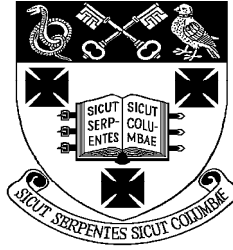


RADLEY COLLEGE
Entrance Scholarships



LATIN I

Friday 15th February 2002

Time allowed - 1 hour

Complete section A and either B or C.
A vocabulary sheet is provided with this paper.

SECTION A

Translate the following passage into English:

The story of Jason and the Golden Fleece

Iason, dux Argonautarum, vellus aureum petebat. trans mare cum suis navigavit, et tandem ad Colchidem, terram in qua vellus custodiebatur. ibi rex Pelias cum filia pulchra nomine Medea habitabat. rex, vellus perdere nolens, Iasoni imperavit ut multa opera pararentur, quae Iasonem probarent. progrediebantur igitur duo tauri ingentes, flammas e nasis spirantes, qui sub iugum a Iasone ducendi erant. 5

iam Medea amore Iasonis capta erat. haec puella erat saga callidissima. media nocte ingressa in nemus, deos oravit ut sibi auxilium daret, et herbas collegit quae Iasonem custodirent. nunc tanta erat vis herbarum carminumque ut Iason sine labore tauros superaret. quo facto, rex nuntiavit novum periculum appropinquare. iam necesse erat Iasoni tellus dentibus draconis arare. 10

(60 marks)

SECTION B

Do *either* this section *or* section C

Read the following passage carefully, and answer the questions.

The continuation of the story of Jason. Jason faces the most serious challenge.

Iamque <i>Iason</i> tellurem facile arabat. <i>ecce!</i> homines armati e terra egressi gladios in <i>Iasonem</i> vibrabant. eo tempore etiam <i>Medea</i> ipsa <i>pallescens</i> putavit <i>Iasonem</i> mox <i>moriturum esse</i> . <i>Iason</i> tamen <i>lapidem</i> ingentem collegit et eum in medios hostes impulit. talis erat huius actionis <i>eventus</i> ut homines alii alios necare <i>coepissent</i> .	5
<i>Iason</i> gaudens ad <i>ultimum</i> opus contendit. <i>Medea</i> nunc se <i>divelli</i> cognovit: pars animi sui laetissima erat quod iuvenis paene victoriam <i>adeptus erat</i> . pars tamen patrem <i>prodere</i> nolebat. nihilominus <i>Iasonem</i> adiuvare constituit, et dum ille appropinquavit <i>draconem</i> ferocem qui <i>vellus</i> custodiebat, ipsa <i>carmina</i> nova <i>cantabat</i> , quae <i>draconem</i> in somnum ducerent. <i>draco</i> cantando superatus est. <i>vellere</i> capto <i>Iason</i> cum <i>Medea</i> quam celerrime ad patriam profectus est.	10

1. What was Jason now doing, and in what manner did he do it? [2]
2. What was the result of this action? A full answer is required. [6]
3. What sign of Medea's fear was visible? How does the author use his description of Medea at this point to bring out the extreme danger of the situation? [1+3]
4. What did Jason do to counter this new threat? [4]
5. What was the result of this action? [3]
6. What two words in line 6 reveal how Jason was feeling as he moved to his next task? [2]

7. Why did Medea have mixed feelings at this point (lines 6-8?)
Give a full explanation. [5]
8. What did she decide to do? [1]
9. What was guarding the fleece, and what did Medea do to help
Jason overcome it? [2+2]
10. What is the Latin word that reveals how the guardian of the
fleece was overcome, and what does it mean? What happened
next? [1+3]
11. Quote from the text a word or phrase that is an example of:
- a. an ablative absolute
 - b. a gerund
 - c. a relative pronoun
 - d. a present active infinitive
 - e. a reflexive pronoun
 - f. an adverb
 - g. a present participle
 - h. a result clause
 - i. a purpose clause
 - j. a future active participle [5]

(40 marks)

SECTION C

Do either this section or section B

Translate the following sentences into Latin; the vocabulary of section A will help you.

1. When the golden fleece had been sought, the leader of the sailors proceeded to his own native land.
2. The king guarded his daughters so that nobody should look at them.
3. Jason said that the beautiful girls lived in a huge grove.
4. The bulls were so large that the Argonauts guarded the boys.
5. Tell the guards to hurry to the sea quickly and without the king.

(40 marks)