## ADVANCED ACCOUNTING \& FINANCIAL REPORTING

Q. 1 T Limited, a public listed company, entered into an expansion programme on July 1, 2004. On that date, the company purchased $80 \%$ of the share capital of Alpha Ltd and $40 \%$ of the share capital of Beta Ltd. For Alpha, T Ltd paid total consideration of Rs. 25 million. This was settled by signing a loan agreement of Rs. 20 million carrying interest at 7\% payable semi-annually and the balance by issuing 200,000 ordinary shares of T Limited. Shares of Beta Ltd., were acquired by a 1 for 1 share exchange. The market value of T Limited's share at the date of acquisition was Rs 25 . The year end of all the companies is June 30 .

Extracts from their balance sheets at June 30, 2005 are as under:

|  | T Ltd <br> Rs 000 | Alpha Ltd <br> Rs 000 | Beta Ltd <br> Rs 000 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fixed Assets: | 5,000 | 4,000 | 3,500 |
| Land | 8,000 | 6,000 | 5,500 |
| Building | 22,400 | 14,000 | 12,000 |
| Plant |  |  |  |
| Current Assets: | 10,000 | 9,000 | 16,200 |
| Stocks | 9,200 | 7,000 | 2,800 |
| Trade debts | Nil | 3,000 | 4,300 |
| Cash |  |  |  |
| Share Capital and Reserves: | 10,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each | 20,000 | 15,000 | 4,500 |
| Unappropriated profits |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities: | 12,000 | 5,300 | 13,600 |
| Creditors | 3,000 | Nil | Nil |
| Running finance | 9,600 | 2,700 | 1,200 |
| Taxation |  |  |  |

The following further information is available:

- T Ltd. has not recorded the acquisition of the above investments nor the issue of new shares at the time of preparing the above balance sheet. However interest on loan of Rs. 20 million has already been account for.
- The book values of the assets of Alpha Ltd. and Beta Ltd., at the date of acquisition, were considered to be a reasonable approximation of their fair values with the exception of fixed assets of Alpha Ltd. These were considered to have the following fair values.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Land } & \text { Rs. } 5.0 \text { million } \\
\text { Plant } & \text { Rs. } 16.0 \text { million }
\end{array}
$$

The plant had a remaining life of 4 years at the time of acquisition.

- The profits of Alpha Ltd. and Beta Ltd., for the year ended June 30, 2005 reported in their financial statements, were Rs. 8 million and Rs. 2 millio respectively. No dividends have been paid by any of the companies during the year.


## Required:

Prepare the Consolidated Balance Sheet of T Ltd. as at June 30, 2005.
Q. 2 One of your clients has contacted you to prepare cash flow statement as per the requirements of IAS-7 and has provided you the following information:

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Rupees in $\mathbf{0 0 0}$ |  |  |
| Cash and bank | 21,750 | 17,000 |
| Trade \& other receivables | 17,000 | 13,400 |
| Stocks | 14,000 | 12,000 |
| Investments | - | 4,000 |
| Building | 28,000 | 35,000 |
| Equipments | 40,000 | 20,000 |
| Preliminary expenses | 5,000 | 6,250 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 3,000 | 4,500 |
| Accumulated depreciation - Equipments | 3,500 | 6,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation - Building | 8,500 | 12,000 |
| Creditors | 12,000 | 10,000 |
| Dividend payable | - | 6,000 |
| Current maturity of long term loans | 3,000 | 4,000 |
| Long term loans | 33,000 | 29,000 |
| Issued, subscribed \& paid up capital | 40,000 | 28,000 |
| Unappropriated profits | 22,750 | 8,150 |

Additional data relating to the accounts for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

- Equipment that had cost Rs. 11 million and was 40\% depreciated at the time of disposal was sold for Rs. 2.5 million
- Investments were sold at Rs. 2.5 million above their cost. The company has made similar sales and investments in normal course of business.
- Rs. 12 million of the long term loan was settled by issuing $1,200,000$ ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.
- Cash dividend of Rs. 6.0 million was paid on September 1, 2004.
- A long term loan of Rs. 16 million was obtained to finance the purchase of equipment.
- On July 1, 2004, a portion of the building was completely destroyed by fire. Insurance claim of Rs. 15 million was received from the insurance company. The additions to the building during the year amounted to Rs. 10.5 million and depreciation provided during the year was Rs. 2.0 million.
- Interest and income taxes paid during the year were Rs. 2 million and Rs. 5 million respectively.


## Required:

Prepare cash flow statement for the year ended June 30, 2005 showing necessary disclosures.
Q. 3 DJ Products deals in large office machines. It also offers such machines on One such machine was leased to a customer on July 1, 2004. Its particulars are follows:

| Purchase cost of DJ Products | Rs.150,000 <br> 8 years |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Useful life |  | 6 years |
| Lease period | Rs. |  |
| Unguaranteed residual value | 000 |  |
| Annual rental payable at beginning of each year | Rs. | 36,500 |

The customer's incremental borrowing rate is $10 \%$ whereas the discounting rate implicit in the lease is $8 \%$.

The present values of a single payment of Re. 1 and the present values of annuities of Re. 1 received at the end of the year, are as follows:

|  | Present value of Re.1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Single payment | Annuities |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ |
| 1 | 0.926 | 0.910 | 0.926 | 0.910 |
| 2 | 0.857 | 0.826 | 1.783 | 1.736 |
| 3 | 0.794 | 0.751 | 2.577 | 2.487 |
| 4 | 0.735 | 0.683 | 3.312 | 3.170 |
| 5 | 0.681 | 0.621 | 3.993 | 3.791 |
| 6 | 0.630 | 0.564 | 4.623 | 4.355 |
| 7 | 0.583 | 0.513 | 5.206 | 4.868 |
| 8 | 0.540 | 0.467 | 5.747 | 5.335 |

## Required:

(a) Compute the following for DJ Products as at July 1, 2004:
(i) Gross investment in the lease;
(ii) Unearned finance income.
(b) Extracts of profit and loss account and balance sheet including notes thereon, as at June 30, 2005 including all necessary disclosures as required under IAS-17.
Q. 4 3S Service Limited has an asset that is being reviewed for possible impairment in value. The cost of the asset is Rs. 26 million with a salvage value of Rs. 2 million and a remaining useful life of 4 years. The asset was being depreciated applying straight line method and estimated useful life of 6 years. This asset is a cash generating asset with the following expected cash flows:

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { Year } & \text { Rs. } \\
2005-06 & 6.0 \text { million } \\
2006-07 & 5.0 \text { million } \\
2007-08 & 4.0 \text { million } \\
2008-09 & 3.0 \text { million }
\end{array}
$$

The company uses a discount rate of $10 \%$ and presently, the asset has a market value of Rs. 15 million. It is expected that the cost of disposal will be Rs. 0.8 million.

Calculate impairment loss as at June 30, 2005 under each of the following assumptions:
(a) The company will continue to use this asset in the future.
(b) The company intends to dispose of the asset in the coming year.
Q. 5 Following is the trial balance of Executive Bank Limited as at June 30, 2005:

## Trial Balance

| Cash in hand - local currency- foreign currency | Rs. in '000' |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 167,800 |  |
|  | 257,000 |  |
| Current account \# 23512 with SBP | 480,000 |  |
| Current accounts in \$, £ and € with SBP | 360,000 |  |
| Deposit account in \$ with Central Bank of Oman | 35,000 |  |
| Current account with United Bank Limited, Karachi | 73,000 |  |
| Current account with National Bank of Pakistan | 100,000 |  |
| Deposit account with Citibank New York | 837,000 |  |
| Investment in COIs of NBFIs | 200,000 |  |
| Lending to NBFIs under Reverse Repo | 935,000 |  |
| Treasury bills | 500,000 |  |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 200,000 |  |
| Ordinary shares of listed companies | 7,000 |  |
| Term finance certificates | 75,000 |  |
| Advances | 3,500,000 |  |
| Miscellaneous current assets | 150,000 |  |
| Fixed assets | 1,245,000 |  |
| Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets |  | 120,000 |
| Deferred tax | 27,000 |  |
| Bills payable |  | 300,000 |
| Borrowing from SBP under export re-finance |  | 175,000 |
| Overdrawn nostro accounts - unsecured |  | 71,000 |
| Borrowing under repo with local banks |  | 275,000 |
| Deposits from customers - fixed |  | 1,200,000 |
| - savings |  | 2,600,000 |
| - current |  | 350,000 |
| - miscellaneous |  | 182,450 |
| Payable to a leasing company under finance lease |  | 46,000 |
| Payable to a leasing company under operating lease |  | 2,000 |
| Payable to suppliers |  | 2,000 |
| Withholding tax payable |  | 350 |
| Markup payable |  | 175,000 |
| Share capital |  | 1,200,000 |
| General reserves |  | 1,500,000 |
| Reserve for issue of bonus shares |  | 150,000 |
| Statutory reserve |  | 800,000 |
|  | 9,148,800 | 9,148,800 |

Following further information is available:

1. $30 \%$ of investment in treasury bills have been given as collateral.
2. Investment in ordinary shares is primarily used for trading on stock exchange.
3. $40 \%$ TFCs will mature in January 2006 whereas the rest will mature in January 2007. However the bank intends to dispose all of them in January 2006.

## Required:

Prepare the balance sheet of the bank as at June 30, 2005 alongwith the following notes to the extent the information is available, in accordance with the laws applicable in Pakistan:

- Cash and bank balances
- Investments (investment by segments are not required)
- Borrowings from financial institutions
Q. 6 As a credit analyst in a bank, you have been given the following summarized profit and loss statement and balance sheet of XYZ Limited:

Profit and loss account For the year ended September 30, 2005

Sales
Cost of goods sold
Selling and administrative expenses
Profit before interest and tax

| Rs. ' $\mathbf{0 0 0} \mathbf{\prime}$ |
| ---: |
| 62,400 |
| 51,090 |
| 11,310 |
| 1,560 |
| 9,750 |
| 1,755 |
| 7,995 |
| 3,198 |
| 4,797 |

## Balance Sheet

As on September 30, 2005
Rs. '000'

## Capital and liabilities

Paid up capital 1,365,000 shares of Rs. 10 each
13,650
Retained earnings
4,680
Debentures 29,250
Creditors 7,020
Bills payable 780
Other current liabilities
3,120
58,500

## Assets

Net fixed assets 31,200
Inventory $\quad 15,600$
Debtors 7,825
Marketable securities $\quad 1,925$
Cash $\quad \begin{array}{r}1,950 \\ \end{array}$
Current market price per share is Rs.22/-

Industry's averages are as follows:

- Current ratio

$$
2.3
$$

- Quick ratio
- Sales to inventory
7.0
- Average collection period

32 days

- Price per share / book value of the share
1.4
- Debt to assets ratio 38\%
- Time interest earned

7

- Profit margin 8\%
- Price to earning ratio 10
- Return on total assets $10 \%$


## Required:

(i) XYZ Limited has applied for a short term loan of Rs. 20 million. You are required to evaluate the financial position of XYZ Limited and advise whether the loan may be sanctioned.
(ii) What will be your evaluation if sales to inventory ratio and average collection period are reduced to the industry average?
Q. 7 You are required to draft revenue recognition policies as required by IAS-18 in respect of the following companies:
(a) Airline, which earns revenue through carrying passengers and cargo, receives money on tickets and airway bills some of which remain unutilized at the year end.
(b) Manufacturing concern, which earns revenue from sale of goods, return on bank deposits, scrap sales, commission from sale of subsidiary company's products and dividend income which include dividend on shares of a subsidiary company.
(c) Natural gas supply company, engaged in transmission and distribution of natural gas, sale and rental of gas meters and sale of gas condensate as a byproduct. Late payment surcharge is also levied on long outstanding bills.
(d) Leasing company which earns revenue from finance lease, operating lease and other income incidental thereto.
(THE END)

