| Surname | Centre Number | Candidate Number |
|-------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Other Names | | 2 |



GCE AS/A level

1626/01

HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE

Unit 6 – Understanding common illnesses, diseases and disorders

P.M. WEDNESDAY, 19 January 2011 $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours

| For Examine | er's use only |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
| 4. | |
| Total | |

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use pencil or gel pen. Do not use correction fluid. Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

Each question carries 25 marks.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the need for good English and orderly, clear presentation in your answers. Assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answers.



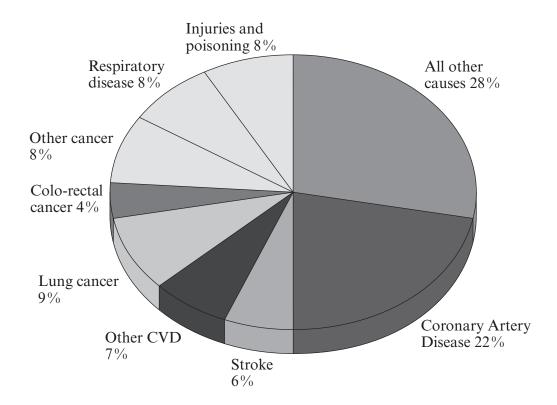
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

| (a) | (i) | State the percentage of women under 75 that died from all cardiovas diseases. | scular [1] |
|-----|-------|--|---------------|
| | (ii) | State the percentage of men under 75 that died from all cardiovascular disea | ases. [1] |
| | (iii) | What is the difference between men and women in the percentage of death all CVD? | n from [1] |
| | (iv) | Which of the three CVD segments in the pie charts contributes most t difference? | to this |
| (b) | Out | line how coronary artery disease (CAD) develops. | [4] |
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| (c) | Exp | lain the lifestyle factors which may increase the likelihood of CAD. | [6] |
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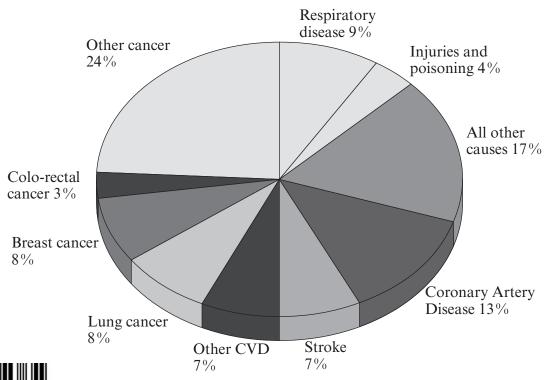


1626

Deaths by cause, men under 75, 2002, United Kingdom



Deaths by cause, women under 75, 2002, United Kingdom



0 3

Turn over.

| (d) | Explain how variations in lifestyle could account for the difference in deaths due to CAD between men and women. [4] |
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| (e) | Discuss the strategies used to minimise deaths due to CAD, and in particular how men could be targeted. [7] |
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| 2. | (a) | Fungi are one type of micro-organism that cause infectious disease. | | | | | |
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| | | (i) | Describe, or draw a labelled diagram of, the main features of a fungal cell. | [4] | | | |
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| | | (ii) | Name a fungal disease. | [1] | | | |
| | | (iii) | Describe how an individual may become infected by a named fungal disease. | [3] | | | |
| | | (iv) | Discuss how personal hygiene and lifestyle choices can help to combat a na fungal disease. | med [6] | | | |
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Turn over.

| (i) | Natural active immunity | |
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| (ii) | Natural passive immunity | |
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| (iii) | Artificial active immunity | |
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| (iv) | Artificial passive immunity | |
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| 3. | (a) | Ultrasound scanning is one type of antenatal screening that may be offered to pregnant women. | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | (i) | Describe how an ultrasound scanning test is carried out on a pregnant woman. [4] | | | | |
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| | | (ii) | Describe the information which can be obtained from an ultrasound scan. [3] | | | | |
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| | | (iii) | Discuss why some parents may not wish to be made aware of all of the information that an ultrasound scan can provide. [3] | | | | |
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Turn over.

| (i) | Describe how amniocentesis is carried out. | |
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| (ii) | Explain why amniocentesis is only offered to a limited number of women. | |
| (ii) | Explain why amniocentesis is only offered to a limited number of women. | |
| (ii) | Explain why amniocentesis is only offered to a limited number of women. | |
| (ii) | Explain why amniocentesis is only offered to a limited number of women. | |
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| (ii) | Explain why amniocentesis is only offered to a limited number of women. | |
| (ii) | Explain why amniocentesis is only offered to a limited number of women. | |



| (i) to individuals | |
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| (ii) to society as a whole | |
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| 4. | Ther | e are a | number of categories of illness, disease and disorder. |
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| | (a) | (i) | Explain what is meant by the term 'deficiency disease'. [3] |
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| | | (ii) | Give two examples of deficiency diseases, and state what is deficient in each case. [4] |
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| (i) | Explain what is meant by the term 'mental disorder'. | [3 |
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| (ii) | Describe the key features of a named mental disorder. | [3] |
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| Expl | lain what is meant by the concept of a social/lifestyle disease or disorder. | [2] |
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| Expl | lain what is meant by the concept of a social/lifestyle disease or disorder. | |



(1626-01)

| (d) | Discuss the differences between what many of us see as "a good life" or "fun" and what our study of health and social care tells us is a "healthy lifestyle". Suggest ways in which these differences could be resolved. [10] |
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