Surname				r Names			
Centre Number			Candida	ate Number			
Candidate Signature		·					

For Examiner's Use

General Certificate of Education January 2007 Advanced Subsidiary Examination

ASSESSMENT and QUALIFICATIONS

ALLIANCE

ACC4

ACCOUNTING
Unit 4 Introduction to Accounting for
Management and Decision-making

Thursday 11 January 2007 9.00 am to 10.00 am

You will need no other materials.
You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- All workings must be shown and clearly labelled; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Make and state any necessary assumptions.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 80. Four of these marks will be awarded for using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.

For Examiner's Use							
Question	Mark	Question	Mark				
1	3						
2							
Total (Column 1)							
Total (Column 2)							
Quality of Written Communication							
TOTAL							
Examiner's Initials							

G/J151680/Jan07/ACC4 6/6/6 ACC4

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Total for this question: 21 marks

1 Zaloum Ltd manufactures baseball caps which sell for £9 each.

The material used to make the caps costs £16 per metre. Each cap uses 0.125 metres.

The craftsmen working at the factory are paid £8 per hour. Each cap takes 15 minutes to make.

The monthly fixed costs are £60 000.

REQUIRED

(a)	Calculate the contribution per cap. State the formula used.
	Formula
	Calculation
	(4 marks)
(b)	Explain why the calculation of contribution per cap is useful to the management of Zaloum Ltd.
	(3 marks)

(c)	Calculate the number of caps that Zaloum Ltd needs to manufacture to make a profit £2000 per month.						
	(1						
	(4 marks)						
The has b	price of raw materials has increased by 40%. At the same time, a wage increase of 5% been agreed and fixed costs have increased by £3100.						
REC	QUIRED						
(d)	Calculate the new variable cost per cap.						
	(5 marks)						
(e)	Calculate the new selling price needed to maintain a profit of £2000 per month after the increase in costs. Use the level of production you have calculated in part (c).						
	(4 marks)						

4

Total for this question: 9 marks

)	REQUIRED						
	Explain three benefits to the owner of a new business of using a cash budget.						
	Benefit 1						
		(3 marks)					
	Benefit 2						
		(3 marks)					
	Benefit 3						
		(3 marks)					

9

Total for this question: 46 marks

3 Marat has been in business for several years manufacturing motor parts. Each year, a small profit is made but there never seems to be enough cash to reinvest in the business. At the year end, the business had a large bank overdraft.

EÇ	QUIRED	
a)	Explain the difference between cash and profits.	
		(4 marks)
)	Describe three possible reasons why Marat has a bank overdraft even thoughusiness is making a profit.	sh his
	Reason 1	
		(3 marks)
	Reason 2	
		(3 marks)
	Reason 3	
		(3 marks)

Question 3 continues on the next page

At the beginning of March, Marat decides that he will introduce a system of budgetary control.

The following information is available for March to July.

- Sales in March and April are expected to be 200 parts per month. This is expected to increase from 1 May to 260 parts per month.
- Each part is expected to sell for £24 in March, April and May, but this selling price is expected to increase from 1 June to £26.
- On 1 March, Marat will have 20 parts in stock.
- In March and April, closing stock will be maintained at 10% of the following month's sales. At the end of May, this will increase to 15% of the following month's sales.

REQUIRED

(c) Prepare a sales budget for **each** of the months March to July.

	SALES BUDGET				
	March	April	May	June	July
Parts (units)					
Revenue £					

(5 marks)

(d) Prepare a production budget for **each** of the months March to July. Assume that there are no further increases in sales.

PRODUCTION BUDGET IN PARTS (UNITS)				
March	April	May	June	July

(16 marks)

(e)	Identify three budgets, other than cash, production and sales budgets, which Marat would find useful.						
	Budget 1	(1 mark)					
	Budget 2	(1 mark)					
	Budget 3	(1 mark)					
expe to in	at's business is located in an area of high unemployment. He believes that his enses are too high and he cannot afford to offer his staff a pay rise. Instead he acrease the working day by an extra hour and to reduce breaks to the legal mire rates will be reduced to the same rate as for normal working hours.	proposes					
REC	QUIRED						
(f)	Explain how the following actions will affect the workforce.						
	No pay rise						
		(3 marks)					
	An increase in the working day						
		(3 marks)					
	A reduction in overtime rates						
		(3 marks)					

There are no questions printed on this page