

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Advanced GCE

CHEMISTRY

2815/06

Transition Elements

Friday

23 JANUARY 2004

Afternoon

50 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper.
Additional materials:

Data Sheet for Chemistry
Scientific calculator

Candidate Name	Centre Number	Candidate Number

TIME 50 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in the space above.
- Write your Centre number and Candidate number in the boxes above.
- · Answer all the questions.
- Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You will be awarded marks for the quality of written communication where this is indicated in the question.
- You may use a scientific calculator.
- You may use the Data Sheet for Chemistry.
- You are advised to show all the steps in any calculations.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE				
Qu.	Max.	Mark		
1	7			
2	10			
3	9			
4	9			
5	10			
TOTAL	45			

compounds.

2

Answer all the questions.

(a) For three different transition metals, state an important use of the metal or one of its

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[Total: 7]

1	Transition metals a	and their	compounds	are useful	in a	variety	of industrial	and commo	ercia
	situations.		•						

		name of metal or compound	use	
	1			
	2			
	3		[3	[
(b)	The	copper compound Cu ₂ SO ₄ dispropo	rtionates.	
		e this copper compound to explain the equation and relevant oxidation states	meaning of the term <i>disproportionate</i> . Include in your explanation.	е
	••••			
	••••			
				••
	••••	••••••		••
			[4]

3

For Examiner's Use

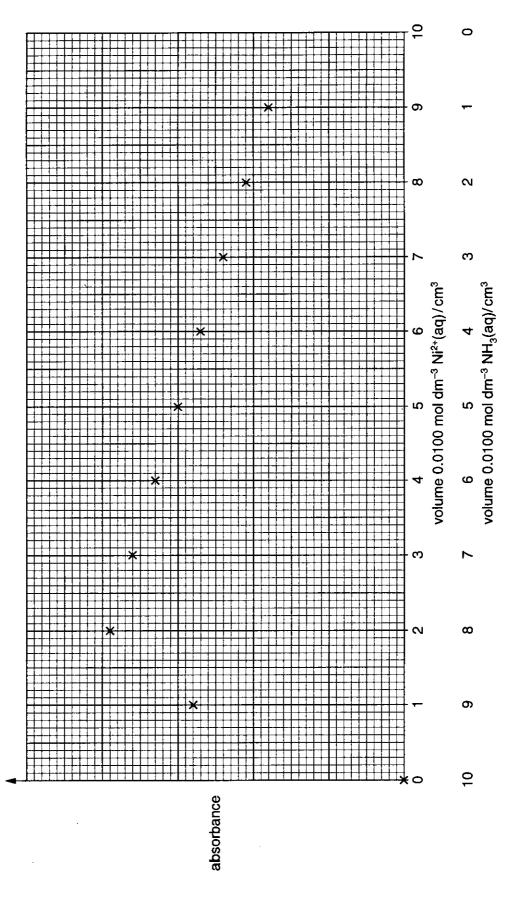
- 2 A cell can be constructed between a Ni $^{2+}$ /Ni half-cell and an I_2 / I^- half-cell.
 - (a) Draw a labelled diagram of this cell operating under standard conditions.

					[5]
(b)	The	standard e	electrode potentials for the	half-cells in this	cell are given below.
		Ni ²⁺ /Ni	E [⊕] = -0.25 V		
		I ₂ /I ⁻	E [⊕] = + 0.54 V		
	(i)	What is th	e standard cell potential c	of this cell?	
					V [1]
	(ii)	Write equa	ations for the reactions the	at occur in each	half-cell.

				•••••••	[2]
((iii)	Write the	overall equation for the rea	action that occur	s in the cell.
		****************			[1]
((iv)	State, and	explain, the direction of f	ow of electrons	in the external circuit.
		***************************************		***************************************	
		************		••••••	[1]
					[Total: 10]

3 A student carried out an experiment to determine the formula of the complex ion formed between Ni²⁺(aq) and NH₃(aq) using colorimetry.

He obtained the results plotted on the axes below.



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3	

For Examiner's Use

(a)	Outline the	e experime	ental proced	ure used by	the studer	nt to obtain	these results.	
		•••••		***************************************				
	***************************************		****************	•••••		************		
	************	•••••	••••••		••••••	*****************		
							••••••	[3]
	Complete you worke			determine ti	he formula	a of the co	omplex ion. Sho	w how
				٠.				
								•
		•						[4]
/_\	The visible		. f					[4]
(c)	The VISIDIE	spectrum	1 for this con	nplex ion is s	nown beic	ow.		
	1	<u> </u>						
							·	
		violet				red		
ab	sorption	,						
		\backslash						
		$ \setminus $				`		
		400		500		600	700	
				waveler	ngth/nm			
;	Suggest, v	vith a reas	on, the colo	ur of this con	nplex ion.			
	***************************************	***************************************						••••••
	•••••				•••••			
					,			[2]

[Total: 9]

[Turn over

4

6

For Examiner's Use

Tita mar	Titanium(IV) oxide, ${\rm TiO_2}$, can be used as a white pigment in horseradish sauce. However, many compounds of transition elements are coloured.					
(a)	Complete the electronic structures of a					
	Ti atom 1s ² 2s ² 2p ⁶					
	Ti^{4+} ion $1s^22s^22p^6$ [2]					
(b)	In this question, one mark is available for the quality of written communication.					
	Explain why compounds of transition elements are usually coloured.					
	Explain why titanium(IV) oxide is not coloured.					
	,					
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
	[6]					
	Quality of Written Communication [1]					
	[Total: 9]					

7

For Examiner's Use

- 5 Chrome alum is used in dyeing and in tanning leather.
 - (a) On heating chrome alum gently, it loses its water of crystallisation. The equation for this is given below.

$$KCr(SO_4)_2.xH_2O \rightarrow KCr(SO_4)_2 + xH_2O$$

chrome alum -

It was found that when 1.73 g of chrome alum was heated, 0.75 g of water was lost.

Show that the value of x in the formula $KCr(SO_4)_2.xH_2O$ is 12.

[3]

- (b) Chrome alum contains the complex ion $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$.
 - (i) Draw a diagram of this complex ion showing its shape and bond angle clearly.

[2]

(ii) What name is given to this shape of complex ion?

.....[1]

8

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(c)	And wat	Another complex ion of chromium contains one chromium(III) ion, four molecules of water and two chloride ions. This complex shows <i>cis-trans</i> isomerism.				
	(i)	Write the formula of this complex ion.				
		[1]				
	(ii)	Draw labelled diagrams to show the cis and trans isomers of this complex ion.				

[3]

[Total: 10]

END OF QUESTION PAPER