

**ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE
APPLIED BUSINESS**
Understanding the Business Environment

F242



Candidates answer on the Question Paper

OCR Supplied Materials:

- Clean copy Case Study

Other Materials Required:

- Calculator

**Tuesday 12 January 2010
Morning**

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



Candidate Forename		Candidate Surname	
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Centre Number						Candidate Number				
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **100**.
- The Quality of your Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document consists of **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



A calculator may
be used for this
paper

- 1 (a) What is meant by the term 'negative cash-flow'?

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.....

[1]

- (b) State **two** ways in which a business could improve cash-flow.

Way 1:

.....

Way 2:

.....

[2]

- (c) (i) Using the information provided below, complete the unshaded boxes in the cash-flow forecast for the proposed expansion of *HHO Ltd*.

- Average selling price – £800 per hydrocycle
- Cost of parts – £300 per hydrocycle
- 120 hydrocycles are sold in June

Cash-flow forecast for the proposed expansion of *HHO Ltd*

All figures in £	April	May	June	July
Cash Inflow	£	£	£	£
Sales revenue	72 000	80 000		160 000
Total Cash Inflow	72 000	80 000		160 000
Cash Outflow				
Rent	5 000	5 000	5 000	5 000
Loan repayment	3 500	3 500	3 500	3 500
Cost of parts	27 000	30 000		60 000
Wages	5 000	5 000	5 000	5 000
Salaries	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000
Insurance	500	500	500	500
Other	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
Total Cash Outflow	46 000	49 000		
Net Cash Flow	26 000	31 000		81 000
Opening Balance	0		57 000	98 000
Closing Balance		57 000	98 000	179 000

[7]

- (ii) Calculate the sales revenue per hydrocycle if the average selling price drops by 5%.

Show your workings:

Sales revenue per hydrocycle

[2]

- (d) The cash-flow forecast of the proposed expansion of *HHO Ltd* is positive. However, Gillian realises that she needs to be cautious with the way in which she uses these figures.

Identify **two** reasons why she needs to be cautious with the way in which she uses these figures.

Reason 1:

Reason 2:

[2]

- (e) (i) Using the cash-flow forecast in **part (c)(i)**, calculate the cost of direct labour per hydro cycle in June. Give your answer correct to **two** decimal places.

Show your workings:

Cost of direct labour per cycle in June £

[2]

- (ii) State the effect of an increase in output on *HHO Ltd's* cost of direct labour per hydro cycle.

.....
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[1]

[Total: 17]

Turn over

- 2 (a) What is meant by the term 'break-even'?

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[2]

- (b) Using the cash-flow forecast in **Question 1(c)(i)**, identify **three** fixed costs for *HHO Ltd.*

Fixed cost 1:.....

Fixed cost 2:.....

Fixed cost 3:..... [3]

- (c) Using the cash-flow forecast in **Question 1(c)(i)**, calculate the number of hydrocycles which need to be sold each month to break-even.

Show your workings:

Number of hydrocycles which need to be sold each month to break-even

[3]

- (d) Discuss the usefulness of break-even analysis to *HHO Ltd.*

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[12]

[Total: 20]

- 3 The parts needed to build each hydrocycle cost 4 500 Chinese Yuan.
- (a) Using **Appendix 4** of the case study, calculate correct to **two** decimal places the sterling cost of purchasing the parts for **one** hydrocycle:
- (i) for 2004;

Show your workings:

Sterling cost of purchasing the parts for one hydrocycle in 2004 £

[1]

- (ii) for 2009;

Show your workings:

Sterling cost of purchasing the parts for one hydrocycle in 2009 £

[1]

- (b) Calculate the percentage change in the sterling cost of purchasing the parts for **one** hydrocycle between 2004 and 2009.

Show your workings:

Percentage change

[2]

(c)* Discuss the extent to which *HHO Ltd* is affected by changes in the value of sterling.

[12]

[Total: 16]

- 4 (a) Gillian made sure that *HHO* was set up as a private limited company rather than a partnership. Evaluate her decision in the context of the **proposed expansion**.

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[12]

- (b) If *HHO Ltd* needed to expand further, it could become a public limited company. State **four** advantages of being a public limited company rather than a private limited company.

Advantage 1:.....

.....

Advantage 2:.....

.....

Advantage 3:.....

.....

Advantage 4:.....

[4]

[Total: 16]

- 5 (a) Identify **three** ways in which the government – as a stakeholder – can try to ensure the success of businesses such as *HHO Ltd* which specialise in alternative fuels.

Way 1:.....

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Way 2:.....

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Way 3:.....

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[3]

- (b) Analyse the possible conflict that might arise between *HHO Ltd* and the **local community** as a result of the **proposed expansion**.

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[9]

[Total: 12]

6 (a) Complete the following SWOT analysis for *HHO Ltd* by stating **one**:

- strength
- weakness
- opportunity
- threat

Strength	Weakness
Opportunity	Threat

[4]

(b) Explain why child labour is an ethical rather than a legal issue for businesses such as *HHO Ltd*.

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[2]

[Total: 6]

- 7 (a) For **each** of the following items of expenditure, identify and explain a **different external source of finance**.

Expenditure	External source of finance	Explanation
Photocopier
New premises
Stationery

[9]

- (b) (i) Identify **two internal** sources of finance.

Internal source of finance 1:.....

Internal source of finance 2:..... [2]

- (ii) State **two** benefits of using internal sources of finance.

Benefit 1:.....

.....

Benefit 2:.....

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[Total: 13]

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