

### **General Certificate of Education**

# **English Language and Literature 5721**

Specification A

NA2M Poetic Study (Modern Texts)

## **Mark Scheme**

2008 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available to download from the AQA Website: www.aqa.org.uk

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June 2008 NA2M

#### **DISTRIBUTION OF ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES AND WEIGHTINGS**

The table below is a reminder of which Assessment Objectives will be tested by the questions and the marks available for them.

#### Unit 2

Assessment Objective	AO1i	AO2i	AO3i
•	25 x 2	25 x 2	25 x 2

#### **Marking Procedure**

- 1. Use marking grid to establish which band the candidate's work falls into for each of the assessment objectives. Written comments should be in line with marking grid boundary descriptors.
- **2.** Assessment of each AO is equal. There will, however, be some overlapping of skills displayed across the different AOs.
- **3.** Award 25 marks for each AO. Multiply each by 2 to arrive at a total mark out of 150. Ring mark out of 150 and transfer to front of script.

#### Note to examiners on question specific mark schemes

Please note that the ideas and points given in each of the question-specific mark schemes are not exhaustive and are only printed to give an idea of some of the points you might see when marking scripts. Do **not** treat them as a checklist. Use them as a referral point with the opportunity to add to them as you continue to mark.

#### Marking notations for English Language and Literature

Use the guidelines in the Assistant Examiner's Handbook as the basis of your marking, but supplement with these specific notations used across all units of the new specification.

#### **Points that are correct:**

 $\sqrt{\text{(tick)}}$ : to indicate a positive point (but not rhythmical ticks)

straight underline/

vertical line at side: to indicate a good passage

expl: candidate explains

pr: candidate makes personal response

**Errors:** 

BE: basic error

Mistakes: ringed or marked with S Squiggly underline: for poor / wrong idea

x (cross): to indicate a point is wrong

#### **Marginal annotation:**

voc:for a vocabulary point madegr:for a grammatical point madestyle:for a stylistic point madecoh:for a cohesive point made

aud: for a point made about audience purp: for a point made about purpose

con: context understood, commented upon

pnm: point not made (if idea is not explained)

#### **Unit-specific notations for Unit 2:**

eg: for example given

eg? for lack of example given

imag: for a point made about imagery ph: for a point made about phonology

N: for narrative (usually instead of analysis)

struc: for a point made about structure rhet: for a point made about rhetorical style ch: for a point made about character

These points in no way supersede other marginal comments made by examiners. You should seek to make meaningful but economic comments in the margins and, particularly, at the end of the essay to show how your marks have been arrived at.

#### MARKING GRID FOR AS ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE 5721: NA2M/P

		Communication of knowledge, understanding and insights gained from combined literary and linguistic study; use of appropriate terminology and written accuracy	Distinction, description and interpretation of variation in meaning and form in literary and non-literary texts	Responding to and analysing texts using literary and linguistic approaches and concepts; use of framework(s).
		(Knowledge and Terminology)	(Interpretation)	(Frameworks)
		AO1 (25 marks x 2)	AO2i (25 marks x 2)	AO3i (25 x 2 marks)
		Confident linguistic/literary knowledge	Sustained intelligent interpretation	Use of framework(s) enhances and illuminates textual analysis
Band 5 (21 – 25)	21 – 25	Wholly accurate use of appropriate terminology	Sense of overview	
		Conceptualised understanding  Technical terms enhance textual response	Illuminating readings of text	Overview shown through framework
	18 – 20	Coherent understanding of distinctive features and patterns	Coherent reading with good textual evidence	Coherent analysis through framework(s)
Band 4 (16 – 20)		Well-sustained argument	Textual grasp very evident	Sustained focus
(10 – 20)	40 4-	Range of lit./ling. terms used	Close reading	Framework(s) highlight reading
	16 – 17	Some exploratory commentary	Careful illustration of points using quotation with understanding	Describes significant features and patterns

		Clear and accurate	Responds with some confidence	Uses a suitable framework(s)
	14 – 15	Sense of patterns emerging  Distinguishes between	Some appreciation of style, structure and form	Significant features noted  Thoughtful selection of material with relevant
Band 3		details	Thoughtful response	commentary
(11 – 15)	11 – 13	Comments on at least two correctly identified features of language required by the question	Some recognition of implied meaning	Framework(s) used
			Illustrated points are made	List-like but sound
			Engagement with task	Sound focus
		Simple linguistic points made	Basic and generalised	Simplistic but ordered
Band 2	8 – 10		Narrative approach	Limited analysis
(6 – 10)			Simplistic comments	Attempts to use framework(s)
	6 – 7	Recognises surface features only	Broad response to surface features	Frequent lack of focus
	4 – 5	No lit./ling. insights	Very skimpy reading	No framework(s) used
Band 1 (1 – 5)	1 – 3	Misreadings	No apparent understanding	Complete lack of focus  No organisation

1. How does Thomas present his thoughts and feelings in 'And death shall have no dominion'?

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the biblical tone
- the formal verse structure
- the notion of paradox
- the play on words
- the syntactical patterning
- the phonetic contrasts
- the use of natural imagery
- the religious allusion.

2. Explore the ways in which Thomas presents his ideas about the cycle of life. You should write about **two** or **three** poems.

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the seasonal contrasts
- the contrast of heat and cold
- the theme of regeneration
- the parallels between human and animal worlds
- the use of alliteration and repetition
- the use of religious imagery
- the intensity of feeling
- the use of personification.

3. How does Liz Lochhead present her thoughts and feelings in 'Bagpipe Muzak, Glasgow 1990'?

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the mocking regular rhyme
- the contempt for fashion
- the gap between place and its PR
- the parodic relationship to MacNeice's poem
- the use of repetition
- the comic nonsense rhymes
- the satirical tone
- the use of Scottish dialect.

4. Explore the ways in which an enthusiasm for life is expressed in any **two** or **three** poems in this selection.

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the mixture of surreal and naturalistic description
- the energetic imagery
- the close detail of emotional events
- the intensity of mood
- the description of relationships
- the unusual and unpredictable line breaks
- the use of alliteration
- the use of repetition.

5. How does Collins present his thoughts and feelings in 'The Death of the Hat'?

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the contrast between the past and present
- the formal order imposed by the wearing of hats
- the movement from general to personal
- the final image of stratification
- the syntactical contrasts
- the different sense of 'hats'
- the chronological structuring
- the use of repetition.

6. Explore the ways in which Collins conveys ideas about American culture. You should write about **two** or **three** poems.

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the contrast between American and European traditions
- the relative histories of place
- the cinematic point of view
- the gentle humour of American domestic life
- the conversational style of engagement with the reader
- the use of repetition
- the casual tone of the language
- the spirit of exploration.

7. How does Larkin present his thoughts and feelings in 'Here'?

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the cinematic exploration of landscape
- the close detail
- the movement from intense activity to stillness
- the energy of human life
- the use of phonological effects
- the use of repetition
- the use of compounds
- the single, long sentence + coda.

8. Explore the ways in which Larkin presents his ideas about the routines and traditions of life in any **two** or **three** poems.

Assessment Objectives tested on this question: AO1, AO2i, AO3i (25 x 2 marks for each)

Some possible content/stylistic points candidates may refer to:

- the affectionate close detail of human life
- the sense of distance between writer and event
- the sense of nostalgia for a lost past
- the importance of ritual in social dealings
- the use of listing
- the contrast of colloquial and formal description
- the use of alliteration
- the regularity of the rhyme.