

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS Advanced Subsidiary GCE

GEOLOGY 2832

The Rock Cycle – Processes and Products

Thursday 25 MAY 2006 Afternoon 1 hour

Candidates answer on the question paper. Additional materials: Ruler (cm/mm)

Candidate Name	Centre Number					Candidate Number		

TIME 1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in the space above.
- Write your Centre number and Candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You will be awarded marks for the quality of written communication where this is indicated in the question.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE						
Qu.	Max.	Mark				
1	16					
2	17					
3	17					
4	10					
TOTAL	60					

Answer all the questions.

Below is a diagram of the rock cycle.

A dia	gram has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions
	Details: A diagram of the rock cycle
(a) (i) (Complete the table below using the diagram of the rock cycle.
	Complete the table below using the diagram of the rock cycle.
(a) (i) (
locati	
locati A	
locati A B	
locati A B C	

(b)	crys	lain how the crystal grain size of igneous rocks is related to the depth at which they stallised.
(c)		bw are thin section drawings of three rocks.
(C) 	- -	
- }		An image has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions
		Details: An image of thin section drawings of three rocks
. "		
	(i)	To which of the three groups of rocks does rock E belong?
		[1]
	(ii)	Describe the texture of rock F.
		[2]
((iii)	Rock F was formed after the weathering and erosion of rock E. Explain why rock F contains quartz only.

(iv)	Describe the processes responsible for the shape of the quartz grains in rock F .
	[2]
(v)	To which of the three groups of rocks does rock G belong?
	[1]
	[Total: 16]

2	The	e diad	5 grams below show four sedimentary structures (not all the right way up) which may
-			as way up indicators.
		F	A diagram has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions
			Details: A diagram of four sedimentary structures
	(a)	(i)	Name the sedimentary structures shown.
			H J
			K
		(ii)	Which of the diagrams show sedimentary structures that are not the right way up?
			[1]
		(iii)	Explain how you can tell that these structures are not the right way up.
			[2]
	(b)	(i)	Describe the processes of formation of sedimentary structure K.

	(ii)	Describe the processes of formation of sedimentary structure L.
		[2]
(c)	The	diagrams below show two different types of limestone.
	A	diagram has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions Details: A diagram showing two different types of limestone
	(i)	Name limestone M and limestone N.
		M[1]
	(ii)	State the water depth at which limestone M is generally formed.
	(iii)	Describe how the concentric layers in limestone M are formed.
		[2]
(d)	Des	cribe the weathering process carbonation.
	••••	
	••••	
	••••	
	••••	[2]
		[Total: 17]

-

(a)	(i)	Define the term delta.	
	(ii)		to show the different parts of a delta.
		layer	rock types
			coal, channel sandstones and seat earth
		foresets	
		bottomsets	
(b)	(i)	Define the term cyclothen	n.
(-)	(-)		<i>"</i>
	(ii)	Draw a vertical section to Label the layers of the del	show deltaic cyclothems. Ita, using the information from the table in (a) (ii) .
	(ii) Complete the layer foresets bottomsets (b) (i) Define the term		

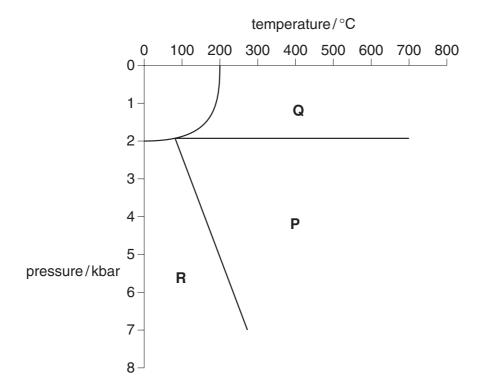
(c) The following diagram shows a forest growing in a deltaic environment.

A diagram has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions

Details: A diagram showing a forest growing in a deltaic environment

(i)	Name the climatic zone where coal is likely to form.	
		[1]
(ii)	Name and describe the process that changes plant material into coal.	
		•••••
		•••••
		[2]
(iii)	Explain why there are many layers of coal in deltaic sequences.	
		•••••
		•••••
		•••••
		[2]

(d) Below is a pressure temperature graph showing the types of metamorphism.



(i) Complete the following table by entering the correct letters from the graph.

	letter
burial metamorphism	
regional metamorphism	
thermal metamorphism	

[2]

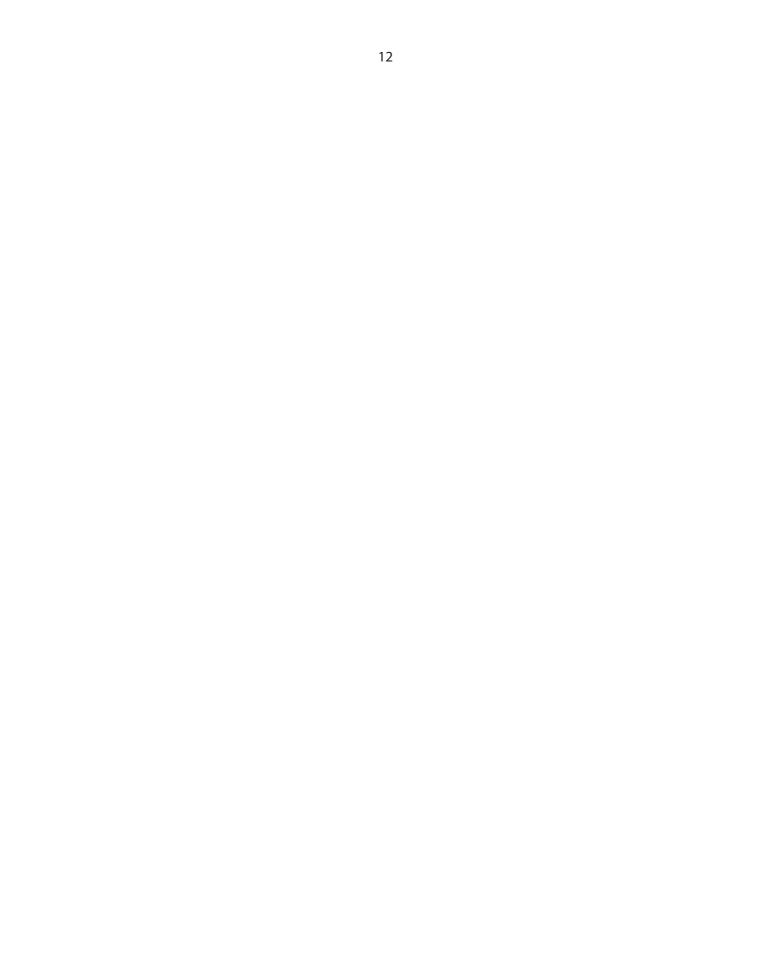
(ii)	Explain metamo		chose	the	areas	on	the	graph	for	thermal	and	regional
		 										[2]

[Total: 17]

 grams, exp	iaiii iiie ui	nerences	Detween	sills and	iava ilow	5.	
 							 · • • • • •

[8]
Quality of Written Communication [2]
[Total: 10]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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