

GCE

Applied Science

Unit G622: Monitoring the Activity of the Human Body

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2014

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

© OCR 2014

Annotations



Blank Page – this annotation **must** be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.

			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	а		right atrium;	1	ignore: details e.g. wall/top left/in / on top of reject near to/above right atrium accept: any correct annotation on Fig.1.1.
	b	i	ATP/ adenosine triphosphate;	1	ignore: ADP
		ii	[0 marks] Candidate includes fewer than two correct valid points in the response. [1 - 2 marks] Candidate shows a basic understanding of heart structure and/or blood flow, including at least two valid points but with little or no explanation. With little evidence of a logical order. [3 - 4 marks] Candidate shows an understanding of heart structure and/or blood flow including at least four valid points. The explanation follows some logical order. [5 - 6 marks] Candidate shows a high level of understanding of heart structure and blood flow including at least six valid points. The explanation follows a clear logical order.	6	 valid points atria/atrium contract(s)/ atrial systole AV/atrioventricular/tricuspid/bicuspid, valve opens/ allows blood flow (from atria) into the ventricles role of AVN/ Bundle of His/Purkyne fibres ventricle(s) contract(s)/ ventricular systole blood leaves ventricle(s)/heart, into the arteries (pulmonary/aorta) AV/atrioventricular valves, close/ stop backward flow semilunar valves, open/ allow blood flow AV/atrioventricular valves open/ semilunar valves close, again/at diastole/at start of next cycle
		iii	prevent valve closing (fully)/ leaky valve; allows back flow (of blood);	2	ignore: irregular/inefficient, opening/closing
	С	i	ECG/ electrocardiogram;	1	accept electrocardiograph/ecg ignore trace
		ii	any two from: spike (P or atrial systole) is, (more) pointed/narrower; trough (QRS or ventricular systole), is deeper/goes down/lower; trough should be a peak or trough upside down; following curve (T or diastole/repolarisation) is, bigger/(more) pronounced;	2	ignore references to heart rate e.g. faster ignore reference to beat/strength of contraction

		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	iii	fast(er)/ 100 beats per minute; healthy male pulse rate is 60 – 80 beats per minute;	2	accept high/greater = fast ignore any value above 100 beats per minute ignore references to tachycardia accept any value(s) between 60 and 80
d	i	<u>135/85;</u> <u>mm Hg;</u>	2	
	ii	(Artificial) pacemaker does not respond to adrenaline/hormones; OR Steve's own pacemaker does not respond to adrenaline/ is overridden by artificial pacemaker	1	
		Total	18	

			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	а		X drawn in Fig.2.1 in any region around the red blood cell and inside the blood capillary wall;		accept any correct use of label line/arrow
	b	i	need more energy/ATP;	1	ignore respire aerobically / more respiration
		ii		2	
			(mitochondrion) aerobic;		
			(cytoplasm outside the mitochondrion) anaerobic;		
		iii	any two from: increased rate of reaction; more ATP (released/produced); shift from aerobic to anaerobic respiration/ more anaerobic respiration/ less aerobic respiration;	2	accept increased frequency of reactions/respiration ignore references to CO ₂ accept increased rate of anaerobic respiration = 2marks
			lactic acid produced;		
	С	i	any two from: capillary wall (very) thin/one cell thick/ 0.5 – 2 µm thick;	2	reject cell walls ignore unqualified thin walls
	thin layer of tissue fluid/ capillary is very close to the muscle cells; red blood cell touching the capillary wall;				ignore unqualified thin layers ignore references to plasma

	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
ii	[0 marks] Candidate includes fewer than two correct valid points in the response. [1 - 2 marks] Candidate shows a basic understanding of how oxygen and/or glucose reach the muscle cells, including at least two valid points but with little or no explanation. With little evidence of a logical order. [3 - 4 marks] Candidate shows an understanding how oxygen and glucose reach the muscle cells, including at least four valid points. The explanation follows some logical order. [5 - 6 marks] Candidate shows a high level of understanding how oxygen and glucose reach the muscle cells including at least six valid points. The explanation follows a clear logical order.	6	valid points oxygen uptake/gaseous exchange at alveoli/lungs carried by, (oxy)haemoglobin/red blood cells/plasma glucose uptake in the digestive tract/correctly named part transported (in solution/dissolved) via blood plasma ignore glucose in red blood cells oxygen/glucose correct reference to diffusion at alveoli/digestive tract/muscle cells more oxygen/glucose in alveoli/digestive tract than in blood/follows concentration gradient more oxygen/glucose in blood than in muscle cells/ follows concentration gradient cellular respiration uses oxygen/ glucose
d	any one from narrowing of bronchioles;	1	ignore airways/windpipe/ trachea
	less oxygen reaching the alveoli;		ignore less oxygen reaching lungs

	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
е	any five from: (patient should be) relaxed/at rest/not out of breath; breath in deeply/ take a deep breath/ as much/as far as you can; breath out hard /fast; hold meter horizontal; zero the meter; lips/mouth around mouthpiece; take highest/best of three readings;	5	accept more than one correct response in each box ignore nose clips/ sterilising mouthpiece ignore sitting down/comfortable ignore breathe in hard ignore average
	Total	20	

			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	а		any two from: prevent (air) gap/space; reduce, reflection/loss of (ultrasound) waves / improve transmission/ pass through more easily; enhance quality of image; lubrication/reduce friction;	2	OWTTE accept prevent = reduce ignore creates proper image
	b	i	similarities shows bone/ soft tissue/ internal body structures; black and white; differences any two from: ultrasound show, real time/moving/live, images; ultrasound has a good resolution of soft tissue/named tissue images; ultrasound produces 3D images;	4	OWTTE ignore storage/digitisation of image ORA note if image not specified assume responses refer to ultrasound
		ii	any four from: pass through skin/into body; bounce/reflect off, structures/tissues/boundaries/baby; the intensity/strength of reflection, influences image/ affected by density of structure/tissue; waves are reflected to/detected at probe; crystal (in the probe) converts wave to voltage; voltage converted to image by computer;	4	ignore speed of reflection accept microphone/sensor/detector = probe

		Ex	xpected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance		
С	 i baby: treated, in womb/soon after birth/ condition monitored/ treatment can be planned; Suzy/mother: aware of condition/ may become adjusted to coping with the defect/ could consider a termination; 			2			
	ii	to treatment; mother needs to dec reject new born bab accepting that the bat treatment could hard deciding whether or issues;	aby will have long-terr	terminate pregnanc	y/ may ess;	2	accept poor quality of baby's life
d	i	hazard when taking blood samples reference to sharps/needles reference to blood/open wounds	risk generated by the hazard cutting skin/ blood loss/ contamination/ infection/ contract correct named disease contamination/ infection/ contract correct named disease	reduce the risk to the nurse		6	Only 1 marking point per box Risk must be linked to correct hazard in the same row. Procedure must be linked to correct hazard and/or risk in the same row. ignore scratch as a hazard

		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	ii	any two from:	2	
		used for different tests; repeat/duplicate tests/ more reliable/valid results/ to discount anomalies/outliers/ in case one gets broken/lost; comparison/ later analysis;		ignore accurate results/fair test
е	i	any week between 24and 28;	1	accept when the haemoglobin levels start to increase/ change from 100 to 115;
	ii	any three from: aerobic respiration needs oxygen; haemoglobin carries oxygen/ oxyhaemoglobin formed/ less haemoglobin = less oxygen(carried); cells not receiving sufficient oxygen; rate of respiration drops/ aerobic respiration shifts to anaerobic; less ATP released;	3	allow muscles = cells reject any reference to energy production
		Total	26	

	Expected Answers						Additional Guidance
4	а					5	
		feature measured	values/ range	units			
		breathing rate	15 to 18	breaths per minute			ignore bpm accept breaths per min / breaths min ⁻¹
		tidal volume	0.4 – 0.5	dm ³			
		vital capacity (male)	6.00	dm ³			accep t 6/6.0
		vital capacity (female)	4.25	dm ³			

	Expected Answers			Additional Guidance	
b	for health and for more meaningful results	4	9 correct rows = 4 marks 7 or 8 correct rows = 3 marks 5 or 6 correct rows = 2 marks 4 correct row = 1 mark		
	✓	✓		3 or fewer correct rows = 0 marks	
	✓	✓			
	✓				
		✓			
	✓	✓			
		✓			
		(✓)			
		✓			
		✓			
		✓			
С		athe normally; s much/far as possible; as much/far as possible;	3	<pre>ignore sequence of events ignore relaxed accept big breaths in and out = 2 ignore breathe out/in as hard/ fast as possible</pre>	

	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
d i	trough before peak; trough and peak both greater than tidal volume trace;	2	ignore labels C and D shown in the hand drawn graph
ii	X drawn at or level with a peak and an adjacent trough on Fig.4.2; any value between 0.6 and 0.9;	2	accept alternative, clear indication of calculating reading on graph reject any measurements between points A and B
iii	volume of oxygen used is same as volume of carbon dioxide produced; but carbon dioxide released is absorbed by soda lime; volume of air/oxygen remaining in the chamber drops;	3	ignore general/unqualified reference to oxygen levels dropping
	Total	19	

			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	а	a i any two from: colour change/fluorescence; reaction occurs/completed/ positive result/shows presence of AIDS virus; (protein) recognised/detected; correct reference to specific/ complementary antibody;		2	OWTTE ORA
	ii colour of red blood cells could interfere with colour change;		1	ignore unqualified reference to colour ignore references to contamination of the sample	
		iii	to remove reagents which have not combined/reacted;	1	ignore surplus/excess reagents
	b		any two from:	2	OWTTE
			patient would, become anxious/depressed / change lifestyle; patient may be given unnecessary treatment; others may view the patient in a harmful/negative way; unnecessary testing of partner; patient would avoid sex with partner;		ignore the patient thinks they have AIDS
	С		any one from:	1	
			spread disease/HIV/AIDS; disease untreated;		accept AIDS virus = disease
			Total	7	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)

Head office

Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



