strength and advantages of socialism. This campaign will not work and will only strengthen our determination to continue to fight for our rights. The right for states with different social orders to live and work together must be respected. Non-intervention in the internal affairs of nations and respect for sovereignty are indispensable for peace.

The GDR has achieved much in helping our people. Socialism and peace are key achievements of the GDR up to now and we will continue, with vigour and confidence, to achieve these in the future. The GDR will continue to show that its founding in October 1949 was a turning point in the history of the German people and of Europe.

