



B O A R D O F S T U D I E S
NEW SOUTH WALES

HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

1999

MODERN HISTORY

3 UNIT (ADDITIONAL)

*Time allowed—One hour and a half
(Plus 5 minutes reading time)*

DIRECTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Attempt TWO questions, both from the same Section.
- All questions are of equal value.
- Answer each question in a SEPARATE Writing Booklet.
- You may ask for extra Writing Booklets if you need them.

SECTION I—INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS BETWEEN THE WARS

Attempt TWO questions.

Answer each question in a SEPARATE Writing Booklet.

QUESTION 1

EITHER

- (a) The Treaty of Versailles was a disaster as a basis for internationalism, collective security and disarmament.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement? In your answer, give evidence from the period 1919 to 1933.

OR

- (b) Explain why the increased status and power of the USA and Japan after World War I was not recognised in the international treaty and security system of the interwar period.

QUESTION 2

To what extent did domestic ideologies lead to aggressive foreign policies in TWO of the following countries between 1931 and 1941: Germany, Italy, Japan?

QUESTION 3

To what extent was the credibility of the League of Nations destroyed by its failure to deal effectively with Japanese aggression in Manchuria and the Italian annexation of Abyssinia?

QUESTION 4

Why did the Western democracies abandon appeasement, even though it had worked well for them?

In your answer, compare the appeasement policies of Britain, France and the USA towards Germany and Japan.

SECTION II—AUSTRALIA SINCE WORLD WAR II

Attempt TWO questions.

Answer each question in a SEPARATE Writing Booklet.

QUESTION 5

EITHER

- (a) Why did the Chifley government fail to retain power in 1949?

OR

- (b) To what extent did Menzies' economic and social policies in the 1950s and 1960s lead to stability and security?

QUESTION 6

How did immigration affect Australian society? Use evidence EITHER from the period 1945–1972 OR from the period since 1972.

QUESTION 7

Despite some moral victories, Aborigines have failed to change their position in society.

How accurate is this view?

Use evidence from the period since 1967 to support your view.

QUESTION 8

To what extent have economic concerns determined the direction of foreign policy since 1975?

SECTION III—ASIA SINCE WORLD WAR II

Attempt TWO questions.

Question 9 is **COMPULSORY**.

You must also attempt EITHER Question 10, OR Question 11, OR Question 12.

Answer each question in a **SEPARATE** Writing Booklet.

QUESTION 9 China

EITHER

- (a) Explain the changes in Mao's social and economic policies between 1949 and 1969.

OR

- (b) What have been the results for the Chinese people of the replacement of ideological priorities with economic priorities since 1976?

QUESTION 10 Japan

How influential was the USA on Japanese recovery in the two decades after World War II?

QUESTION 11 India

Explain the domination of the Congress Party in Indian politics since 1947.

QUESTION 12 General Question

To what extent has EITHER India OR Japan balanced economic development with traditional social mores since about 1950?

SECTION IV—REVOLUTIONS

Attempt TWO questions.

Answer each question in a SEPARATE Writing Booklet.

QUESTION 13

A social or political crisis is necessary for the outbreak of revolution.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

In your answer, refer to revolutions in EITHER France and Russia OR China and Cuba.

QUESTION 14

Revolutionary leaders need mass support once they have seized power.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

In your answer, refer to revolutions in EITHER France and Russia OR China and Cuba.

QUESTION 15

EITHER

(a) To what extent do revolutionary techniques change in response to counter-revolution?

In your answer, refer to revolutions in EITHER France and Russia OR China and Cuba.

OR

(b) To what extent does foreign intervention change patterns of revolution?

In your answer, refer to revolutions in EITHER France and Russia OR China and Cuba.

QUESTION 16

Dictatorships are necessary to consolidate revolutionary changes.

Do you agree or disagree with this statement?

In your answer, refer to revolutions in EITHER France and Russia OR China and Cuba.

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