



A-level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

(7517/1A/1B/1C/1D/1E)

Paper 1

Mark scheme

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available from <http://www.aqa.org.uk/>

COMPONENT NUMBER: Paper 1

COMPONENT NAME:

STATUS:

DATE: 8 Jan 2015

The following annotation is used in the mark scheme.

- ;** - means a single mark
 - //** - means alternative response
 - /** - means an alternative word or sub-phrase
 - A** - means acceptable creditworthy answer
 - R** - means reject answer as not creditworthy
 - NE** - means not enough
 - I** - means ignore
 - DPT** - in some questions a specific error made by a candidate, if repeated, could result in the loss of more than one mark. The **DPT** label indicates that this mistake should only result in a candidate losing one mark, on the first occasion that the error is made. Provided that the answer remains understandable, subsequent marks should be awarded as if the error was not being repeated.
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Level of response marking instructions

Level of response mark schemes are broken down into a number of levels, each of which has a descriptor. The descriptor for the level shows the average performance for the level. There are a range of marks in each level. The descriptor for the level represents a typical mid-mark performance in that level.

Before applying the mark scheme to a student's answer read through the answer and annotate it (as instructed) to show the qualities that are being looked for. You can then apply the mark scheme.

Step 1 Determine a level

Start at the lowest level of the mark scheme and use it as a ladder to see whether the answer meets the descriptor for that level. The descriptor for the level indicates the different qualities that might be seen in the student's answer for that level. If it meets the lowest level then go to the next one and decide if it meets this level, and so on, until you have a match between the level descriptor and the answer. With practice and familiarity you will find that for better answers you will be able to quickly skip through the lower levels of the mark scheme.

When assigning a level you should look at the overall quality of the answer and not look to pick holes in small and specific parts of the answer where the student has not performed quite as well as the rest. If the answer covers different aspects of different levels of the mark scheme you should use a best fit approach for defining the level and then use the variability of the response to help decide the mark within the level. ie if the response is predominantly level 3 with a small amount of level 4 material it would be placed in level 3 but be awarded a mark near the top of the level because of the level 4 content.

Step 2 Determine a mark

Once you have assigned a level you need to decide on the mark. The exemplar materials used during standardisation will help. There will be an answer in the standardising materials which will correspond with each level of the mark scheme. This answer will have been awarded a mark by the Lead Examiner. You can compare the student's answer with the example to determine if it is the same standard, better or worse than the example. You can then use this to allocate a mark for the answer based on the Lead Examiner's mark on the example.

You may well need to read back through the answer as you apply the mark scheme to clarify points and assure yourself that the level and the mark are appropriate.

Indicative content in the mark scheme is provided as a guide for examiners. It is not intended to be exhaustive and you must credit other valid points. Students do not have to cover all of the points mentioned in the indicative content to reach the highest level of the mark scheme.

An answer which contains nothing of relevance to the question must be awarded no marks.

Examiners are required to assign each of the candidates' responses to the most appropriate level according to **its overall quality**, then allocate a single mark within the level. When deciding upon a mark in a level examiners should bear in mind the relative weightings of the assessment objectives. This will be exemplified and reinforced as part of examiner training and standardisation.

Qu	Part	Marking guidance	Total marks									
01	1	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <p>1 mark: B;</p>	1									
01	2	<p>All marks AO2 (analyse)</p> <p>Nathan was not killed with poison (rule a); therefore Peter was not in the kitchen (rule c); therefore Martin was not in the dining room (rule e); therefore Suzanne was in the dining room (rule b); therefore Steve murdered Nathan (rule d).</p> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark: Any correct point from the list above; 1 mark: Any two further correct points from the list above;</p>	2									
02	1	<p>Mark is for AO1 (understanding)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Original state</th> <th>Input</th> <th>New state</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>S3</td> <td>0</td> <td>S4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S3</td> <td>1</td> <td>S2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>1 mark: Table completed as above I. order of rows</p>	Original state	Input	New state	S3	0	S4	S3	1	S2	1
Original state	Input	New state										
S3	0	S4										
S3	1	S2										
02	2	<p>All marks AO2 (analyse)</p> <p>$(0 1)^*((00) (11))(0 1)^*$</p> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark: $(0 1)^*$ at start; 1 mark: $(00) (11)$; 1 mark: $(0 1)^*$ at end;</p> <p>Or</p> <p>Alternative answer $(0 1)^*(11(0 1)^*)((00(0 1)^*))$</p> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark: $(0 1)^*$ at start; 1 mark: $(11(0 1)^*)$; 1 mark: $(00(0 1)^*)$ at end;</p>	3									

		Maximum 2 marks: If final answer not correct. A any regular expression that correctly defines the language.	
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02	3	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Rule number (given in Figure 2)</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Could be defined using a regular expression</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">1</td><td style="text-align: center;">Y</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2</td><td style="text-align: center;">Y</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3</td><td style="text-align: center;">Y</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">4</td><td style="text-align: center;">N</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">5</td><td style="text-align: center;">N</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">6</td><td style="text-align: center;">Y</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>1 mark: All values in the table have been completed correctly.</p>	Rule number (given in Figure 2)	Could be defined using a regular expression	1	Y	2	Y	3	Y	4	N	5	N	6	Y	1
Rule number (given in Figure 2)	Could be defined using a regular expression																
1	Y																
2	Y																
3	Y																
4	N																
5	N																
6	Y																

02	4	<p>1 mark for AO2 (analyse) and 1 mark for AO3 (design)</p> <p>1 mark for AO2 (analyse): There is no non-recursive / base case; 1 mark for AO3 (design): <word> ::= <char><word> <char>;</p>	2
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03	1	<p>Mark is for AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>It contains a cycle / cycles;</p>	1
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03	2	<p>All marks AO2 (apply)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Vertex (in Figure 3)</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Adjacent vertices</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">1</td><td style="text-align: center;">2, 3</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2</td><td style="text-align: center;">1, 3, 4</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3</td><td style="text-align: center;">1, 2, 5</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">4</td><td style="text-align: center;">2</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">5</td><td style="text-align: center;">3</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark: Three correct rows; 1 mark: All rows correct; 1 Order of items within each list/row.</p>	Vertex (in Figure 3)	Adjacent vertices	1	2, 3	2	1, 3, 4	3	1, 2, 5	4	2	5	3	2
Vertex (in Figure 3)	Adjacent vertices														
1	2, 3														
2	1, 3, 4														
3	1, 2, 5														
4	2														
5	3														

03	3	<p>All marks AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>Adjacency list appropriate when there are few edges between vertices // when graph/matrix is sparse; when edges rarely changed; when presence/absence of specific edges does not need to be</p>	2
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		tested (frequently); Max 2 A Alternative words which describe edge, eg connection, line	
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03	4	<p>All marks AO2 (apply)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">NoOfCats</th> <th colspan="3"></th> <th colspan="5">Cat</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark: A is set the sequence indicated in the table; 1 mark: B is set the sequence indicated in the table; 1 mark: C is set the sequence indicated in the table; 1 mark: NoOfCats is set to 5, Cat [1] is set to 1; 1 mark: Cat [2] is set to 2 and Cat [3] is set to 3; 1 mark: Cat [4] is set to 1 and Cat [5] is set to 1;</p> <p>Info for examiner: Ignore the empty cells in the sequences - values do not need to be set in the rows indicated in the table.</p>	NoOfCats				Cat					A	B	C	1	2	3	4	5	5				1						2	1	1								1	2								2			2					3	1	1								1	2								2									1	3								2									3				3				4	1	1								2									3									4					1			5	1	1								2									3									4									5						1	6
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03	5	<p>Mark is for AO2 (analyse)</p> <p>To work out which cats will travel together to the show // To plan which cats will be in the van on which journey to the cat show // To colour the vertices of a graph // To create a decomposition of a graph;</p> <p>Max 1</p>	1
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03	6	<p>All marks AO1 (knowledge)</p> <p>1 mark (1 from): The problem can be solved // algorithm exists for problem; But it cannot be solved in polynomial time // but not quickly enough to be useful;</p> <p>Max 2</p> <p>1 mark: It takes an unreasonable amount of time; to solve; A Too long time but R Long time</p>	2
03	7	<p>All marks AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>1 mark: Use of heuristic; algorithm that makes a guess based on experience; That provides a close-to-optimal solution/approximation; that only works in some cases; A non-optimal</p> <p>Example of heuristic method eg hill-climbing/stochastic/local improvement/greedy algorithms/simulated annealing/trial and error/any reasonable example;</p> <p>1 mark: Relax some of the constraints on the solution; A Solve simpler version of problem</p>	2
04	1	<p>Mark is for AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>False;</p>	1
04	2	<p>Mark is for AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>THEN Failed ← True;</p>	1
04	3	<p>All marks AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>L ← M - 1;</p> <p>Mark as follows: 1 mark: L; 1 mark: ← M - 1;</p> <p>Maximum 1 mark: If not correct</p>	2
04	4	<p>Mark is for AO1 (understanding)</p>	1

		$O(k^n)$; A k^n	
04	5	Mark is for AO1 (knowledge) $O(\log n)$; A $\log n$	1
04	6	Mark is for AO1 (knowledge) $O(1)$; A 1	1
04	7	Mark is for AO1 (knowledge) $O(n)$; A n	1
04	8	All marks AO1 (understanding) 1 mark: As the size of the list increases the time taken to search for an item increases; at the same rate; // 1 mark: A linear search looks at each item in the list in turn (until it reaches the end of the list or the item being searched for is found); so if there are n items in the list the worst case would be n comparisons;	2
05	1	All marks AO2 (apply) $3 * 4$	1
05	2	All marks AO2 (apply) $(12 + 8) * 4$;	1
05	3	Mark for AO1 (understanding) 1 mark: Simpler/easier for a machine/computer to evaluate // simpler/easier to code algorithm R Simpler/easier to understand Do not need brackets (to show correct order of evaluation/calculation); Operators appear in the order required for computation;	1

		No need for order of precedence of operators; No need to backtrack when evaluating; A RPN expressions cannot be ambiguous as Benefit Of Doubt (BOD)	
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06	1	<p>4 marks for AO3 (design) and 8 marks for AO3 (programming)</p> <p><u>Mark Scheme</u></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="320 495 432 562">Level</th> <th data-bbox="432 495 1086 562">Description</th> <th data-bbox="1086 495 1222 562">Mark Range</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="320 562 432 842">4</td> <td data-bbox="432 562 1086 842">A line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a logically structured working or almost fully working programmed solution that meets all of the requirements of Task 1 and some of the requirements of Task 2. All of the appropriate design decisions have been taken. To award 12 marks, all of the requirements of both tasks must be met.</td> <td data-bbox="1086 562 1222 842">10-12</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="320 842 432 1290">3</td> <td data-bbox="432 842 1086 1290">There is evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to produce a logically structured program. The program displays a prompt, inputs the decimal value and includes a loop, which might be a definite or indefinite loop. An attempt has been made to do the integer division, output the remainder within the loop and use the result of the division for the next iteration, although some of this may not work. The solution demonstrates good design work as most of the correct design decisions have been taken. To award 9 marks, all of the requirements of Task 1 must have been met.</td> <td data-bbox="1086 842 1222 1290">7-9</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="320 1290 432 1783">2</td> <td data-bbox="432 1290 1086 1783">A program has been written and some appropriate, syntactically correct programming language statements have been written. There is evidence that a line of reasoning has been partially followed as although the program may not have the required functionality for either task, it can be seen that the response contains some of the statements that would be needed in a working solution to Task 1. There is evidence of some appropriate design work as the response recognises at least one appropriate technique that could be used by a working solution, regardless of whether this has been implemented correctly.</td> <td data-bbox="1086 1290 1222 1783">4-6</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="320 1783 432 2051">1</td> <td data-bbox="432 1783 1086 2051">A program has been written and a few appropriate programming language statements have been written but there is no evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a working solution. The statements written may or may not be syntactically correct. It is unlikely that any of the key design elements of the task have been recognised.</td> <td data-bbox="1086 1783 1222 2051">1-3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Level	Description	Mark Range	4	A line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a logically structured working or almost fully working programmed solution that meets all of the requirements of Task 1 and some of the requirements of Task 2 . All of the appropriate design decisions have been taken. To award 12 marks, all of the requirements of both tasks must be met.	10-12	3	There is evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to produce a logically structured program. The program displays a prompt, inputs the decimal value and includes a loop, which might be a definite or indefinite loop. An attempt has been made to do the integer division, output the remainder within the loop and use the result of the division for the next iteration, although some of this may not work. The solution demonstrates good design work as most of the correct design decisions have been taken. To award 9 marks, all of the requirements of Task 1 must have been met.	7-9	2	A program has been written and some appropriate, syntactically correct programming language statements have been written. There is evidence that a line of reasoning has been partially followed as although the program may not have the required functionality for either task, it can be seen that the response contains some of the statements that would be needed in a working solution to Task 1 . There is evidence of some appropriate design work as the response recognises at least one appropriate technique that could be used by a working solution, regardless of whether this has been implemented correctly.	4-6	1	A program has been written and a few appropriate programming language statements have been written but there is no evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a working solution. The statements written may or may not be syntactically correct. It is unlikely that any of the key design elements of the task have been recognised.	1-3	12
Level	Description	Mark Range																
4	A line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a logically structured working or almost fully working programmed solution that meets all of the requirements of Task 1 and some of the requirements of Task 2 . All of the appropriate design decisions have been taken. To award 12 marks, all of the requirements of both tasks must be met.	10-12																
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1	A program has been written and a few appropriate programming language statements have been written but there is no evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a working solution. The statements written may or may not be syntactically correct. It is unlikely that any of the key design elements of the task have been recognised.	1-3																

		<p><u>Guidance</u></p> <p>Task 1:</p> <p>Evidence of AO3 (design) - 3 points:</p> <p>Evidence of design to look for in responses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying that an indefinite loop must be used (as the length of the input is variable) • Identifying the correct Boolean condition to terminate the loop • Correct identification of which commands belong inside and outside the loop <p>Note that AO3 (design) points are for selecting appropriate techniques to use to solve the problem, so should be credited whether the syntax of programming language statements is correct or not and regardless of whether the solution works.</p> <p>Evidence of AO3 (programming) – 6 points:</p> <p>Evidence of programming to look for in responses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prompt displayed • Value input by user and stored into a variable with a suitable name • Loop structure coded • Remainder of integer division calculated • Remainder of integer division output to screen • Result of integer division calculated and assigned to variable so that it will be used in the division operation for the next iteration <p>Note that AO3 (programming) points are for programming and so should only be awarded for syntactically correct code.</p> <p>Task 2:</p> <p>Evidence of AO3 (design) - 1 point:</p> <p>Evidence of design to look for in responses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A sensible method adopted for reversing the output eg appending to a string or storing into an array 	
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	<p>Note that AO3 (design) points are for selecting appropriate techniques to use to solve the problem, so should be credited whether the syntax of programming language statements is correct or not and regardless of whether the solution works.</p> <p>Evidence of AO3 (programming) – 2 points:</p> <p>Evidence of programming to look for in responses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After each iteration remainder digit is stored into array/string or similar • At end of program bits output in correct order <p>Note that AO3 (programming) points are for programming and so should only be awarded for syntactically correct code.</p> <p><u>Example Solution VB.Net</u></p> <p>Task 1:</p> <pre>Dim DecimalNumber As Integer Dim ResultOfDivision As Integer Dim BinaryDigit As Integer Console.WriteLine("Please enter decimal number to convert") DecimalNumber = Console.ReadLine Do ResultOfDivision = DecimalNumber \ 2 BinaryDigit = DecimalNumber Mod 2 Console.Write(BinaryDigit) DecimalNumber = ResultOfDivision Loop Until ResultOfDivision = 0</pre> <p>Task 2:</p> <pre>Dim DecimalNumber As Integer Dim ResultOfDivision As Integer Dim BinaryDigit As Integer Dim BinaryString As String Console.WriteLine("Please enter decimal number to convert") DecimalNumber = Console.ReadLine BinaryString = ""</pre>	
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	<pre> Do ResultOfDivision = DecimalNumber \ 2 BinaryDigit = DecimalNumber Mod 2 BinaryString = BinaryDigit.ToString() + BinaryString DecimalNumber = ResultOfDivision Loop Until ResultOfDivision = 0 Console.WriteLine(BinaryString) <u>Example Solution Pascal</u> Task 1: Var DecimalNumber, ResultOfDivision, BinaryDigit : Integer; Begin Writeln('Please enter decimal number to convert'); Readln(DecimalNumber); Repeat ResultofDivision := DecimalNumber Div 2; BinaryDigit := DecimalNumber Mod 2; Write(BinaryDigit); DecimalNumber := ResultOfDivision; Until ResultOfDivison = 0; Readln; End. Task 2: Var DecimalNumber, ResultOfDivision, BinaryDigit : Integer; BinaryString : String; Begin Writeln('Please enter decimal number to convert'); Readln(DecimalNumber); BinaryString := ''; Repeat ResultofDivision := DecimalNumber Div 2; BinaryDigit := DecimalNumber Mod 2; BinaryString := IntToStr(BinaryDigit) + BinaryString; DecimalNumber := ResultOfDivision; Until ResultOfDivision = 0; Writeln(BinaryString) ; Readln; </pre>	
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	<p>End.</p> <p><u>Example Solution Python 3.x</u></p> <p>Task 1:</p> <pre>print("Input a decimal number to convert to binary: ", end = '') decimal = int(input()) while decimal != 0: print(decimal % 2, end = '') decimal //= 2</pre> <p>Task 2:</p> <pre>print("Input a decimal number to convert to binary: ", end = '') decimal = int(input()) result = "" while decimal != 0: result = str(decimal % 2) + result decimal //= 2 print(result)</pre> <p>Alternative answers using break:</p> <p>Task 1:</p> <pre>print("Input a decimal number to convert to binary: ", end = '') decimal = int(input()) while True: print(decimal % 2, end = '') decimal //= 2 if decimal == 0: break</pre> <p>Task 2:</p> <pre>print("Input a decimal number to convert to binary: ", end = '') decimal = int(input()) result = "" while True: result = str(decimal % 2) + result decimal //= 2 if decimal == 0: break print(result)</pre>	
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Example Solution Python 2.x**Task 1:**

```
print "Input a decimal number to convert to  
binary:",  
decimal = int(input())
```

```
while decimal != 0:  
    print decimal % 2,  
    decimal /= 2
```

Task 2:

```
print "Input a decimal number to convert to  
binary:",  
decimal = int(input())
```

```
result = ""  
while decimal != 0:  
    result = str(decimal % 2) + result  
    decimal /= 2
```

```
print(result)
```

Alternative answers using break:**Task 1:**

```
print "Input a decimal number to convert to  
binary:",  
decimal = int(input())
```

```
while True:  
    print decimal % 2,  
    decimal /= 2  
    if decimal == 0:  
        break
```

Task 2:

```
print "Input a decimal number to convert to  
binary:",  
decimal = int(input())
```

```
result = ""  
while True:  
    result = str(decimal % 2) + result  
    decimal /= 2
```

```
    if decimal == 0:  
        break
```

```
print result
```

	<p>A. Use of // (floor division) or / (division) in Python 2.x. Python 3.x must use //</p> <p><u>Example Solution C#</u></p> <p>Task 1:</p> <pre>int DecimalNumber; int ResultOfDivision; int BinaryDigit; Console.WriteLine("Please enter decimal number to convert"); DecimalNumber = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine()); do { ResultOfDivision = DecimalNumber / 2; BinaryDigit = DecimalNumber % 2; Console.Write(BinaryDigit); DecimalNumber = ResultOfDivision; } while (ResultOfDivision != 0);</pre> <p>Task 2:</p> <pre>int DecimalNumber; int ResultOfDivision; int BinaryDigit; string BinaryString; Console.WriteLine("Please enter decimal number to convert"); DecimalNumber = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine()); BinaryString = ""; do { ResultOfDivision = DecimalNumber / 2; BinaryDigit = DecimalNumber % 2; BinaryString = Convert.ToString(BinaryDigit) + BinaryString; DecimalNumber = ResultOfDivision; } while (ResultOfDivision != 0); Console.WriteLine(BinaryString);</pre> <p><u>Example Solution Java</u></p> <p>Task 1:</p> <pre>int decimalNumber; int resultOfDivision; int binaryDigit;</pre>	
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		<pre> decimalNumber = console.readInteger("Please enter decimal number to convert"); do { resultOfDivision = decimalNumber / 2; binaryDigit = decimalNumber % 2; console.print(binaryDigit); decimalNumber = resultOfDivision; } while (resultOfDivision != 0); Task 2: int decimalNumber; int resultOfDivision; int binaryDigit; String binaryString; decimalNumber = console.readInteger("Please enter decimal number to convert"); binaryString = ""; do { resultOfDivision = decimalNumber / 2; binaryDigit = decimalNumber % 2; binaryString = Integer.toString(binaryDigit) + binaryString; decimalNumber = resultOfDivision; } while (resultOfDivision != 0); console.println(binaryString); </pre>	
06	2	<p>All marks AO3 (evaluate)</p> <p>****SCREEN CAPTURE(S)****</p> <p>Info for examiner: Must match code from 06.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. Code for 06.1 must be sensible.</p> <p>1 mark: Display of suitable prompt and user input of value 210; 1 mark: Display of correct bits in reverse (01001011) or forward (11010010) order;</p> <p>A. Each bit value displayed on a separate line A. Each bit value followed by a space</p>	2

07	1	<p>All marks AO2 (analyse)</p> <p>1 mark: The arrow should be pointing towards the base class; 1 mark: There is no class called <code>Monster</code> // it should say <code>Enemy</code>, not <code>Monster</code>;</p>	2
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07	2	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <p>VB.Net</p> <pre>Dim MyGame As New Game(False) // Dim MyGame As New Game(True) // Private Player As New Character // Private Cavern As New Grid(NSDistance, WEDistance) // Private Monster As New Enemy // Private Flask As New Item // Private Trap1 As New Trap // Private Trap2 As New Trap;</pre> <p>Pascal</p> <pre>MyGame := Game.Create(false); // MyGame := Game.Create(true); // Player := Character.Create; // Cavern := Grid.Create(NS,WE); // Monster := Enemy.Create; // Flask := Item.Create; // Trap1 := Trap.Create; // Trap2 := Trap.Create;</pre> <p>Python</p> <pre>MyGame = Game(False) // MyGame = Game(True) // self.Player = Character() // self.Cavern = Grid(NS, WE) // self.Monster = Enemy() // self.Flask = Item() // self.Trap1 = Trap() // self.Trap2 = Trap() // Position = CellReference() //</pre> <p>C#</p> <pre>private Character Player = new Character(); // private Grid Cavern = new Grid(); // private Enemy Monster = new Enemy(); // private Item Flask = new Item(); //</pre>	1
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		<pre>private Trap Trap1 = new Trap(); // private Trap Trap2 = new Trap(); // Game NewGame = new Game(false); // Game TrainingGame = new Game(true); // Random rnd = new Random(); Java private Character player = new Character(); // private Grid cavern = new Grid(); // private Enemy monster = new Enemy(); // private Item flask = new Item(); // private Trap trap1 = new Trap(); // private Trap trap2 = new Trap(); // Game newGame = new Game(false); // Game trainingGame = new Game(true); // Random rnd = new Random();</pre> <p>R If any additional code R If spelt incorrectly I Case</p>	
07	3	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <p>VB.Net/Pascal/Python CavernState;</p> <p>R If any additional code R If spelt incorrectly I Case</p>	1
07	4	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <p>Trap // Character // Enemy;</p> <p>A SleepyEnemy R If any additional code R If spelt incorrectly I Case</p>	1
07	5	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <p>Choice // NoOfCellsEast // NoOfCellsSouth // Count // NS // WE // Count1 // Count2;</p>	1

		R If any additional code R If spelt incorrectly I Case	
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07	6	<p>Mark is for AO2 (apply)</p> <p>Game;</p> <p>R If any additional code R If spelt incorrectly I Case</p>	1
07	7	<p>Mark is for AO2 (analyse)</p> <p>So that a position of (0,0) is rejected // so that the item can't be in the player's starting position;</p>	1
07	8	<p>Marks are for AO1 (understanding)</p> <p>Makes the program code easier to understand; Makes it easier to update the program; Makes it easier to change the size of the cavern (in the game);</p> <p>Max 2 points from the list above</p>	Max 2
07	9	<p>Marks are for AO2 (analyse)</p> <p>1 mark: Create a new object (Trap3) of class Trap; 1 mark: Change the (3rd) If statement in the PlayGame subroutine by adding conditions to check if the player is in the same cell as Trap3 and that Trap3 has not been triggered already;</p>	2
08	1	<p>Marks are for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>1 mark: Selection structure with one correct condition; 1 mark: Both conditions correct and correct logical operator(s); 1 mark: Subroutine returns the correct True/False value under all conditions;</p> <p>A New conditions added to existing selection structure</p> <p>VB.Net Public Function CheckValidMove(ByVal Direction As Char) As Boolean Dim ValidMove As Boolean ValidMove = True If Not (Direction = "N" Or Direction = "S" Or Direction = "W" Or Direction = "E" Or Direction = "M") Then ValidMove = False</p>	3

		<pre> End If If Direction = "W" And Player.GetPosition.NoOfCellsEast = 0 Then ValidMove = False End If Return ValidMove End Function Pascal Function Game.CheckValidMove(Direction : char) : Boolean; Var ValidMove : Boolean; Begin ValidMove := True; If Not(Direction In ['N', 'S', 'W', 'E', 'M']) Then ValidMove := False; If (Direction = 'W') And (Player.GetPosition.NoOfCellsEast = 0) Then ValidMove := False; CheckValidMove := ValidMove; End; Python (2.x or 3.x) def CheckValidMove(self, Direction): ValidMove = True if not(Direction in ['N', 'S', 'W', 'E', 'M']): ValidMove = False if Direction == 'W' and self.Player.GetPosition().NoOfCellsEast == 0: ValidMove = False return ValidMove C# public Boolean CheckValidMove(char Direction) { Boolean ValidMove; ValidMove = true; if (!(Direction == 'N' Direction == 'S' Direction == 'W' Direction == 'E' Direction == 'M')) { ValidMove = false; } if (Direction == 'W' && Player.GetPosition().NoOfCellsEast == 0) { ValidMove = false; } } </pre>	
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	<pre>return ValidMove; }</pre> <p>Java</p> <pre>public boolean checkValidMove(char direction) { boolean validMove; validMove = true; if (!(direction == 'N' direction == 'S' direction == 'W' direction == 'E' direction == 'M')) { validMove = false; } if (direction == 'W' && player.getPosition().noOfCellsEast == 0) { validMove = false; } return validMove; }</pre>	
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08	2	<p>Marks are for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>1 mark: Selection structure with correct condition added in correct place in the code; 1 mark: Correct error message displayed which will be displayed when move is invalid, and only when the move is invalid;</p> <p>I Case of output message A Minor typos in output message I Spacing in output message</p> <p>VB.Net</p> <pre> ... ValidMove = CheckValidMove(MoveDirection) If Not ValidMove Then Console.WriteLine("That is not a valid move, please try again") End If Loop Until ValidMove ... </pre> <p>Pascal</p> <pre> ... ValidMove := CheckValidMove(MoveDirection); If Not ValidMove Then Writeln('That is not a valid move, please try again'); Until ValidMove; </pre> <p>Python 3.x</p> <pre> ValidMove = False while not ValidMove: self.DisplayMoveOptions() MoveDirection = self.GetMove() ValidMove = self.CheckValidMove(MoveDirection) if not ValidMove: print("That is not a valid move, please try again") </pre> <p>R. If indentation not correct (if not ValidMove: must be at same indent as rest of code inside while loop)</p> <p>Python 2.x</p> <pre> ValidMove = False while not ValidMove: self.DisplayMoveOptions() MoveDirection = self.GetMove() </pre>	2
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		<pre> ValidMove = self.CheckValidMove(MoveDirection) if not ValidMove: print "That is not a valid move, please try again" R. If indentation not correct (if not ValidMove: must be at same indent as rest of code inside while loop) C# . . . MoveDirection = GetMove(); ValidMove = CheckValidMove(MoveDirection); if (!ValidMove) { Console.WriteLine("That is not a valid move, please try again"); } } while (!ValidMove); . . . Java ... moveDirection = getMove(); validMove = checkValidMove(moveDirection); if (!validMove) { console.println("That is not a valid move, please try again"); } } while (!validMove); ... </pre>	
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08	3	<p>Mark is for AO3 (evaluate)</p> <p>****SCREEN CAPTURE(S)****</p> <p><i>Must match code from 39 and 40, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. Code for 39 and 40 must be sensible</i></p> <p>Screen capture(s) showing the error message being displayed after the player tried to move to the west from a cell at the western end of the cavern;</p> <p>A Alternative output messages if match code for 08.2</p>	1
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09	1	<p>Marks are for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>1 mark: SleepyEnemy class created; 1 mark: Inheritance from Enemy class; 1 mark: MovesTillSleep property declared; 1 mark: Subroutine MakeMove that overrides the one in the base class; 1 mark: MovesTillSleep decremented in the MakeMove subroutine; 1 mark: Selection structure in MakeMove that calls ChangeSleepStatus if the value of MovesTillSleep is 0; A Changing Awake property instead of call to ChangeSleepStatus 1 mark: Subroutine ChangeSleepStatus that overrides the one in the base class; 1 mark: Value of MovesTillSleep set to 4 in the ChangeSleepStatus subroutine;</p> <p>I Case of identifiers A Minor typos in identifiers</p> <p>VB.Net Class SleepyEnemy Inherits Enemy Private MovesTillSleep As Integer</p> <p>Public Overrides Sub MakeMove(ByVal PlayerPosition As CellReference) MyBase.MakeMove(PlayerPosition) MovesTillSleep = MovesTillSleep - 1 If MovesTillSleep = 0 Then ChangeSleepStatus() End If End Sub</p> <p>Public Overrides Sub ChangeSleepStatus() MyBase.ChangeSleepStatus() MovesTillSleep = 4 End Sub End Class</p> <p>Pascal SleepyEnemy = Class(Enemy) Strict Private MovesTillSleep : Integer; Public Procedure ChangeSleepStatus; Override; Procedure MakeMove(PlayerPosition: CellReference); Override;</p>	8
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		<pre> End; Procedure SleepyEnemy.ChangeSleepStatus; Begin Inherited; MovesTillSleep := 4; End; Procedure SleepyEnemy.MakeMove(PlayerPosition: CellReference); Begin Inherited; MovesTillSleep := MovesTillSleep - 1; If MovesTillSleep = 0 Then ChangeSleepStatus; End; Python 3.x/2.x class SleepyEnemy(Enemy): def __init__(self): Enemy.__init__(self) self.MovesTillSleep = 4 def ChangeSleepStatus(self): Enemy.ChangeSleepStatus(self) self.MovesTillSleep = 4 def MakeMove(self, PlayerPosition): Enemy.MakeMove(self, PlayerPosition) self.MovesTillSleep -= 1 if self.MovesTillSleep == 0: self.ChangeSleepStatus() A No explicit initialisation of new instance, i.e., no SleepyEnemy.__init__ C# class SleepyEnemy : Enemy { private int MovesTillSleep; public override void MakeMove(CellReference PlayerPosition) { base.MakeMove(PlayerPosition); MovesTillSleep = MovesTillSleep - 1; } } </pre>	
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	<pre> if (MovesTillSleep == 0) { ChangeSleepStatus(); } } public override void ChangeSleepStatus() { base.ChangeSleepStatus(); MovesTillSleep = 4; } }</pre> <p>Java</p> <pre>class SleepyEnemy extends Enemy { private int movesTillSleep; public void makeMove(CellReference playerPosition) { super.makeMove(playerPosition); movesTillSleep = movesTillSleep - 1; if (movesTillSleep == 0) { changeSleepStatus(); } } public void changeSleepStatus() { super.changeSleepStatus(); movesTillSleep = 4; } }</pre>	
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09	2	<p>Marks are for AO3 (evaluate)</p> <p>****SCREEN CAPTURE(S)****</p> <p>Info for examiner: Must match code from 09.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. Code for 09.1 must be sensible.</p> <p>1 mark: Screen capture(s) showing the player moving east and then east again at the start of the training game. The monster then wakes up and moves two cells nearer to the player. The player then moves south;</p> <p>1 mark: The monster moves two cells nearer to the player and then disappears from the cavern display;</p>	2
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10	1	<p>Mark is for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>Appropriate option added to menu;</p> <p>VB.Net</p> <pre>Public Sub DisplayMoveOptions () Console.WriteLine () Console.WriteLine ("Enter N to move NORTH") Console.WriteLine ("Enter S to move SOUTH") Console.WriteLine ("Enter E to move EAST") Console.WriteLine ("Enter W to move WEST") Console.WriteLine ("Enter A to shoot an arrow") Console.WriteLine ("Enter M to return to the Main Menu") Console.WriteLine () End Sub</pre> <p>Pascal</p> <pre>Procedure Game.DisplayMoveOptions; Begin Writeln; Writeln('Enter N to move NORTH'); Writeln('Enter E to move EAST'); Writeln('Enter S to move SOUTH'); Writeln('Enter W to move WEST'); Writeln('Enter A to shoot an Arrow'); Writeln('Enter M to return to the Main Menu'); Writeln; End;</pre> <p>Python 3.x</p> <pre>def DisplayMoveOptions(self): print() print("Enter N to move NORTH")</pre>	1
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		<pre> print("Enter S to move SOUTH") print("Enter E to move EAST") print("Enter W to move WEST") print("Enter A to shoot an arrow") print("Enter M to return to the Main Menu") print() Python 2.x As for Python 3, but print () should be just print, and other parentheses may be missing C# public void DisplayMoveOptions() { Console.WriteLine(); Console.WriteLine("Enter N to move NORTH"); Console.WriteLine("Enter S to move SOUTH"); Console.WriteLine("Enter E to move EAST"); Console.WriteLine("Enter W to move WEST"); Console.WriteLine("Enter A to shoot an arrow"); Console.WriteLine("Enter M to return to the Main Menu"); Console.WriteLine(); } Java public void displayMoveOptions() { console.println(); console.println("Enter N to move NORTH"); console.println("Enter S to move SOUTH"); console.println("Enter E to move EAST"); console.println("Enter W to move WEST"); ccnsole.println("Enter A to shoot an arrow"); console.println("Enter M to return to the Main Menu"); console.println(); } </pre>	
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10	2	<p>Marks are for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>1 mark: Direction of A is allowed; 1 mark: Direction of A allowed only if player has got an arrow;</p> <p>Maximum 1 mark: If any other invalid moves would be allowed or any valid moves not allowed</p>	2
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	<p>VB.Net</p> <pre>Public Function CheckValidMove(ByVal Direction As Char) As Boolean Dim ValidMove As Boolean ValidMove = True If Not (Direction = "N" Or Direction = "S" Or Direction = "W" Or Direction = "E" Or Direction = "M" Or Direction = "A") Then ValidMove = False End If If Direction = "A" And Not Player.GetHasArrow Then ValidMove = False End If Return ValidMove End Function</pre> <p>Pascal</p> <pre>Function Game.CheckValidMove(Direction : Char) : Boolean; Var ValidMove : Boolean; Begin ValidMove := True; If Not(Direction In ['N', 'S', 'W', 'E', 'A', 'M']) Then ValidMove := False; If (Direction = 'A') And (Player.GetHasArrow = False) Then ValidMove := False; CheckValidMove := ValidMove; End;</pre> <p>Python 3.x/2.x</p> <pre>def CheckValidMove(self, Direction): ValidMove = True if not(Direction in ['N', 'S', 'W', 'E', 'A', 'M']): ValidMove = False if Direction == 'A' and self.Player.GetHasArrow() == False: ValidMove = False return ValidMove</pre> <p>A return instead of assignment to ValidMove</p> <p>Alternative</p> <pre>def CheckValidMove(self, Direction):</pre>	
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		<pre> ValidMove = True if not(Direction in ['N', 'S', 'W', 'E', 'A', 'M']): ValidMove = False if Direction == 'A': ValidMove = self.Player.GetHasArrow() return ValidMove </pre> <p>A return instead of assignment to ValidMove</p> <p>C#</p> <pre> public Boolean CheckValidMove(char Direction) { Boolean ValidMove; ValidMove = true; if (!(Direction == 'N' Direction == 'S' Direction == 'W' Direction == 'E' Direction == 'M' Direction == 'A')) { ValidMove = false; } if (Direction == 'A' && !Player.GetHasArrow()) { ValidMove = false; } return ValidMove; } </pre> <p>Java</p> <pre> public boolean checkValidMove(char direction) { boolean validMove; validMove = true; if (!(direction == 'N' direction == 'S' direction == 'W' direction == 'E' direction == 'M' direction == 'A')) { validMove = false; } if (direction == 'A' && !player.getHasArrow()) { validMove = false; } return validMove; } </pre>	
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10	3	<p>Marks are for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>1 mark: Property HasArrow created;</p> <p>1 mark: HasArrow set to True when an object is instantiated;</p> <p>1 mark: Subroutine GetHasArrow created;</p> <p>1 mark: GetHasArrow returns the value of HasArrow;</p>	8
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	<p>1 mark: Subroutine <code>GetArrowDirection</code> created;</p> <p>1 mark: <code>GetArrowDirection</code> has an appropriate output message and then gets a value entered by the user;</p> <p>1 mark: In <code>GetArrowDirection</code>, value keeps being obtained from user until it is one of N, S, W or E;</p> <p>1 mark: <code>HasArrow</code> is set to <code>False</code> in <code>GetArrowDirection</code>;</p> <p>I Additional output messages I Case of identifiers A Minor typos in identifiers</p> <p>VB.Net Class <code>Character</code> Inherits <code>Item</code> Private HasArrow As Boolean Public Sub <code>MakeMove</code>(ByVal <code>Direction</code> As Char) Select Case <code>Direction</code> Case "N" <code>NoOfCellsSouth</code> = <code>NoOfCellsSouth</code> - 1 Case "S" <code>NoOfCellsSouth</code> = <code>NoOfCellsSouth</code> + 1 Case "W" <code>NoOfCellsEast</code> = <code>NoOfCellsEast</code> - 1 Case "E" <code>NoOfCellsEast</code> = <code>NoOfCellsEast</code> + 1 End Select End Sub</p> <p>Public Sub New() <code>HasArrow</code> = <code>True</code> End Sub</p> <p>Public Function GetHasArrow() As Boolean Return <code>HasArrow</code> End Function</p> <p>Public Function GetArrowDirection() As Char Dim <code>Direction</code> As Char Do Console.WriteLine("What direction (E, W, S, N) would you like to shoot in?") <code>Direction</code> = Console.ReadLine Loop Until <code>Direction</code> = "E" Or <code>Direction</code> = "W" Or <code>Direction</code> = "S" Or <code>Direction</code> = "N" <code>HasArrow</code> = <code>False</code> Return <code>Direction</code> End Function</p> End Class	
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	<pre> Pascal Character = Class(Item) Strict Private HasArrow: Boolean; Public Constructor Create; Procedure MakeMove(Direction : Char); Function GetHasArrow : Boolean; Function GetArrowDirection : Char; End; Constructor Character.Create; Begin HasArrow := True; End; Function Character.GetArrowDirection : Char; Var Direction : Char; Begin Repeat Writeln('What direction (E,W,S,N) would you like to shoot in?'); Readln(Direction); Until Direction In ['E', 'W', 'S', 'N']; HasArrow := False; GetArrowDirection := Direction; End; Function Character.GetHasArrow : Boolean; Begin GetHasArrow := HasArrow; End; Python 3.x/2.x class Character(Item): def __init__(self): Item.__init__(self) self.HasArrow = True def MakeMove(self, Direction): if Direction == 'N': self.NoOfCellsSouth = self.NoOfCellsSouth - 1 elif Direction == 'S': self.NoOfCellsSouth = self.NoOfCellsSouth + 1 elif Direction == 'W': self.NoOfCellsEast = self.NoOfCellsEast - 1 elif Direction == 'E': self.NoOfCellsEast = self.NoOfCellsEast + 1 </pre>	
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	<pre> def GetHasArrow(self): return self.HasArrow def GetArrowDirection(self): print() print("Enter N to shoot NORTH") print("Enter S to shoot SOUTH") print("Enter E to shoot EAST") print("Enter W to shoot WEST") print() while True: Shoot = input() if Shoot != "" and Shoot[0] in ['N', 'S', 'E', 'W']: self.HasArrow = False return Shoot[0] else: print("Not a valid direction. Please enter N, S, E or W") C# class Character : Item { private Boolean HasArrow; public void MakeMove(char Direction) { switch(direction) { case 'N' : NoOfCellsSouth = NoOfCellsSouth - 1; break; case 'S' : NoOfCellsSouth = NoOfCellsSouth + 1; break; case 'W' : NoOfCellEast = NoOfCellsEast - 1; break; case 'E' : NoOfCellsEast = NoOfCellsEast + 1; break; } } public Character() { HasArrow = true; } public Boolean getHasArrow() { return HasArrow; } </pre>	
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	<pre> public char GetArrowDirection() { char Direction; do { Console.Write("What direction (E, W, S, N) would you like to shoot in?"); Direction = char.Parse(Console.ReadLine()); } while (!(Direction == 'E' Direction == 'W' Direction == 'S' Direction == 'N')); HasArrow = false; return Direction; } } Java class Character extends Item { private boolean hasArrow; public void makeMove(char direction) { switch(direction) { case 'N' : noOfCellsSouth = noOfCellsSouth - 1; break; case 'S' : noOfCellsSouth = noOfCellsSouth + 1; break; case 'W' : noOfCellEast = noOfCellsEast - 1; break; case 'E' : noOfCellsEast = noOfCellsEast + 1; break; } } public Character() { hasArrow = true; } public boolean getHasArrow() { return hasArrow; } public char getArrowDirection() { char direction; do { console.print("What direction (E, W, S, N) would you like to shoot in?"); direction = console.readChar(); } while (!(direction == 'E' direction == 'W' direction == 'S' direction == 'N')); hasArrow = false; return direction; } } </pre>	
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		}	
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10	4	<p>Marks are for AO3 (programming)</p> <p>1 mark: Check for A having been entered – added in a sensible place in the code; 1 mark: If A was entered there is a call to <code>GetArrowDirection</code>; 1 mark: Selection structure that checks if the arrow direction is N; 1 mark: Detects if the monster is in any of the cells directly north of the player's current position; 1 mark: If the monster has been hit by an arrow then the correct output message is displayed and the value of <code>FlaskFound</code> is set to <code>True</code>; 1 mark: The code for moving the player and updating the cavern display is inside an <i>else</i> structure (or equivalent, e.g., correctly indented in Python) so that this code is not executed if the player chooses to shoot an arrow;</p> <p>I Case of output message A Minor typos in output message I Spacing in output message</p> <p>VB.Net <pre> If MoveDirection <> "M" Then If MoveDirection = "A" Then MoveDirection = Player.GetArrowDirection Select MoveDirection Case "N" If Monster.GetPosition.NoOfCellsSouth < Player.GetPosition.NoOfCellsSouth And Monster.GetPosition.NoOfCellsEast = Player.GetPosition.NoOfCellsEast Then Console.WriteLine("You have shot the monster and it cannot stop you finding the flask") FlaskFound = True End If End Select Else Cavern.PlaceItem(Player.GetPosition, " ") Player.MakeMove(MoveDirection) Cavern.PlaceItem(Player.GetPosition, "*") Cavern.Display(Monster.GetAwake) FlaskFound = Player.CheckIfSameCell(Flask.GetPosition) End If If FlaskFound Then ... End If End If </pre></p>	6
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		<p>Pascal</p> <pre> If MoveDirection <> 'M' Then Begin If MoveDirection = 'A' Then Case Player.GetArrowDirection Of 'N': If (Monster.GetPosition.NoOfCellsSouth < Player.GetPosition.NoOfCellsSouth) And (Monster.GetPosition.NoOfCellsEast = Player.GetPosition.NoOfCellsEast) Then Begin Writeln('You have shot the monster and it cannot stop you finding the flask'); FlaskFound := True; End; End; Else Begin Cavern.PlaceItem(Player.GetPosition, ' '); Player.MakeMove(MoveDirection); Cavern.PlaceItem(Player.GetPosition, '*'); Cavern.Display(Monster.GetAwake); FlaskFound := Player.CheckIfSameCell(Flask.GetPosition); End; If FlaskFound Then ... </pre> <p>Python 3.x/2.x</p> <pre> if MoveDirection != 'M': if MoveDirection == 'A': ShootDirection = self.Player.GetArrowDirection() if ShootDirection == 'N': if (self.Player.GetPosition().NoOfCellsEast == self.Monster.GetPosition().NoOfCellsEast) and (self.Player.GetPosition().NoOfCellsSouth > self.Monster.GetPosition().NoOfCellsSouth): print("You have shot the monster and it cannot stop you finding the flask") FlaskFound = True else: self.Cavern.PlaceItem(self.Player ... </pre> <p>C#</p> <pre> if (MoveDirection != 'M') { if (MoveDirection == 'A') { </pre>	
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		<pre> MoveDirection = Player.GetArrowDirection(); switch (MoveDirection) { case 'N' : if (Monster.GetPosition().NoOfCellsSouth < Player.GetPosition().NoOfCellsSouth && Monster.GetPosition().NoOfCellsEast == Player.GetPosition().NoOfCellsEast) { Console.WriteLine("You have shot the monster and it cannot stop you finding the flask"); FlaskFound = true; break; } } else { Cavern.PlaceItem(Player.GetPosition(), " "); Player.MakeMove(MoveDirection); Cavern.PlaceItem(player.GetPosition(), "*"); Cavern.Display(Monster.GetAwake()); FlaskFound = Player.CheckIfSameCell(Flask.GetPosition()); } if (FlaskFound) { . . . } Java if (moveDirection != 'M') { if (moveDirection == 'A') { moveDirection = player.getArrowDirection(); switch (moveDirection) { case 'N' : if (monster.getPosition().noOfCellsSouth < player.getPosition().noOfCellsSouth && monster.getPosition().noOfCellsEast == player.getPosition().noOfCellsEast) { console.println("You have shot the monster and it cannot stop you finding the flask"); flaskFound = true; break; } } } else { cavern.placeItem(player.getPosition(), " "); player.makeMove(moveDirection); cavern.placeItem(player.getPosition(), "*"); cavern.display(monster.getAwake()); flaskFound = player.checkIfSameCell(flask.getPosition()); } } </pre>	
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		<code>if (flaskFound) { ...</code>	
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10	5	<p>Mark is for AO3 (evaluate)</p> <p>****SCREEN CAPTURE(S)****</p> <p>Info for examiner: Must match code from 10.1, 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. Code for 10.1, 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4 must be sensible.</p> <p>Screen capture(s) showing the user shooting an arrow northwards at the start of the training game and the message about the monster being shot is displayed;</p> <p>A Alternative output messages if match code for 10.4</p>	1
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10	6	<p>Mark is for AO3 (evaluate)</p> <p>****SCREEN CAPTURE(S)****</p> <p>Info for examiner: Must match code from 10.1, 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. Code for 10.1, 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4 must be sensible.</p> <p>Screen capture(s) showing an arrow being shot, no message about the monster being hit is displayed and then the invalid move message is displayed when the player tries to shoot an arrow for a second time;</p>	1
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